

commodore semiconductor group

MOS TECHNOLOGY, INC.

950 Rittenhouse Rd., Norristown, PA 19403 • Tel: 215/688-7950 • TLX 848-100 MOSTECHGY VAPG

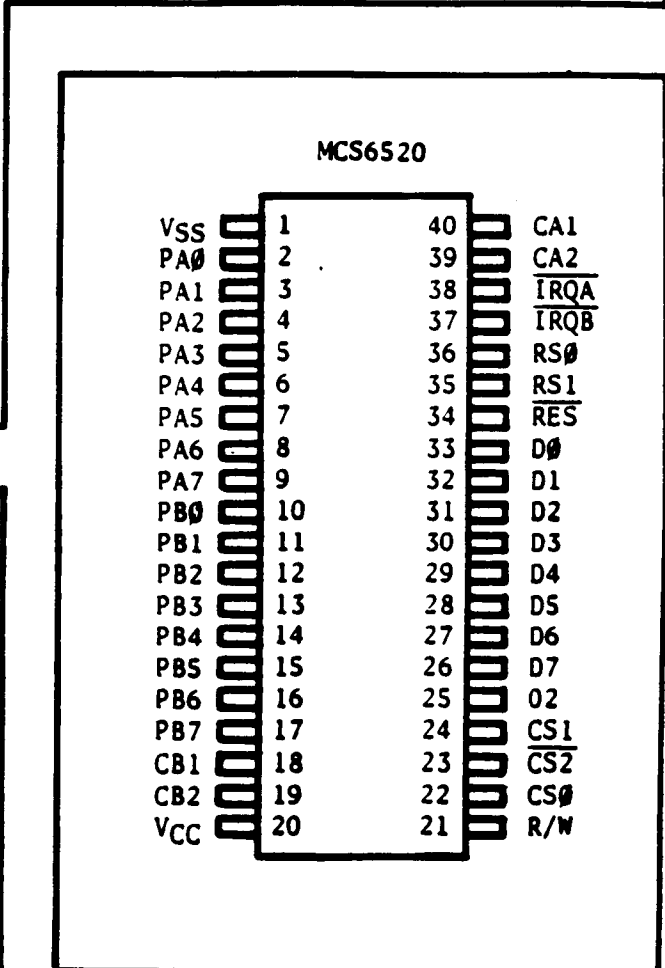
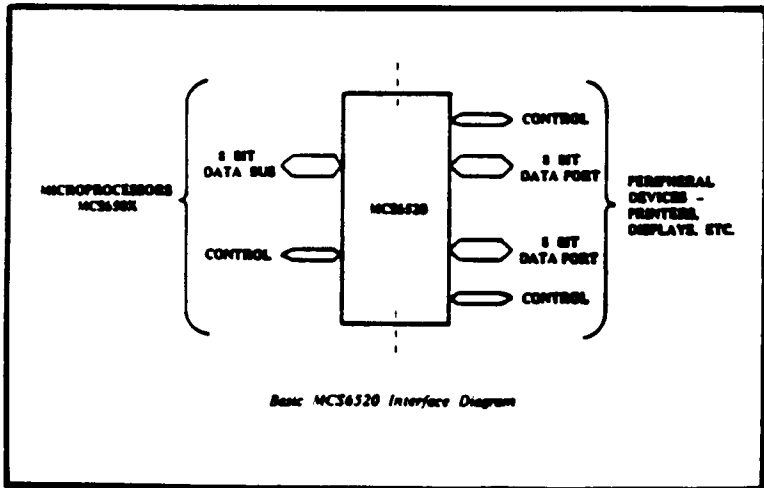
MCS6520 PERIPHERAL ADAPTER

DESCRIPTION

The MCS6520 Peripheral Adapter is designed to solve a broad range of peripheral control problems in the implementation of microcomputer systems. This device allows a very effective trade-off between software and hardware by providing significant capability and flexibility in a low cost chip. When coupled with the power and speed of the MCS6500 family of microprocessors, the MCS6520 allows implementation of very complex systems at a minimum overall cost.

Control of peripheral devices is handled primarily through two 8-bit bi-directional ports. Each of these lines can be programmed to act as either an input or an output. In addition, four peripheral control/interrupt input lines are provided. These lines can be used to interrupt the processor or for "hand-shaking" data between the processor and a peripheral device.

