

Reviews of
Tomado Notes, Finally!, and Zyindex

# WHOOSH! 

Our Basic Compiler
For the Tandy 1000

Best Utilities
For Your Hard Drive

How to Improve Deskmate II

Top Shareware For Business And Home


# online computing costs were real ugly..." 



## $\$ 10.00+$ per hour

Most online information networks can zap your computing budget faster than you can say "lightning." Not so with GEnie, the General Electric Network for Information Exchangé. As part of the world's largest commercially available teleprocessing network of General Electric Information Sen :ces Company, GEnie lets you experiment with all of the fun and excitement that online computing has to offer.
Evenings, weekends, holidays.
Just $\$ 5$ per hour.
With GEnie, you can make friends, set up travel reservations, get the news, be entertained, even shop for a fraction of what other information services charge.
And you get a lot for your money.
With GEnie's Tandy $\dagger$ RoundTable ${ }^{\text {Ts }}$ Special Interest Group you can discuss the latest in Tandy products and accessories; download hundreds of public domain software programs, and participate in exciting and informative online conferences. And, UPLOADS ARE FREE on GEnie!

## There's more!

Meet friends old and new with GEnie's LiveWire ${ }^{T M}$ CB Simulator or exchange messages with GEnie's electronic mail service. Schedule a trip with American Airlines travel service. Fun and learning for the whole family with Grolier's electronic encyclopedia. Play classic and multiplayer games. Track stock market
quotes, check market indicators and maintain an automatically updated personal portfolio online with GEnie's Financial Services. All this and there's more to come. New services are being added each and every month!

## $\$ 5$ per hour

Only $\$ 18$ to register! Save up to $\mathbf{6 0 \%}$ !
Check out the chart. Compare the savings for yourself. You'll find GEnie delivers all of your favorite services for an incomparable price, at incomparable savings.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Compare } \\ \text { Save* } \end{gathered}$ | Services |  |  |  |  |  | Pricing |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Travel \& Shopping | SIGs/User Groups | $\begin{aligned} & C B \& \\ & \text { Mail } \end{aligned}$ | Financial Services | News | Games | $\begin{gathered} \text { Registration } \\ \text { Fee } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Montbly } \\ \text { Minimum } \end{gathered}$ | Non-prime time rates |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 300 baud | 1200 baud |
| The Source | X | X | X | X | X | X | \$49.95 | \$10.00 | \$8.40 | \$10.80 |
| CompuServe | X | X | X | X | X | X | \$39.95 | none | \$6.00 | \$12.50 |
| GEnie $\dagger$ | X | X | X | X | X | X | \$18.00 | none | \$5.00 | $\$ 5.00$ |

'Basic rates and services sboun in effect 2/87, tNon-prime time applies Mon.-Fri, 6 pm -Sam tocal time, all day Sat, Sun,, and nat'l bolidayx. Subject to
service availability: Additional charges apply for 24oo baud and financial services.
With services and savings like these, now you can discover the friendliness of online computing without the high costs that can turn you into a downright monster. Get a happy ending going with GEnie. Sign up today!

## Sign up from your keyboard today.

4 Easy Steps:

1. Have your Visa, MasterCard or checking account number ready.
2. Set your modem for local echo (half duplex)- 300 or 1200 baud.
3. Dial 1-800-638-8369. When connected, enter HHH
4. At the U\# = prompt enter XJM11829,GEnie then RETURN. Need help or more information? No modem yet? We can help. In U.S. or Canada call 1-800-638-9636.

## GEnie"

Stay online longer, for less.
$\overline{\text { General Electric Information Services Company, USA }}$
GEnie rates and services subject to change. Uploads are free during nonprime hours at 300 or 1200 baud. Some services offered on GEnie may include additional charges. FRANKENSTEIN ${ }^{\text {MO O}}$ © 1931 , renewed 1959 Universal Pictures Company, Inc. All rights reserved. Licensed by Merchandising Corporation of America, Inc.


First Publisher can actually run graphics across any number of columns.


And you get the complete flexibility needed to create professionallooking forms.


Now you can run text around graphics placed anywhere in the text.


Runs on IBM PC and compatibles.