- High performance replacement for Motorola/AMI/MOSTEK/Hitachi peripheral adapter.
- N channel, depletion load technology, single +5V supply.
- Completely Static and TTL compatible.
- CMOS compatible peripheral control lines.
- Fully automatic "hand-shake" allows very positive control of data transfers between processor and peripheral devices.



SUMMARY OF MCS8620 OPERATION

See MOS TECHNOLOGY Microcomputer Hardware Manual for detailed description of MCS8620 operation.

CA1/CBI CONTROL

<u>CRA (CRB)</u>		<u>Active Transition of Input Signal*</u>	<u>IRQA (IRQB) Interrupt Outputs</u>
<u>Bit 1</u>	<u>Bit 0</u>		
0	0	negative	Disable--remain high
0	1	negative	Enable--goes low when bit 7 in CRA (CRB) is set by active transition of signal on CA1 (CBI)
1	0	positive	Disable--remain high
1	1	positive	Enable--as explained above

*Note: Bit 7 of CRA (CRB) will be set to a logic 1 by an active transition of the CA1 (CBI) signal. This is independent of the state of Bit 0 in CRA (CRB).

CA2/CB2 INPUT MODES

<u>CRA (CRB)</u>			<u>Active Transition of Input Signal*</u>	<u>IRQA (IRQB) Interrupt Output</u>
<u>Bit 5</u>	<u>Bit 4</u>	<u>Bit 3</u>		
0	0	0	negative	Disable--remains high
0	0	1	negative	Enable--goes low when bit 6 in CRA (CRB) is set by active transition of signal on CA2 (CB2)
0	1	0	positive	Disable--remains high
0	1	1	positive	Enable--as explained above

*Note: Bit 6 of CRA (CRB) will be set to a logic 1 by an active transition of the CA2 (CB2) signal. This is independent of the state of Bit 3 in CRA (CRB).

CA2 OUTPUT MODES

<u>CRA</u>			<u>Mode</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Bit 5</u>	<u>Bit 4</u>	<u>Bit 3</u>		
1	0	0	"Handshake" on Read	CA2 is set high on an active transition of the CA1 interrupt input signal and set low by a microprocessor "Read A Data" operation. This allows positive control of data transfers from the peripheral device to the microprocessor.
1	0	1	Pulse Output	CA2 goes low for one cycle after a "Read A Data" operation. This pulse can be used to signal the peripheral device that data was taken.
1	1	0	Manual Output	CA2 set low
1	1	1	Manual Output	CA2 set high

CB2 OUTPUT MODES

<u>CRB</u>			<u>Mode</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Bit 5</u>	<u>Bit 4</u>	<u>Bit 3</u>		
1	0	0	"Handshake" on Write	CB2 is set low on microprocessor "Write B Data" operation and is set high by an active transition of the CBI interrupt input signal. This allows positive control of data transfers from the microprocessor to the peripheral device.
1	0	1	Pulse Output	CB2 goes low for one cycle after a microprocessor "Write B Data" operation. This can be used to signal the peripheral device that data is available.
1	1	0	Manual Output	CB2 set low
1	1	1	Manual Output	CB2 set high

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3 to +7.0	Vdc	This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages, however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this circuit.
Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3 to +7.0	Vdc	
Operating Temperature Range	TA	0 to +70	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C	

STATIC D.C. CHARACTERISTICS (VCC = 5.0 V ± 5%, VSS = 0, TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input High Voltage (Normal Operating Levels)	V _{IH}	+2.0	-	VCC	Vdc
Input Low Voltage (Normal Operating Levels)	V _{IL}	-0.3	-	+0.8	Vdc
Input Threshold Voltage	V _{IT}	0.8	-	2.0	Vdc
Input Leakage Current (V _{in} = 0 to 5.0 Vdc)	I _{IN}	-	±1.0	±2.5	µAdc
Three-State (Off State) Input Current (V _{in} = 0.4 to 2.4 Vdc, VCC = max) R/W, Reset, RS0, RS1, CS0, CS1, CS2, CA1, CB1, #2	I _{TSI}	-	±2.0	±10	µAdc
Input High Current (V _{IH} = 2.4 Vdc)	I _{IH}	-	-	-	µAdc
Input Low Current (V _{IL} = 0.4 Vdc)	I _{IL}	-100	-250	-	µAdc
Output High Voltage (VCC = min, I _{Load} = -100 µAdc)	V _{OH}	-	-1.0	-1.6	mAdc
Output Low Voltage (VCC = min, I _{Load} = 1.6 mAdc)	V _{OL}	2.4	-	-	Vdc
Output High Current (Sourcing) (V _{OH} = 2.4 Vdc)	I _{OH}	-	-	+0.4	Vdc
Output Low Current (Sinking) (V _O = 1.5 Vdc, the current for driving other than TTL, e.g., Darlington Base) PB0-PB7, CB2	I _{OL}	-100	-1000	-	µAdc
Output Leakage Current (Off State) (V _{OL} = 0.4 Vdc)	I _{OL}	-1.0	-2.5	-	mAdc
Output Leakage Current (Off State) <u>TRQA, TRQB</u>	I _{off}	1.6	-	-	µAdc
Power Dissipation	P _D	-	1.0	10	µAdc
Input Capacitance (V _{in} = 0, TA = 25°C, f = 1.0 MHz)	C _{in}	-	200	500	pF
Output Capacitance (V _{in} = 0, TA = 25°C, f = 1.0 MHz)	C _{out}	-	-	10	pF

NOTE: Negative sign indicates outward current flow, positive indicates inward flow.

FIGURE 1 - READ TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

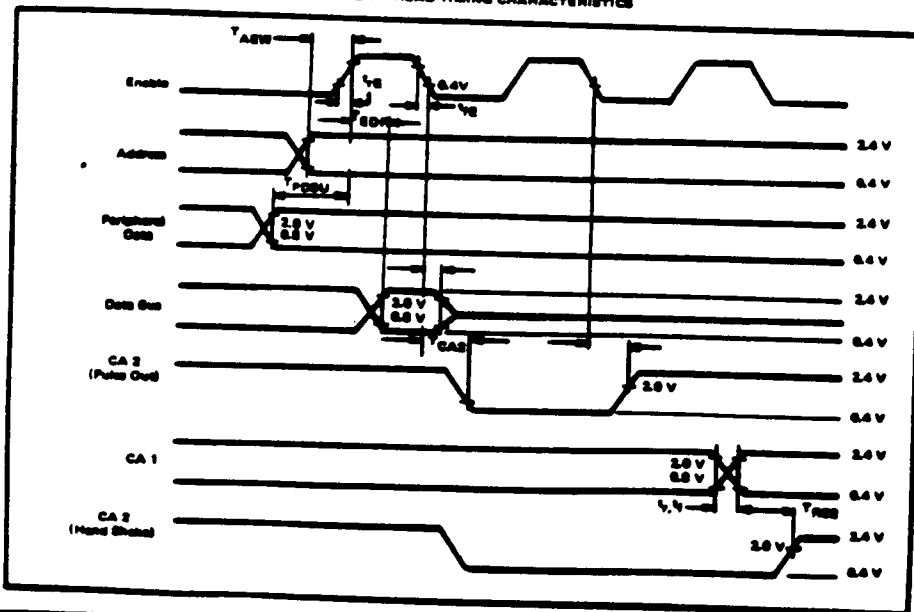
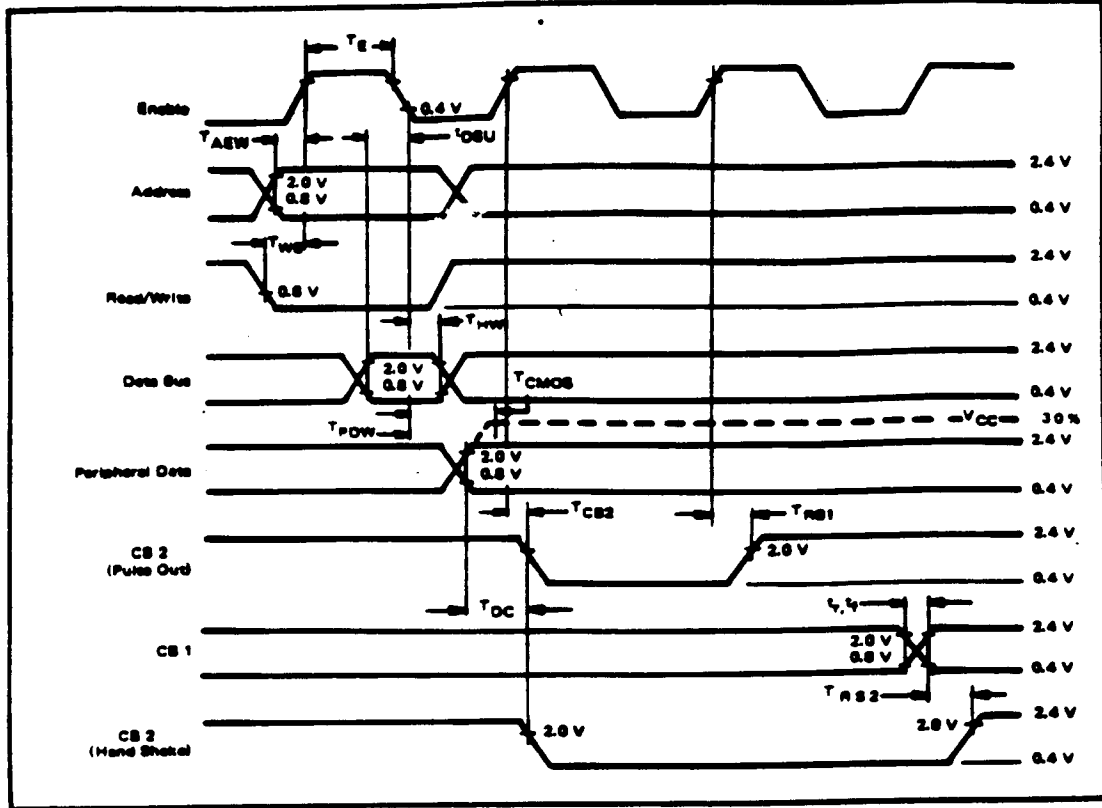