## First Publisher gives you a variety of output others can't match.

~~~~

If you want to produce impressive documents, First Publisher is the best place to start. Because no other program lets you do so much, so easily -for so little money. With First Publisher, you can create everything you see here. The competition can't even
come close. But, even though First Publisher gives you more options, it's refreshingly easy to use. Our manual includes design tips and templates so you can create professional-looking output from the very start. Everything appears on-screen exactly as
you'll see it at print time (WYSIWYG). And you can enter text directly or import it in ASCll from any word processor. So start with the desktop publisher that puts you ahead. Because with First Publisher, there's just no competition.


Choose from a wide range of business-related graphics, import graphics from popular "paint" programs or draw your own.


First Publisher lets you put different numbers of columns on different parts of the page.

Hello, 马aello, ="= HELLO, \(=\) HELIO, hello, hello, hello, helle, Hello, Hello, bello, HELLO, hello, ,umo Hello,


 hello, hello, HEIID, BELD, Hello, mem mello, hello, "tive. Hello, hello, ...

First Publisher lets you choose from 60 fonts -14 typefaces in a variety of styles and sizes.

We smoothed out the "jaggies", for high-resolution dot-matrix graphicsor use the laser option for 300 dpi text.


You can run wide columns and narrow columns on the same pagewith up to four different columns per page.

You can even run text across the entire page-anywhere on the page.


\section*{From Computer Plus to YOU...} PLUS ater PLUS \({ }_{\text {aterer }}\) PLUS


Tandy 1000 HX \(\$ 539\) Tandy 1000 TX \(\$ 889\)

Tandy \(1400 \mathrm{LT} \$ 1239\)
Tandy \(10224 \mathrm{~K} \$ 379\)
Tandy 102 24K \$379
Tandy \(20024 \mathrm{~K} \$ 649\)

Tandy \(3000 \$ 1529\) Tandy 3000 HL \(\$ 1129\) Tandy 4000 \$1959

9



\section*{BIG SAVINGS ON A FULL COMPLEMENT OF RADIO SHACK COMPUTER PRODUCTS}

\section*{COMPUTERS}

Tandy 1000 EX 1 Drive 256K Tandy 1000 SX 1 Drive 384 K Tandy 3000 HL 1 Drive 512K Tandy 30001 Drive 640 K Tandy 40001 Drive 1 Meg Ram 1959.00 Tandy 1400 LT 2 Drive \(768 \mathrm{~K} \quad 1239.00\) Model IVD 64K with Deskmate 929.00

\section*{PRINTERS}

Radio Shack DMP-106 80 CPS 169.00 Radio Shack DMP-130A 120 CPS 279.00 Radio Shack DMP-430 180 CPS 559.00 Radio Shack DWP-230 Daisy Wheel339.00 Tandy LP-1000 Laser Printer 1699.00 Star Micronics NP-10 100 CPS Star Micronics NX-10 120 CPS Star Micronics NX-15 120 CPS Panasonic P-1080i 120 CPS Panasonic P-1091i 160 CPS Panasonic P-1092i 240 CPS Okidata 292240 CPS Okidata \(192+200\) CPS Okidata 182120 CPS

\section*{TANDY 1000 ACCESSORIES}

Tandy 1000 Disk Drive Kit
Tandy 1000EX \(51 / 4\) "Ext. Drive
159.00

Tandy 100020 Meg . Hard Card Osicard 20 Meg . Hard Card 459.00 128K Memory Plus Expansion Adp. 110.00 PBJ Multi-Function Board ( 512 K ) 199.00 PBJ X-Ram EMS Board (256K) 229.00 PBJ Mini I/O (RS-232, Clock, Par.) 99.00 128K Ram Upgrade Kit 78.00 256K Ram Upgrade (for 1000SX) 69.00 Logitech RS-232 Serial Mouse 99.00 Plus 1200 Baud Modem Board 165.00 Plus 300 Baud Modem Board \(\quad 85.00\) CPI 1200 Baud Modem Board 119.00

\section*{TANDY MONITORS}

Tandy VM-4 Green Monitor
99.00

Tandy CM-11 RGB Color Monitor 349.00
Tandy CM-5 RGB Color Monitor 249.00
Tandy VM-5 TTL Green Monitor 155.00 Tandy EGM-1 Enhanced Monitor 559.00 Tandy Enhanced Graphics Adapt. 259.00 Tandy Dual Display Adapt.
* COMPUTER PLUS SPECIALS** The PBJ MFB-1000 Multi-Function Board with 512 K Ram, DMA, RS-232 Serial Port, Clock Calendar with Battery Backup, and Ram Disk Software............. 199.00 The PBJ XRAM Expanded Memory Board with 256 K Ram, Upgradable to 2 Megabytes of Additional Memory, EMS Compatible, with Ram Disk Software ...................................... 229.00 Tandy 100020 Megabyte Internal Hard Drive Kit with Controller, Cables and Mounting Hardware. \(\qquad\) . 399.00

\section*{**SOFTWARE BONUS**}

Order the PBJ MFB-1000 with 512 K or the PBJ XRAM Board and receive the Leading Edge Word Processor with the Spell Checker a \(\$ 199.00\) Value for only \$30.00!!

Prices are subject to change without notice. Please call for shipping charges. Prices in our retail store may be higher. Send for complete catalog.
- bEST POSSIBLE WARRANTY
- KNOWLEDGEABLE SALES STAFF
- timely delivery
- SHOPPING CONVENIENCE


IN MASSACHUSETTS CALL (617) 486-3193
TRS 50 is a registered trademark of Tandy Corp.

THE GRAFYX SOLUTION by Micro Labs Run the best Hi-Res board on yow Mod III or 4/4P. Far superior to Radio Shaekstboard, this gem will open up a new world of glaphics applications. Graphics basic is inclucted alohg with 39 other Hi-Res demos \& applications and a detailed user manuat All major operating systems are supported and the Hi -Re sereen can be printed on 20 poppular printers. Installation is simple with a clip-oh ingernal board. Hi-Res,
tese \& wow-Res erphios can all be displayed sitese \& Dow-Res hersoan is the finest Hi-Res medification op the market and additional Hi Res softwas is available. Call for further details. Speetry Mod III, Mod 4, 4P or 4D when ordering, originally priced at \(\$ 299.95\).

WAS \(\$ 199.95\) NOW \(\$ 144.95\)

\section*{HI-RES SOFTWARE}


Lazy Font I/III 4+3 Specify .......... 44.95
Lazy Writer I/HII/4 Specify ........... 119.95
LeScript I/III/4 119.95

LeScript MSDOS \(1000 / 1200\), etc. ..... 169.95 M-Script I/III/4 . 69.95
PowerDrivers for Superscripsit and Epsons, C.Itoh Prowriter, Starwiter and Okidata 92 for I/III/4 Specify Printer . ................ 24.95
PowerScript for Scripsit ............... 29.95

\section*{OPERATING SYSTEMS}

Dosplus 3.5 I/III Specify ............ 129.95

Multidos Version 2 Mod 1/III Specify. . . 79.99
UTILITIES


TRSDOS TO MSDOS Conversion Utilities

\section*{TRSCROSS (incl BASIC util). \\ .89 .95}

ConvBasic/CMD TRS to PC III or 4 .... 29.95 These are a must for converting TRSDOS type files to the PC/XT/AT and Compatibles. TRSCROSS does the conversion on the IBM and Compatibles.

\section*{SCHOOL UTILITY \& EDUCATIONAL}

Baseball Statistics
Basketball Statistics III
Football Scouting III
MACRO Typing Tutor I/III/4. Power Reading (Speed Reading III Courseware disk for above Student Schedule Data Base III Teacher Evaluation III. Test Generator/Drill III
Test Question Data Bank III/MS
\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
FBN General Ledger Mod III . . . . . . . . . 150.00 Inventory Control ICS Pro Mod I/III . . . . . 69.95 Loan Amortization Mod III . . . . . . . . . . . 29.95 Lynn's Accounts Receivable Mod III ..... 29.95 Lynn's Easy Mail Mod III . . . . . . . . . . . . . 29.95 \\
Lynn's Payroll System III or 4 . . . . . . . . . 49.95 \\
Powermail Plus I/III/4 Specify ......... 69.95 \\
Powermail Plus w/Text Merge . . . . . . . . . 89.95 \\
SPS Statistical Analysis (Call) . ........ 150.00 \\
The Basic Checkbook I/1II .............. . . 39.95 \\
The Home Accountant ................... 69.95 \\
MOD 4 \\
BY JACK \\
A complete re-write of the Mod 4 manual in English! ............... Only \$14.95 \\
MSDOS SOFTWARE
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

A complete re-write of the Mod 4
manual in English!
Only \(\mathbf{\$ 1 4 . 9 5}\)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { MSDOS } \\
\text { SOFTWARE }
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline Alge Blaster . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 95 \\
\hline BPI General Accounting & 249.95 \\
\hline Certificate Maker & 49.95 \\
\hline Click Art Personal Publisher & 149.95 \\
\hline Computer S.A.T. (H.B.J.) & 79.95 \\
\hline Copy II PC & 29.95 \\
\hline Cornerstone (Infocom) & 94.95 \\
\hline DAC Easy Accounting & 54.95 \\
\hline Dollars \& Sense 2.0 & 139.95 \\
\hline DosTamer & 95 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Draw (Windows version by} \\
\hline Micrografx) & 95 \\
\hline Electric Pencil PC & 49.95 \\
\hline Evelyn Wood's Dynamic Reader & 64.95 \\
\hline F-15 Strike Eagle & 29.95 \\
\hline Fast Back 5.1. & 149.95 \\
\hline Flight Simulator & 39.95 \\
\hline GATO & 34.95 \\
\hline Infocom 4-in-one Sampler & 7.95 \\
\hline & 44.95 \\
\hline Loderunner & 29.95 \\
\hline LeScript & 179.95 \\
\hline Managing the Market & 129.95 \\
\hline Managing Your Money & 149.95 \\
\hline Math Blaster & 39.95 \\
\hline Microsoft C Compiler & 349.95 \\
\hline Microsoft Learning DOS & 39.95 \\
\hline Microsoft Macro Assembler & 129.95 \\
\hline Microsoft Quick Basic Comp & 79.95 \\
\hline Microsoft Windows & 79.95 \\
\hline Microsoft Word & 299.95 \\
\hline Mind Prober & 39.95 \\
\hline Multiplan. & 149.95 \\
\hline NewsRoom Pro (New) & 99.95 \\
\hline Norton Commander & 56.95 \\
\hline Norton Utilities 4.0 & 79.95 \\
\hline 1 Dir & 79.95 \\
\hline PC Tools (Great Utilities) & 49.95 \\
\hline PFS 1st choice (Includes File, Write, Plan and Access) & \\
\hline PFS Graph & 99.95 \\
\hline PFS Professional File (Includes Report) .. & \\
\hline PFS Professional Writ & 159.95 \\
\hline Printworks. & 59.95 \\
\hline Prodesign II & 249.95 \\
\hline RBase 5000 (System V) & 389.95 \\
\hline Reflex. & 129.95 \\
\hline Sargon III & 34.95 \\
\hline SideKick (non-protected) & 69.95 \\
\hline Sideway & 54.95 \\
\hline SuperCalc & 299.95 \\
\hline Superkey & 59.95 \\
\hline The Home Accountan & 79.95 \\
\hline The Print Shop & 49.95 \\
\hline The Print Shop Graphics L & 29.95 \\
\hline The Twin (1-2-3 Clone) & 79.95 \\
\hline Traveling SideKick & 69.95 \\
\hline Typing Tutor III (Simon \& Schust & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Websters New World Spelling} \\
\hline Checker & 54.95 \\
\hline Websters New World Thesauru & 59.95 \\
\hline Word Perfect 4.2. & 299.95 \\
\hline Volkswriter Delu & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BOOKS WALL CHARTS \& MISC.}

ABPC a Kids Guide to the IBM PC . .... 7.95 Annotated Basic Vol 1 or \(2 \ldots \ldots . . . . . .3 .00\)
Comp. Communications Tech ......... 10.95
Diskettes DSDD 10 in Plastic Bx ......... 9.95
Electronically Speaking ................... 9.95
Green Screens I/II/III/4/4P ........... 16.95
IBM PC for Kids 8 to \(80 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .10 .95\)
Inside your Computer ................... 8.95
Maintain \& Service your Computer ..... 11.95 Practice Problems in Numbers/Logic .... 7.95 Rom Routines Documented I/III/4 . . . . . 19.95 Sentinel Color Disks in Plastic Bx ...... 14.95 SuperUtility Tech Manual .............. 13.95
The Compaq Users Handbook. ......... 10.95
The World Connection 6.95 TRS 80 For Kids 8 to 80 Vol I . 7.95 TRS-80 For Kids 8 to 80 Vol I ............ 7.95
TRS-80 For Kids 8 to 80 Vol II.......... 7.95 69.95 TRS-80 For Kids 8 to 80 Vol II............ 7.95 Wall Charts, specify Profile, Visicalc, SuperScripsit, Mod III or Mod 4 BASIC ..... 4.00

\section*{APPLICATIONS}

ENBASE (Data Base) 1/III . . ........... 79.95
Infoscan I/III ............................ 39.95
Modem 80 Mod I/III................... 39.95
Modem 80 Mod 4........................ 79.95
MTerm I/III/4 .......................... 59.95
ST-80 III Terminal/Host 1/III ........... 69.95
SuperDirectory I/III specify . ........... 39.95
Ultraterm I/III
44.95

Ultraterm 2.0 w/auto log-on ............ 59.95
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline GAMES GRAPHICS \& & \\
\hline Datagraph 1/III/4 & 74.95 \\
\hline Datagraph w/Pie Chart Option & 109.95 \\
\hline Gamepak-3 (Funnyface, Match, etc.) & . 19.95 \\
\hline Leo's Greatest Hits, 6 great games & . 19.95 \\
\hline Mask Maker Model 4. & 39.95 \\
\hline Meltdown (Nuclear Powerplant) I/IL & . 19.95 \\
\hline Powerdraw I/III. & 24.95 \\
\hline Powerdot II Mod I/III Spec. Printer & 39.95 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
priate disk number. Your master index can be sent to the printer or brought to the screen. We even include an editor so you can add one line of comments to each file in the library. While SUPERDIRECTORY runs on the Model I or III (4/4P/ 4 D in the MOD III mode), it will read and index Model 4 diskettes while in the Model III mode. When ordering, Model I or Model III must be specified. Also, please inform us if you are going to run it on the Model 4P as an additional file is needed. Retail 49.95 SAVE \(20 \%\) NOW 39.95

\section*{SPECIALS ON POWERSOFT PRODUCTS SUPERUTILITY COMBO}

Buy SuperUtility Plus 3.2 for I/III or SuperUtility Plus 4/4P/4D at \(\$ 69.95\) and receive the book using SuperUtility absolutely FREE
A \(\$ 100.00\) value for only \$69.95

\section*{ELECTRONIC BULLETIN BOARDS}

You too can be a sysop. Run your own BBS and open up your computer to the outside world. . . . . Imagine a real time electronic message center in your own home.

COMPLETE SYSTEMS
INFOEX-80 I or III (will run on hard disk)
FAST-80 for the Model 4/P/D . . . . . . . . . . 74.95
BBS-PC IBM or Compatibles. . . . . . . . . 250.00
Call for additional details



WHERE
QUALITY PROGRAMS MEET COMPETITIVE PRICES
2701-C W. 15th. SUITE 612 • PLANO, TX 75075 • (214) 680-8268
CALL 214-680-8268
OPEN MON.-FRI. 10-7 CST
Mail orders, send cash, check, or money order. Please add \(\$ 3.00\) for UPS Shipping or \(\$ 5.00\) for US Postage \& Insurance. COD's send an additional \(\$ 3.00\) COD fee. All COD's will require cash or cashier's check upon delivery. Foreign orders are welcome. All shipping charges assumed by purchaser. When ordering by mail, please specify computer and model number.
mostercord and VISA Cheerfully

\section*{SALE \\ JUST REDUCED NOW \$49.95 \\ DOSTAMER BY THE BABBAGE PATCH}

\author{
Dostamer Mod 4/4P/4D .............. 49.95
}

Dostamer for 1000, PC/MS-DOS ...... 49.95
You have heard of DOS manager type prograr in the MS-DOS world. Now the Mod 4 has one too. Rated \(4 / 2 / 2\) stars by 80 MICRO, it has 10 full user menu screens to customize your DOS. Help user menu screens to customize your DOS. Help
menus are included and now, for a first, you can comment all your directory entries. Tag/Untag all files for mass copy/kill etc. Over 200 user defined keys. We highly recommend this outstanding software package. Specify Mod 4/4P/4D or MS-DOS.

\section*{SUPER \\ DIRECTORY}

Index all of your diskettes and disk files with SUPERDIRECTORY. This unique program will read all of your disk files, generate a master library sorted by file name or extension along with the appro-

\section*{SALE \$39.95 \\ THE TRS-80 GRAB BAG}

If you own a TRS-80 (Mod I/III), and you are a chance taker, or a gambler and LOVE surprises, our GRAB BAG may be just for you. Send us just 39.95 , along with our standard \(\$ 3.00\) shipping, and we will comb the far reaches of our warehouse. We will ship you a surprise package worth more than \(\$ 200.00\). It may be computer books, disk programs, tape programs, other goodies or assortments of all. Programs will be guaranteed to run and replaced if they don't. Some items may be old, some current. . . .that's the surprise. Refunds or exchanges are not allowed but we know that you won't be disappointed.

\section*{Send for Our New Catalog \\ TRS-80 \& MS-DOS Software}

Do you have a new MS-DOS \({ }^{T M}\) computer or PC compatible? And do you have a LOT of data from your TRS-80™ that you'd like to bring over and have access to? Like your word processing files, spreadsheet, database, etc.? Without retyping them, of course. How about BASIC programs you've written or had written that you'd like
to keep using with MS-DOS? Or DeskMate \({ }^{T M}\) or PFS \({ }^{T M}\) files?

\section*{We can help you. It's easy. TRSCROSS \({ }^{\text {T }} 2.0\) is the answer.}

TRSCROSS \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) runs in your PC or compatible, yet directly reads your double-density TRS-80 \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) diskettes, so that you may simply copy them over to MS-DOS. Converts while copying. Everything is done in ONE STEP! Easy and fast. Allows you to transfer files both directions too!

\section*{SCRIPSITT \({ }^{T M}\) and SuperSCRIPSIT \({ }^{T M}\) files are NO problem!}

Exclusive featurel Only TRSCROSS 2.0 converts SuperSCRIPSIT or SCRIPSIT files to ASCII, while copying! This is a tremendous time-saver to you, as other transfer programs will require you to go back to the TRS-80 and convert your files to ASCII first before transfer is even possible.
What a waste of time! We do it all right there in one pass on your PC.
You may now obtain TRSCROSS from your local Tandy computer dealer by requesting Cat. No. 90-3212.

\section*{FOUR STAR review in the 2/87 80-MICRO! Glowing review in the 1/87 COMPUTER SHOPPER! Highly recommended in The Lawyer's PC \({ }^{T M}\) !}

TRSCROSS now supports copying from high-capacity drives (1.2MB), even more improved BASIC conversion and LS-DOS 6.3 and LDOS 5.3 are fully supported. If you have any questions, please write or call.

We have thousands of letters/comments on-file complimenting us on the ease of use in transferring files with TRSCROSS. Save yourself time and trouble.

\section*{Only \(\$ 89.95\)}

In Stock - Same day Shipping!
TRSCROSS cannot convert machine language programs (CMD) - nor can any other conversion product.
SUPER UTILITY/PC is another of our products that you might like to have for your MSDOS computer (combo-special with TRSCROSS at only \(\$ 49.95^{*}\) ). It allows you to restore deleted files, modify files or sectors, label your diskettes, search for data, change file/ directory/volume names and attributes, and more. This powerful utility is not protected, and runs from floppy or hard disk. It's like having a set of tools for your media. Easy to use. Supports most PC's and compatibles, including the TANDY 2000. Normally SU/PC sells for \(\$ 89.95\), but if you buy it at the SAME TIME as TRSCROSS*, it's only \(\$ 49.95\) !

Other PC/MS-DOS software we endorse, use, and sell:
Microsoft Word \$325, WordPerfect \$369, MultiMate \$359, Smartcom II \$99, Lotus 1-2-3 \$369, Symphony \(\$ 519\), Framework II \$519, Multiplan \$139, R:BASE System V \$519, dBASE III \(+\$ 519\), Reflex \(\$ 99\), PFS:Prof. File \(\$ 179\), Turbo Pascal \(\$ 69\), Microsoft C \(\$ 329\), QuickBASIC \$74, MS-Windows \$74, COPY II PC \$29, Fastback \$139, SideKick (NCP) \(\$ 59\), SuperKey \(\$ 49\), Crosstalk \(\$ 139\), Managing/Money \(\$ 139\), DoubleDOS \(\$ 39\), Disk Optimizer \$39, Carousel \$39. All software latest versions! Call for software not listed.
Prices subject to change. Support is by the manufacturer only. Some programs require more than 128 KB and more than one drive. Most programs require DOS 2.0 or later, and many products do not support the TANDY 2000. Products not published by PowerSoft may not be returned and opened packages cannot be returned. Most orders shipped within 24 working hours. Texas residents must add sales tax. Orders must be prepaid. Visa/MC OK.

> Save \(25 \%\) on most items! FREE UPS ground shipping on orders over \(\$ 100\) ! (Otherwise add \(\$ 5\) ground / \(\$ 10\) air.)


17060 Dallas Parkway, Suite 114
Dallas, TX 75248 • (214) 733-4475

MANAGING EDITOR Karen E. Pope SENIOR EDITOR Paula Noonan REVIEW EDITOR Mark Reynolds COPY EDITOR David L. Andrews
TECHNICAL EDITORS Mare-Anne Jarvela Beverly Woodbury
DISK SERIES TECHNICAL EDITOR Keith Johnson
ASSOCIATE EDITORS Hardin Brothers Harry Bee
John B. Harrell III David Goben
Thomas L. Quindry

\section*{ADVERTISING SALES}

DIRECTOR OF SALES William J. Smith
EASTERN SALES MANAGER
Brenner K. Fuller 1-800-441-4403
WEST COAST OFFICE Suite \#201
3350 W. Bayshore Road Palo Alto. CA 94303 415-328-3470
SALES MANAGER
Peter KJ Montross
WESTERN SALES MANAGER Diane Fuller
ADVERTISING COORDINATOR Whitney Karr
ADVERTISING SECRETARY Georgianna Forest