FIGURE 2 - WRITE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



A.C. CHARACTERISTICS

Read Timing Characteristics (Figure 1, Loading 130 pF and one TTL load)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Delay Time, Address valid to Enable positive transition	TAEW	180	-	-	ns
Delay Time, Enable positive transition to Data valid on bus	TEDR	-	-	395	ns
Peripheral Data Setup Time	TPDSU	300	-	-	ns
Data Bus Hold Time	THR	10	-	-	ns
Delay Time, Enable negative transition to CA2 negative transition	TCA2	-	-	1.0	us
Delay Time, Enable negative transition to CA2 positive transition	TRS1	-	-	1.0	us
Rise and Fall Time for CA1 and CA2 input signals	tr,tf	-	-	1.0	us
Delay Time from CA1 active transition to CA2 positive transition	TRS2	-	-	2.0	us
Rise and Fall Time for Enable input	trE,tfE	-	-	25	us

Write Timing Characteristics (Figure 2)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Enable Pulse Width	TE	0.470	-	25	us
Delay Time, Address valid to Enable positive transition	TAEW	180	-	-	ns
Delay Time, Data valid to Enable negative transition	TDSU	300	-	-	ns
Delay Time, Read/Write negative transition to Enable positive transition	TWE	130	-	-	ns
Data Bus Hold Time	THW	10	-	-	ns
Delay Time, Enable negative transition to Peripheral Data valid	TPDW	-	-	1.0	us
Delay Time, Enable negative transition to Peripheral Data Valid, CMOS (V _{CC} - 30%) PA0-PA7, CA2	TCMOS	-	-	2.0	us
Delay Time, Enable positive transition to CB2 negative transition	TCB2	-	-	1.0	us
Delay Time, Peripheral Data valid to CB2 negative transition	TDC	0	-	1.5	us
Delay Time, Enable positive transition to CB2 positive transition	TRS1	-	-	1.0	us
Rise and Fall Time for CB1 and CB2 input signals	tr,tf	-	-	1.0	us
Delay Time, CB1 active transition to CB2 positive transition	TRS2	-	-	2.0	us