BUSINESS MANAGER Bradford N. Dixon
MARKETING DIRECTOR Melinda J. Baker
STAFF ADMINISTRATOR Deborah Schmitt


ABC

Article submissions from our readers are welcomed and encouraged. Inquires should be addressed to: Submissions Editor, 80 Elm Street, Peterborough, NH 03458 . Include an SASE for a copy of "How to Write for 80 Micro."

80 Micro (ISSN-0744-7868) is published monthly by CW Com. munications/Peterborough Inc., 80 Elm St., Peterborough. NH , and additional mailing offices. Subscription rates in U.S. are \(\$ 24.97\) for one year, \(\$ 38\) for two years, and \(\$ 53\) for three years, In Canada, \(\$ 45.97\)-one year only, Canadian funds. In Mexico \$29.97-one year only, U,S. funds drawn on a U.S. bank. Nationally distributed by International Circulation Distributors. Foreign subscriptions (surface mail), \(\$ 44.97\)-one year only, U.S. funds drawn on a U.S. bank. Foreign subscriptions (air mail) please inquire. In South Africa contact 80 Micro P.O. Box 782815 , Sandton, South Africa 2146. All subscription correspondence should be addressed to 80 Micro, Subscription Department. P.O. Box 981 Farmingdale, NY 11737. Please include your address label with any correspondence. Postmaster. Send address changes to 80 Micro, Subscription Services, P.O. Box 981, Farmingdale, NY 11737.

Entire contents ©copyright 1987 by CW Communications! Peterborough Inc. No part of this publication may be reprinted, or reproduced by any means, without prior written permission from the publisher. All programs are published for personal use only. All rights reserved.

\title{
80micro
}

page 44

6. The 80 Micro Disk Series: 1000/1200/3000
9. Side Tracks by Eric Maloney
10. Feedback Loop by Mercedes Silver
17. Pulse Train by Ron White
20. Reader Forum edited by Paula Noonan
25. Fine Lines by Harry Bee
29. Reviews edited by Mark Reynolds
Tornado Notes Finally!
Checkmaster 1.02
Investor's Management System
An Introduction to MS/DOS Zyindex

\section*{56. The 80 Micro Disk Series}
75. The Home Computerist by Michael E. Nadeau
77. John's MS-DOS Column by John B. Harrell III
79. Public Works by Thomas L. Quindry
82. The Next Step by Hardin Brothers
86. How to Use 80 Micro Program Listings
99. New Products compiled by Mark Reynolds
109. Express Checkouts edited by Mark Reynolds Hicard Pascal Wizard
111. Fixes and Updates
114. Input

\section*{The \(\mathbf{8 0}\) Micro Disk Series 1000/1200/3000}

80 Micro comes to the rescue of the Tandy 1000, 1200, and 3000 owners. Now you don't have to type in the MS-DOS programs that appear in 80 Micro. They are available on a quarterly basis. We have three disks covering the first three quarters of 1987.
You will need the appropriate 1987 issues as documentation to use the programs. Listed below are the directories for the first three quarterly disks of 1987 by the issue, article title, page number, and the corresponding program filespec(s).
To order, call toll-free 1-800-258-5473. 24 hours, seven days a week, or mail your request to us with payment enclosed. The price for each disk is \(\$ 17.95\) including postage and handling.

\section*{QUARTERLY DIRECTORY}

\section*{January-March 1987}

\section*{January}

Checking References, p. 48
REFLIB.BAS
Hidden Attributes, p. 66
SECURE.ASM
SECURE.EXE
February
That Thinking Feeling, p. 42
OUTLINE.BAS
Taking Measure, p. 49
AREA.BAS
Changing of the Guard, p. 60
FILEIT.ASM
FILEIT.COM

\section*{March}

So, You Want to Buy a House?,
p. 54

HOUSE.BAS
Disk Repair 101, p. 42
DISKINFO.PAS
DISKINFO.COM
Bonus Program
September 1986
Making the Grade, p. 68
MARK.BAS

\section*{April-June 1987}

April
Payday Made Easy, p. 56
PAYROLL.BAS
May
Quick Boot, p. 46
REBOOT.BAS
Leave the Printing to Spooli,
p. 58

SPOOLI.ASM
SPOOLI.COM
Data-Statement generator, p. 80
DATAPOKE.BAS

\section*{June}

Tandy 1000 Custom Character
Generator, p. 58
CLIPART.BAS
CLIPGEN.BAS
SYMSET1.SET
SYMSET2.SET
SYMSET3.SET
NEW.SET
PICTURE1.PIC
PICTURE2.PIC
John's MS-DOS Column, p. 93
SWITCHAR.ASM
SWITCHAR.COM

\section*{July-September 1987}

\section*{July}

Tally and Track, p. 44
CHEKBOOK.BAS
Taking Stock of Your Stock, p. 50
STOCTRAC.BAS
The No-Nonsense Disk Editor, p. 63
EZEDIT.BAS
TESTGEN.BAS
Easy Labels, p. 76
LABELER.BAS
John's MS-DOS Column, p. 84
CWD.ASM
CWD.COM
Fixes and Updates, p. 87
CHECKER.BAS
August
Data to Order, p. 69
FAKEOUT.BAS
Communal Data Entry, p. 75
MDENTRY.BAS
MDRANDOM.BAS
Test Tester, p. 78
TEETEST.BAS
September
Calendars to Go, p. 73
CALMAKER.BAS

See the \(\mathbf{8 0}\) Micro Disk Series (Formerly Load 80) on page 56.

ART DIRECTOR
Anne Fleming
ASSISTANT ART DIRECTOR
Robert T. Stave
PRODUCTION MANAGER Bruce Hedin
AD/GRAPHICS PRODUCTION Maurelle Godoy

DIRECTOR OF CORPORATE PRODUCTION Dennis Christensen
MANUFACTURING MANAGER Susan Gross
TYPESETTING MANAGER Linda P. Canale

PRESIDENT
Michael S. Perlis
VICE PRESIDENT/GENERAL MANAGER Roger Murphy
BUSINESS MANAGER Renee Dynan DIRECTOR OF CREDIT SALES

AND COLLECTION
William M. Boyer
DIRECTOR OF CIRCULATION Frank S. Smith
CIRCULATION MANAGER Bonnie Welsh
DIRECT MARKETING MANAGER Paul Ruess
TELEMARKETING MANAGER Elizabeth R. Kehn
SINGLE COPY SALES MANAGER Linda Ruth
AUDITS AND STATISTICS MANAGER Cecile Giguere
SPECIAL PRODUCTS DIRECTOR Paul Finch

FOUNDER
Wayne Green
Cover illustration by Chris Reed

80 Micro is a member of IDG group, the world's largest publisher of computer-related information. The group publishes over 80 computer publications in more than 28 countries. Fourteen million people read one or more of the group's publications each month. Members of the IDG group contribute to the IOG News Service offering the latest domestic and in. ternational computer news. Members of the group include: ARGENTINA'S Computerworld/Argentina, PC Mundo; ASIA'S ARGENTINA S Computerworid/Argentina, PC Mundo; ASIAS
Computerworld Hong Kong, Computerworid SE Asia; AUS. TRALIA'S Computerworld Australlia, Communications World, Australian PC World, Australian Macworld; AUSTRIA'S Computerwelt Osterreich; BRAZIL'S DataNews, PC Mundo, Micro Mundo; CHILE'S Informatica, Computacion Personal; DEN. MARK'S Computerworld Danmark, PC World Danmark; FIN. LAND'S Tietoviikko, Mikro; FRANCE'S Le Monde Informatique, Distributique, InfoPC, Le Monde Des Tele coms; GREECE'S Micro and Computer Age; HUNGARY'S Computerworld/SZT, Mikrovilag, Tudomany, INDIA'S Dataquest; ISRAEL'S People \& Computers Weekly, People \& Computers Monthly; ITALY'S Computerworld Italia; JAPAN'S Computerworld Japan; MEXICO'S Computerworld Mexico Compumundo; THE NETHERLANDS' Computerworld Netherlands, PC World Netherlands; NEW ZEALAND'S Computer world New Zealand; NORWAY'S Computerworld Norge, PC World Norge; PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA'S China Computerworld, China Computerworld Monthly; SAUDI ARABIA'S Arabian Computer News; SOUTH KOREA'S Computerworld Korea, PC World Korea; SPAIN'S Computerworld Espana, Commodore World, PC World Espana, Comunicaciones World, Informatica Industria; SWEDEN'S ComputerSweden, Mikrodatorn, PC World; SWITZERLAND'S Computerworld Schweiz; UNITED KINGDOM'S Computer News, DEC Today, ICL Today, PC Business World, Lotus UK; UNITED STATES' AmigaWorld, Boston Computer News, CD-ROM, Computerworld, Computers in Sclence, Digital News, Federal Computer Week, 80 Micro, FOCUS Publications, inCider,
InfoWorld, MacWorld, Micro Marketworld, Network World, PC World, Portable Computer Review, Publish!, PC Resource, RUN; VENEZUELA'S Computerworld Venezuela; WEST GERMANY'S Computerwoche, PC Welt, Run, Information Management, PC Woche.

Problems with Subscriptions: Send a description of the problem and yout current and/or most recent address to: 80 Micro, Subscription Department, P.O. Box 981, Farmingdale, NY 11737
Problems with Load 80 Circulation: Address correspondence to Load 80,80 Elm St. Peterborough, NH 03458. problems with Advertisers: Send a description of the problem and your current address to: 80 Micro, Rt. 101 \& Elm Street, Peterborough, NH 03458. If urgent, call 1-800-441 4403.

Change of Address: Send old label or copy of old address and new address to: 80 Micro, P.O. Box 981 . Farmingdale, NY 11373. Please give eight weeks advance notice. Microfilm: This publication is available in microform from University Microfilms International. United States address eign address: 18 Bedford Row, Dept. P.R., London, WC1R4EJ, England. Dealers: Contact Elizabeth R. Kehn, Retail Sales Manager,
80 Micro, Elm St., Peterborough, NH 03458 . (800) 343-0728.

\title{
Choice in Word Processors!
}

\author{
80 MICRO Review, November 1985
}


Your writing is important to you, and it should be. It is an expression of who you are. And how your documents look when they are read is as important as what you have to say.

When you need a word processor that can help you achieve the professional and sophisticated look that you want in your writing, two things are most important: 1.) The ability to present your ideas on paper in a sharp, crisp, and attractive manner, and 2.) The ability to accomplish this quickly.

\section*{The \#1 \\ Solution}

LeScript has the power to handle all your most complex writing assignments with the ease and simplicity you never dreamed possible in an advanced word processing product.

\section*{The Professional Look Is Easy}

Unlike other advanced software packages, LeScript is one of the easiest you'll ever use. One reason is, LeScript displays your text on the screen the way it is going to look printed - with headers, footers, indents, columns, footnotes, page numbers, line spacing, the works. LeScript even has the incredible ability to show you right on the screen the words that are italic, boldface, underlined, subscripted. A feature that is so necessary, yet unheard of among the competition.
Also, LeScript's commands are intuitive. They work the way you think, not the way a programmer thinks. There is no faster, more efficient way to generate text files.

\section*{Learning Is Easy}

The LeScript users manual is written in plain English to help you acquire advanced word processing skills quickly. With LeScript's on-line help screens, self-paced tutorial, quick reference cards, and the many sample files you will have no trouble learning and using LeScript the very first day you have it.

\section*{Ordering Is Easy}

Call (305) 259-9397, if you are ready to make the move to the \#1 rated word processor. We will be happy to answer your technical questions and assist you in placing your order. We take VISA, MasterCard, and C.O.D. orders right over the phone, and ship most orders the same day. Personal and company check orders are shipped after check clears.

\section*{Advanced Features}

LeScript's features include Automatic Page Makeup, Automatic Multiple Columns, Automatic Form-Letter Mail-Merge, Automatic Footnotes, Automatic Outline Indenting, Automatic Key-Word Search Disk File Directories, Programmable Macro Keys, Proportional Printing, ability to change Font Styles and Sizes, Foreign Language Character support, over 250 Printers supported, Tandy 1000/2000 Keyboard support, and ability to handle files as large as 1 megabyte (with optional memory expansion).

\$2 S/H for each Expansion Board,
LeScript or Demo; or \$4 for Air Mail
Total Enclosed

Circle 81 on Reader Service card. TOTAL ACCESS ( specializing in TRS80*)

\section*{TO YOUR COMPUTER HARDWARE \& SOFTWARE NEEDS. CALL ROSE TODAY!}

\title{
ZU(:|K|E|||?
}

\section*{Tandy 1000/A Memory Expansion Board}

Expand the memory of your Tandy 1000 i 1000A from the standard 128 K to its total capacity of 640 K . Uses 256 K DRAMS. Includes the DMA controller chip. Order the optional clock/calendar and plug it right onto the board without taking an additional slot. This board has low power consumption and a five year warranty direct from the manufacturer. Half-size card and easy installation.

OK. .\$52 256K. .\$76 512K. .\$99 Clock/Cal. .\$28
1000/A Multifunction Board


\author{
ROSE ON TOP. . .HAS TOTAL ACCESS \\ TO ZUCKER'S LINE
}


\author{
DR. DR. ZUCKER
}

Expand the capabilities of your Tandy 1000/1000A with maximum RAM, a DMA controller chip, a serial port and a clock/calendar. Comes with ZSPOOL and ZDISK, high level programs indeed. The manufacturer's five year warranty is included at no extra cost. Don't suffer any longer. . Get yours today! Order toll-free.

OK. .\$99 256K. . \(\$ 123\) 512K. . \(\$ 146\)
Add \(\$ 4\) shipping and handling for boards. Add \(\$ 10\) shipping and handling for drives.
 ing around the place. Dramatically speed program loading and execution time. No preventative maintenance required. Low power consumption so expansion capabilities are not limited. An astounding two year manufacturer's warranty comes with this little beauty. One model fits the Tandy 1000/1000A and 1000SX and another for the Tandy 3000.

Mod 1000. . \(\$ 489\)
Mod 3000. . \(\$ 489\)
This unit comes completely assembled and formatted. Easy installation and it is ready to gobble up all those pesky floppy dispesky floppy dis-
kettes you have lay-
mod

\section*{cau TOLL-FREE}

\section*{1-800-527-0347}

Call your order in toll-free or write to me. I just love to get mail. If you need technical information or service just call in my support troops at 214-634-3336 between 9am and 6pm, except during their lunch which is from 11:30 to \(1: 30\). The prices listed are subject to change and are for mail orders only. I take AMERICAN EXPRESS, MASTERCARD, and VISA and I will not charge your card until I ship your goodies. I have to pay a fee when you use a credit card so add \(1.5 \%\) cause that is what I have to pay the bank. You can send a check or money order but it must be in US\$ drawn on a US bank and include your address and telephone number. If the check is good it will not delay your order at all. COD orders are welcome and require cash or a Cashier's Check on delivery. Shipping charges quoted are for the lower 48
states only. No tax collected on shipments outside of Texas. Texans add that good old state sales tax of \(7.25 \%\). Everything I sell has the manufacturer's guarantee and he is the guy that makes it good if anything goes wrong. I have spoken with each of my suppliers and they assure me that they will not let you down if you need service. My own guys are pretty sharp so call me first at \(214-634-3336\) if you have a problem of any kind. I bet we can get it resolved. However, there is one thing we can't help you with. Be sure you know what software you are buying. SOFTWARE IS SOLD ON A REPLACEMENT BASIS ONLY-NO REFUNDS. Unless otherwise noted. If the software media is defective or you accidentally format the disk and destroy all the data I can help. Just call me for instructions. Please order from me now. . I need the money and I promise not to jack you around. I do reserve the right to charge. up to a \(10 \%\) fee if you jack me around. Your satisfaction is guaranteed. I have been doing this for almost eight years and if I can't
make you happy within 30 days, I will cheerfully refund your purchase price in full, less the shipping charges. You can order from me without risk or worry. Trust me.
NEXT DAY SHIPMENT of goods in stock. STAY ON TOP WITH ROSE.

\section*{TOTAL ACCESS}
P.O. Box 224767

DALLAS, TEXAS 75222-4767 (214) 634-3336 9-6 M-F. 10-s Sal

\footnotetext{
Prices and specifications subject to change without notice. Not
} © 1987 by Tosponsible Access. Alypographical orrors. Ad \#igh reserved. Ad \#8708.

\title{
Hard Decision, New Direction
}

8O Micro has gone through more changes than I sometimes like to think about. But that's life for a magazine in a market as fluid as Tandy's. Today's hot computer becomes a nostalgia item almost before tomorrow's hits the stores.

Balancing coverage between old and new systems has become an obsession for us. We did it when the Model III replaced the Model I, when the Model 4 replaced the Model III, and when the Tandy 1000 replaced the Model 4. Along the way we picked up and discarded the Color Computer, Model 100, Model II, Model 16/6000, and Model 2000. At each transition we gained and lost some readers. That's the price we pay for trying to serve the majority of our readers and ensure the survival of the magazine.
For the most part we've adjusted to changes in system ownership fairly well. But the current split between TRSDOS and MS-DOS has turned us positively schizophrenic. While we've tried to integrate MS-DOS material into what has remained essentially a TRSDOS-based magazine, MS-DOS use has overwhelmed TRSDOS use. The proportion of 80 Micro readers owning an MS-DOS computer is approaching 60 percent. Model 4 ownership, meanwhile, has dropped to below 40 percent. (The numbers for the I and III are under 20 percent.)
Obviously, the demise of the Model 4 will only cause this trend to continue. A recent survey shows that only about 8 percent of 80 Micro 's readers have no interest in buying an MS-DOS machine.

Our surveys show emotions to be running high in both the TRSDOS and MSDOS camps. "I don't like the MS-DOS coverage crowding out the TRSDOS coverage," wrote one reader, while another commented more bluntly, "I despise MSDOS coverage. ... Others already provide enough PC garbage."

Disagreeing was a reader who commented, "Too much of the magazine is devoted to TRSDOS machines." Said another, "Your attempts to be the representative for the toy-store systems is admirable but does make the mag a mish-mash of information. 80 Micro is the only incompatible mag on the mar-

ket. . .. Make the mag strictly an MSDOS periodical."

After several years of agonizing soulsearching, we at 80 Micro have concluded that we can no longer straddle the fence. Starting with the January issue, the magazine will devote its entire coverage to the Tandy MS-DOS systems.

Our decision is based on two facts. First, as I mention above, our readers have swung and will continue to swing toward the Tandy MS-DOS systems. We must commit ourselves to providing those people with the best coverage possible.

Second, the third-party support market for TRSDOS is rapidly declining. Vendors report disappointing sales of TRSDOS products. Since a goodly portion of 80 Micro's revenues come from advertising, a decline in the fortunes of our advertisers will obviously cause a corresponding decline in the fortunes of the magazine. As much as the more idealistic of our editors (including me) would like to believe that 80 Micro exists solely to serve its readers, we also recognize the need to pay our bills. We won't find financial stability in the TRSDOS market.

80 Micro's refocus will result in the following specific changes:

Hardin Brother's The Next Step will continue in its present format but for 8088 programmers.

Harry Bee will devote his Fine Lines column to GW-Basic programming.

John's MS-DOS Column will be dis-
continued, although John Harrell will continue to write features and reviews.

All programs appearing in the magazine will be written for MS-DOS systems.

Material in Feedback Loop and Reader Forum will be for Tandy MS-DOS systems.

Several other changes unrelated to the refocus will also take place in January. Most noticeable will be a complete redesign of the magazine. A new section called Info Line will provide information on new products, user groups, newsletters, BBSes, and product updates in the Tandy market. And Public Works will be dropped, with an increased coverage of shareware products in the review and Info Line sections.
Finally, Executive Editor Michael Nadeau will be replacing me as editor in chief. I will be taking over as editor of 80 Micro's sister publication, PC Resource (more on this in my next, and final, Side Tracks).

While the systems 80 Micro covers will be different, the type of coverage we provide will go unchanged. You can still expect a mix of applications programs, assembly-language and Basic programming tutorials, reviews of Tandy and third-party products, utilities, and the like. Some of our cover features for 1988 include a beginner's guide to DOS, an introduction to Turbo Pascal, a roundup of add-on boards, and a survey of speedup techniques for the Tandy 1000. We're excited about the coming year and hope you Tandy MS-DOS owners share our enthusiasm.
A final word to you TRS-80 owners. We do not intend to abandon the TRS-80 market entirely. We recognize the need for a source of information on the Models I/III/4 and related products. We're currently considering several options for a newsletter or small magazine exclusively for users of the older TRS-80s. We don't know yet whether a publication is viable, but if it is you'll hear about it soon.

I know this is one time I won't have to ask for reader reaction; I can hear the I/ III/4 users loading their word processors already. But just in case, here's an invitation to let us know what you think. We'll devote space in a future issue to your letters.

Send your problems and solutions to Feedback Loop, 80 Micro, 80 Elm St., Peterborough, NH 03458. Where applicable, include the proper program name and version, the computer you're using (including any non-standard system configuration), the DOS version you're using, your phone number (not for publication unless you request \(i t\) ), and a self. addressed, stamped envelope.

\section*{Hard Drivin' Man}

Q: I want to buy a hard drive for my Tandy 1000A. I considered buying a Seagate ST225 or ST238, but I heard differing opinions about whether or not they work. Can a Seagate drive work in the Tandy 1000A? I was told that I need a special version of ROM installed on the controller card for the computer to recognize that the drive exists. Where can I obtain the ROM if the drive dealer does not have it? (Dennis Skrzypkowski, Plover, WI)
A: Both Seagate drives work with the Tandy 1000 but the hard-drive controller must be specifically configured for the 1000 and 1000A. The special ROM is the hard-drive controller BIOS. You can get a controller board from Hard Drive Specialist, 16208 Hickory Knoll, Houston, TX 77059, 713-480-6001. The Seagate controller board is too long for the 1000, but if you have a Western Digital Controller Card, Hard Drive Specialist will install the 1000A ROM for you, since the installation requires modifications and jumper cutting. I think you would be better off purchasing an entire hard-drive system as a unit configured for your 1000A.

\section*{No Problem}

Q: Can Lotus's 1-2-3 2.0 run on the Tandy 1000 SX? If it can, what special procedures do you use to install the Lotus drivers to make the program run on the 1000 SX? (Eugene Becker, Flint, MI) A: We run version 2.01 on the Tandy 1000 SX without any special procedures or problems.

\section*{Free but Fuzzy}

Q: I have a Tandy 1000A with a CM-4 monitor-it was offered free during a Christmas sale. I am trying to upgrade the video to something that is easier on my eyes. The local Radio Shack convinced me to purchase a CM-11, but when I tried it, it was the same as the one I have. Could you tell me if the CM-


4 and the CM-11 are the same? (Jeffrey T. Schock, Posen, IL)

A: Some early 1000A/RGB monitor combinations displayed fuzzy video images. You might need to replace a resistor pack on the motherboard. The CM11 should give you a better display than the CM-4. The CM- 4 displays 320 by 200 text and graphics, but the CM-11 displays 640 by 200 text and graphics.

\section*{Fast Eddie 87}

Q: I won a Tandy 1000, and I am interested in the viability of attaching an 8087 math coprocessor to it. My computer doesn't have a socket for the 8087 , so I must use a special adapter. I am aware of the Trionix 8087 adapter in the Radio Shack catalog and the Speed Ticket offered by PG Design Electronics. If I attach an 8087 with the adapter to a Tandy 1000, will it operate as quickly as an 8087 attached to an IBM PC operating at 4.77 megahertz? (Jeffrey Lee, Cleveland, OH )
A: It should run as fast on the Tandy 1000 as it does on the IBM PC, providing you have installed the DMA chip (which comes with the first memory upgrade).

\section*{Fishing for Chips}

Q: I have a Tandy 1000 with a memory expansion board to bring it up to 256 K . I want to fill the board to upgrade my memory to 384 K . The chips on the board have a Tandy number, and I cannot determine precisely the type of memory chips. Could you tell me which chips I can use in my system? I assume they are the 64 K type, but the advertised chips have speeds of 120,150 , or 200 nanoseconds (ns), and I can't determine which to use. (James McLean, Milford, CT)

A: The \(120-150\) - or 200 -ns chips will work. The 200 -ns chips are probably less expensive, assuming that they are fast enough for you. Otherwise it doesn't matter.

\section*{Playing the Percentages}

Q: I am interested in a simple, possibly one-line, MS-DOS batch file that, when invoked, checks the destination drive to see if any files on it match those on the source disk. If any do, only these files would be copied from source to destination. The purpose of this is to update a disk where you maintain a backup, but do not care to copy all files onto the backup-such as when you have software programming and data files on a source disk but only want to copy the data files to the backup disk. I've seen many utilities that copy updated files by date or time, but none that make evaluations according to what already exists on the destination disk. (R.T. Davis, Birmingham, AL)
A: The following command updates your backups in the manner you describe: A>FOR \%P IN (**) DO IF EXIST B:\%P COPY \% P B:
In this example, the source drive is the A drive and the destination drive is the B drive. DOS takes each file entry from the root directory of the default drive and searches for a file of that name on the \(B\) drive. If the file exists in the \(B\) drive, the file is copied from the default drive to the B drive. To include this command in a batch file, you should use double percentage signs, like this:
FOR \%\%P IN (*.*) DO IF EXIST B:\%\%P COPY \% \% P B:
You can also substitute other sets in place of the (*.*). For example, if you only want to back up DAT files, use (*.DAT) instead.

\section*{Wasn't in the Cards}

Q: I have a 128 K Tandy 1000 A . I tried to upgrade the memory using multifunction boards to bring it up to 640K. First I tried the PBJ board. When I turned on the computer, it read 640 K , but during the memory check, I got the following memory error:
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
Written & Read & Base & Offset \\
056 A & 856 A & 8000 & DF30
\end{tabular}

Since I've never had any problem with the computer, I sent the card back and got a new PBJ board. I got the same results with the second one. I switched to the Zuckerboard multifunction board and got the same error. I took the com-
puter to Radio Shack, and after they checked it over completely, they said nothing was wrong with it. The computer works fine at 128 K . There is a jumper on the Zuckerboard for 384 K or 640 K . If I put the jumper on 384 K , the computer works fine, but I get the error every time I try 640 K . I tried swapping all the memory chips on the board between bank 1 and bank 2 with the same results.

Has anyone run into this problem before? Radio Shack says the problem is with the boards, and the technicians for the boards say the problem is in the computer. (John R. Henrie. Shalimar, FL)
A: It is rare to purchase three different memory expansion cards from two different manufacturers and find the same problem occurring in each of them. I tend to think the fault is with the computer. Any memory added to the Tandy 1000 is pushed under the 128 K of system memory on the motherboard. If you add 512 K of memory on the board, as you have, the additional memory is addressed starting at paragraph 0000 H . The RAM on the motherboard is addressed starting at the end of the added memory, at paragraph 8000 H .

This happens because the Tandy uses the last 16 K of the system RAM for video memory. There is no physical memory in the B 800 H segment where the IBM video normally resides. Instead, all reads or writes to the B 800 H segment are routed to the segment starting at address 9000:C000 (for a 640 K system) by the hardware. It is necessary to keep the memory on the motherboard at the top of the addressable memory space so that the rest of the system memory is contig. uous. The error message indicates that your problem occurs at address DF3OH in the 64 K memory segment starting at address 8000 H . This implicates a chip on the motherboard, specifically the U68, rather than one on the multifunction board. I recommend that you try replacing the U68 chip.

\section*{Looking for Reliable Reviews}
Q. I need information on where I can obtain reliable educational software reviews. The software review organization should be nationally recognized and affiliated with professional teachers or a university. They should have a journal, periodical, or other publication available to individuals, teachers, and school districts. My personal experience has taught me that there is a lot of bad software out there! Because it is not always possible to "try before you buy," the next best thing is to rely on professionals who can test the software. (James L. Negroni, Tampa, FL)
A. The following magazines should
give you some help: The Computing Teacher (University of Oregon, 1787 Agate St., Eugene, OR 97403) and Classroom Computer Learning (Peter Li Inc., 2451 E. River Road. Dayton. OH 45439).

\section*{It Just Said No}

Q: Ive been an addicted Model I user from its inception and use it mostly for programming in Basic using Newdos. A year ago I bought a Tandy 1000 and discovered many subroutines that work on the Model I do not apply to the 1000 . Two subroutines that I particularly miss are the Newdos CMD"O", which sorts my address lists, and the subroutine that changes LPrint to Print for video viewing.
On the Model I, to change LPrint to Print, all I do is insert Poke 16422,88 and Poke 16423.4 in place of Poke 16423,141 and Poke 16423.5 for the LPrint. Is there a similar subroutine that I can use on the Tandy 1000? (John R. Schmidt, Gibbstown, NJ )
A: If you want to sort a list of items in a file, the Sort command can do it for you. If you have an unsorted file named Unsort.TXT and want to sort it into a file called Sorted.TXT, use this command at the DOS prompt:

\section*{SORT <UNSORT.TXT >SORTED.TXT}

To sort in reverse order, add the \(/ R\) switch onto the sort command:

\section*{SORT/R <UNSORT.TXT >SORTED.TXT}

Routing the printer output to the screen is a different story. DOS doesn't offer an easy way to do it. However, since the Basic interpreter appears to use the standard DOS printer-control interrupt for all printed output, it is possible to write a simple resident program that traps the printer interrupt and redirects it to the video interrupt for display on the screen. You could almost do this by poking new values into the interrupt table, as you might be hinting, but the DOS printer service and video service each look for different values in the AL register to tell them what to do. Redirecting the interrupt should allow you to send your printed output to the screen not only with Basic but with any other software that uses the DOS printer interrupt for printer control. Unfortunately, explaining how to create this utility is a subject more involved than I can cover in Feedback Loop.

\section*{Those Bleeping Bugs}

Q: I use Visicalc 2.9.2 with LS-DOS 6.3 .0 on a 128 K Model 4 and have a problem using the spool utility. Regardless of whether I reserve bank 1 or bank 2, I get screen garbage, or the spooler refuses to work if the length of the spreadsheet is close to filling the remaining RAM. In ad-
dition, I cannot release the bank afterward without an error message that says no RAM was reserved, yet the bank remains reserved. All I can do is reboot to get all the available RAM back.

I wrote Logical Systems Inc. (LSI) about this. LSI responded that the problem is in Visicalc, which has no mechanism to recognize RAM that has been reserved for spooling; it just writes over it. Radio Shack advised that 2.9 .2 was the last version of Visicalc made for the Model 4 before its production was discontinued.

A second bug in Visicalc is that it refuses to let me insert a column (using the /IC command) in a large spreadsheet; it just beeps. Inserting a row (with /IR) is never a problem. Do you know of patches for these problems? (Henry A. Blumenthal, Jacksonville, FL)
A: Fixing the bank overwrite problem requires a major patch that I don't have. Visicalc does not respect the TRS/LSDOS 6 banking scheme, because it requires the extra 64 K of memory space for operation. Its approach also allows it to speed up bank switching without going through the slightly slower SVC selection techniques.

Have you considered using a disk buffer instead of RAM? (See the explanation of the Spool command in your TRS/LS-DOS manual.) Though a disk buffer is slower, it is still faster than waiting for the printer to finish a job.

Inserting columns on a large spreadsheet can cause problems if there is not enough room to accommodate both the new cells in the new column and the extra memory required to process this work, especially if the template is much taller than it is wide. The row-insertion process is much simpler than adding columns, since the cells below the new row can be moved down as a single block. A column requires each individual row to break up and move for each new columnar cell. If there is not enough room, Visicalc issues a warning beep that indicates a problem in carrying out your command.

\section*{TRSDOS Conversion}
Q. How do I copy a program or file from TRSDOS 6.1 to TRSDOS 1.3? (Jay Cox, Wayne, NJ )
A. Using TRSDOS 6.1, format a disk as single density, 35 tracks. You can copy or save to the disk from TRSDOS 6.1. TRSDOS 1.3 can read the disk with its Convert utility.

\section*{Delta Patch}

Q: In December 1985, you published patches to eliminate the delta marks in Model 4 Superscripsit that indicate a double horizontal space (see Reader Forum. p. 27).

I use Superscripsit to teach word processing and found that students have difficulty using the delta mark. I upgraded to version 1.02 .00 and the patches don't work. Can you give me new patches for 1.02.00? (P. Martin Erlenbaugh, Fremont, IN)
A: The delta symbol offers a good space-saving capability, but it also has many foes. The following patches remove the delta on Superscripsit 1.02.00:

PATCH SCRIPSIT/CTL (D05,3F \(=18:\) FO5. \(3 \mathrm{~F}=20\) )
PATCH SCRIPSIT/CTL (D15,E5 = 18:F15, \(\mathrm{E} 5=28\) )
PATCH SCR35/CTL (D01,30 \(=18:\) FO1. \(30=20\) )
You can also eliminate them by holding the shift key down when you make multiple. consecutive spaces.

Another patch that has been provided for every other version of Scripsit, Superscripsit, and Scripsit Pro makes a solid, non-blinking cursor. The patch for Superscripsit 1.02 .00 is:

PATCH SCRIPSIT/CTL (D1A,EC \(=28 \mathrm{FB} 00\)
\(000000: \mathrm{F} 1 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{EC}=20041 \mathrm{BBA} 20 \mathrm{~F} 7\) )

\section*{Mismatch Message}

Q: I tried to put in the patch that boots my computer into uppercase, but I got a "Find line mismatch" error message. I have a Model III upgraded to a Model 4 with two disk drives and TRSDOS 6.1.2. What's wrong? (W. Daskam, Sorrento, FL)
A: TRSDOS 6.1.x stores the upper-case-mode byte within SYSO/SYS at a different location than in 6.2 and LSDOS 6.3. This 6.1 patch lets you boot in uppercase mode:

PATCH SYSO/SYS.LSIDOS (DOO, \(93=20: \mathrm{FOO}\), \(93=00\) )

\section*{French Brackets}

Q: I use a Model 4 with Superscripsit 01.01.00. Since I am a professional writer, I bought a Tandy Modemfone 100 and Omniterm Plus software to communicate with a newspaper.

The newspaper's computer uses a French bracket (curly brace, \{, decimal 123, hex 7B) in its log-on filing codes.

There isn't a symbol for this on my keyboard, and it's not available in Superscripsit. I think you can get it in TRSDOS by pressing the clear-shift-comma (,) key combination. I need to send the bracket in my opening and closing sequences. An additional complication is that I must change the dateline in the opening sequence each week to keep it current.
How can I easily send a symbol to another computer that's not available in Superscripsit? (Tim Jones, Sharon, NH)
A: The Program Listing does the job in Basic for you. It asks you to insert the variable data and then writes a beginning file (line 80) that contains the initialization codes you need (line 70). It also writes a file containing the required closing codes (line 50 ). Finally, it appends the files to each other, stripping the end-of-file byte (lines 100,110), and copies the new file over the original file (line 120). The article file is ready to send. Insert the particular codes that you need for your communications. Line 50 contains the ending characters. The beginning characters' data is in \(\mathrm{A} \$\) in line 70 .

\section*{READERS RESPOND Printing Illustrations}

Hal Songer of Birmingham, AL, responded to Peter Dutcher ('Help Wanted," August 1987, p. 14), who wants to print graphics on a DMP 100 using Micro Illustrator.

He suggests Mr. Dutcher run Graphics.COM from MS-DOS 2.11.22 or later before running Micro Illustrator, and that he select the Tandy DMP Standard choice printer. Then run Micro Illustrator. Call the picture you want to print and press shift-print to dump the picture.

\section*{Beautiful Colors}

Dexter Walker of Birmingham, AL, responds to Donal B. Marcus's search for color ribbons ("Help Wanted," August 1987, p. 14) to fit the Tandy DMP 130 printer. He recommends you get Macinker (about \$60) from Computer Friends, 14250 N.W. Science Park Drive, Portland, OR 97229 (800-547-3303). Normally, you use Macinker to re-ink printer ribbons with black ink.

\section*{Program Listing. Model 4 Basic routine to send symbols.}

10 PRINT:PRINT "Prepare article for sending":PRINT:PRINT
20 PRINT:PRINT "Prepare article for sending":PRINT:PRIN
20
30
PRINT "FILES WILL BE PLACED ON DRIVE

INress ENTER to continue...", I\$
30 INPUT "Press ENTER to continue...", IS
40 CLS:PRINT:PRINT:INPUT "Enter variable data: ", C\$
50 OPEN "O", 1, "E/SND:1": PRINT\#1, CHRS (123):CLOSE
60 OPEN "O", \(1, " \mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{SND}: 1\) "
79 AS =CHR\$ \((123)+\) "ET" + CHRS \((123)+\) "SL" \(+\mathrm{C} \$+\) "QUNHWEEK-USR" \(+\mathrm{CHR} \$(123)+\) "BYTJONES" + CHR\$ ( 123) + "BT"

80 PRINT AS:PRINT\#1, A\$:CLOSE
90 PRINT:PRINT: INPUT "Enter Name of Superscripsit file: ",NMS
100 PS="APPEND* " + NM \(\$+{ }^{n}\) B/SND (STRIP) ":SYSTEM PS
\(110 \mathrm{P} \$={ }^{\prime \prime}\) APPEND E/SND B/SND (STRIP)":SYSTEM PS
120 PS \(={ }^{n}\) COPY B/SND "+NM\$+":1":SYSTEM P\$
130 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT "DONE":END

They also sell ink in nine other colors and sell un-inked ribbon cartridges as well. A complete cartridge including uninked ribbon lists at \(\$ 9.00\), and the ribbon that you load into an empty cartridge costs \(\$ 4.50\). For each color ink you want to use, you have to buy an inking roller, which puts the ink on a ribbon and sells for \(\$ 5.00\). The Macinker machine supports the cartridge and has an electric drive that uses a gear train to provide both clockwise and counterclockwise ribbon feeds. Dexter has reinked cartridges 15-18 times before the fabric wears through.

\section*{The Word on Printers}

James Petrou of Wichita, KS, tells us that the Citizen Premiere 35 daisy-wheel printer is compatible with the protocols for the Diablo 630 and the NEC 3550, for which drivers appear in the Microsoft Word 3.x package.

\section*{HELP WANTED}
- Robert J. Perry, CCCE, 6 S. 561 Naper Blvd., Naperville, IL 60540, wants a de-sign-your-own-function-key template to fit the Tandy 1000 keyboard.
-C.S. Tegge, P.O. Box 517, Laurel Springs, NJ 08021, has a Star Micronics Radix-10 printer and a Tandy 1000 SX with MS-DOS 3.2 and GW-Basic 3.2. He is having a problem printing graphics.

He said when he enters Graphics.COM and uses the C option (PC-compatible printer), he can create graphics on the screen using a Basic program and send this to the printer by pressing shift-print or using the Call routine in the July 1987 issue ("Untended Screen Dumps," p. 11).
"The printed image is off because of incorrect line feeds. The line feed is \(1 / 6\) inch and it appears that a \(1 / 10\)-inch line feed would be correct. These line feeds for the graphics are \(1 / 6\) inch regardless of the setting of the DIP switches or previous commands to the printer for a different line feed. If I select the D (graphic printer) option the line feeds are \(1 / 3\) inch," he said.
The 1984 Radix User's Manual (p. 183) describes a fix for graphics using Debug for PC-DOS 2.0. This fix does not correct the problem for him.
-John L. Anderson. 10423 Sandpiper Road W., Bradenton, FL 33529, wants to know why his Tandy 1000 doesn't recognize the existence of his 10-megabyte hard drive during periods of high humidity. When he tries a cold boot with the drive A door open and the hard drive powered on, he gets a "Non-system disk" message. When he boots with the system disk in drive A and tries to log onto drive C, he gets an "Invalid drive" message. His system went to repair facilities twice, but there the problem wasn't duplicated.


\title{
Microsoft Works: If it's
}

You were going to do the billing this morning. Right after you did the sales forecast.Which you were going to get to when you figured out how to get the labels printed.For the envelopes.For the catalogs. For the mailing.

We have a name for people like you: Microsoft \({ }^{\circ}\) Works. Four stunningly simple, amazingly versatile programs in one. At your fingertips.A microsecond away on the PC nearest you.

Word processing. Memos and form letters and more.

Filing and record keeping.
October 27, 1987
Mr. Jonathan Smith Sales Manager Northwest Regional Seles Northwest 16011 NE 36th Way
Redmond, WA 98073
the past few monc Supplies. Ail six regions increased saies over \(\$ 117,282.12\), and during the peressive Office sest Region posting record sales Your hard ine history of Prog with the Southwest in ter seles.



Spreadsheet. With all sorts of tasty graphics. Number crunching and analyzing, interpretation and display. Talking to the outside world. About stock quotes, airline schedules, the annual

anything one computer can tell another computer.

Learning Microsoft Works

\section*{Microsoft Works. For everyone.}

\footnotetext{
For the name of your nearest Microsoft dealer, call (800) 541-1261, Dept. A20. Microsoft and the Microsoft logo are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation. IBM is a registered trademark of International Business Machines Corporation. Suggested retail price good in continental U.S. only.
}

\section*{DR. DR. ZUCKER BREATHES NEW LIFE INTO YOUR TANDY COMPUTER!}

The EX Memory Expansion Board expands the memory of your Tandy 1000 EX to a maximum of 640K - for LESS!

The EX Board is available in three configurations: 128 K , 256 K , and 384 K . It comes complete with DMA circuit to speed up your computer operations, as well as RAM disk and print spooler software.

Check-up on the good
Dr.Dr.'s prices only \(\$ 149\) for a fully loaded 384 K board! Boost your computer memory to 640 K while using less slot space with Zuckerboard's half-card.


See your local authorized Zuckerboard dealer today or call
1-800-222-4920 (US) or 1-800-654-2212 (CA).

NOTICE: ZUCKERBOARD's new FIVE-YEAR WARRANTY is retroactive-any product purchased with the two-year warranty is now covered for five years!

\section*{It's another ZUC:KKIITI?CA||l|}

\title{
'Hello, Sweetheart, Give Me Rewrite’
}

\section*{Tandyland}

In the days of "Front Page" you could tell a reporter at any public meeting. He was the guy in the wrinkled suit and porkpie hat scribbling furiously in a notebook or sometimes just on scraps of paper. Today he is often a she, and while wrinkled suits are still commonplace, handwritten notes have largely gone the way of porkpie hats. If you want to spot a newspaper reporter today, look for the Model 100.
About the time newspapers traded in clanky manual typewriters for big. dedicated word-processing systems, the reporters in the field started discovering Tandy's original laptop computer. Instead of scrawling notes they often couldn't read a half hour later, they typed quotes from politicians and the powerful on their 100s, fashioned the notes into stories on the same computers, and rushed for the nearest phone to transmit the stories to the mainframe. "Hello, sweetheart, give me rewrite" has been replaced with the whine of a modem.
Journalists are by and large a low-tech bunch. They've accepted laptops as a better and faster way to file stories, but you won't find many of them demanding bigger, faster, better computers.
"Most reporters are not interested in computers generally," says Kenneth Mannings, who's in charge of keeping track of the 145 Model 100s and Tandy 200s used by reporters at the Washington Post.
Although Tandy laptops are standard equipment at a number of papers, the introduction of the more powerful MSDOS Tandy 1400 LT hasn't inspired a great many of them to upgrade en masse. While other computer users might appreciate the ability of the 1400 to run data bases, graphing programs, financial analysis, or most any other MSDOS software, increased capability doesn't have much meaning for news-


Tandy's \(1400 L T\) is high-tech to the average reporter.
computers are turning up in newsrooms. In some cases they supplement mainframe word-processing systems. (An IBM clone can be cheaper than the terminals for some newspaper systems.) In other cases reporters use them as tools for investigative researchsearching data bases for property ownership or correlating crime statistics. As reporters in the office discover they can use computers for more than writing, more powerful laptops become attractive as tools to use on the beat.

That's what's happening at a large financial daily (which asked not to be identified). The paper's bureaus are in the process of converting from mainframe
paper staffers.
"Right now the 100s and 200s serve our purposes," Manning says. "The reporters take them out, write their stories, and transmit them in. That's all they want to do."

Because Tandy introduced the 100 at a time when it had no real competition, and it met handily the relatively simple needs of reporters, it quickly became the standard laptop for journalists. Although no hard figures are available, chances are that newspaper staffs constitute Tandy's largest single base of laptop users.
Ed Juge, director of market planning for Tandy, says the company at one time tried to capitalize on this near monopoly by pushing its older laptops as more versatile machines for reporters.
"We used to put out a publication from Tandy on hints every so often about other uses for the 100s." Juge says, "and we asked journalists if they were interested in getting more of that type of information. The answer was 'Hell, no.' It was more than they needed. They didn't want something to schedule their appointments and dial their phones. They just wanted a portable typewriter."
That may be changing. More desktop publishing systems to personal computers. At the same time, the publication has been supplementing its Model 100s with Toshiba laptops.
"The initial reaction of everyone," says a staffer in charge of the switch to PCs, "was that they just wanted to learn one program-word processing. But now they're starting to get more adventuresome."
At a few papers contacted at random, some were planning to look at the Tandy 1400 s with the idea of upgrading or at least supplementing their 100 s and 200 s . Another manager of laptops at a newspaper praised the ruggedness of the Tandy machines his paper is already using and said that he would naturally be looking at a brand he knows and is happy with. But at the previously mentioned newspaper that wished to remain anonymous, the 1400s may have already lost out to the Toshibas because of timing.
"We'd rather not have too many different types of computers," says another staffer at the same paper. "You learn one machine, and you tend not to want to have to learn another."

The use of laptops other than Tandys is still rare among newspapers because re-

\section*{READER FORUM}

\section*{A Command to Kill}

LS-DOS 6.3 has no Kill command; you must either use Remove or patch the operating system to use Kill and not to use Remove, which could cause a problem with some software.

To get around this problem, I wrote a program (see Program Listing 1) for creating a Kill command and much more. Your new commands will have the same functions as existing TRS-

DOS commands. For example, to create Kill in LS-DOS 6.3, put the command Remove, followed by a space, in the CMD buffer (see line 240). Then assemble the program and call it Kill/CMD. Now just type KILL file name, and it will be changed to REMOVE file name. You can do this with as many commands as your disk space allows.

Scott McBurney Macomb, IL

Program Listing 1. A program to create a Kill command.


\section*{Your Own Set of Tokens}

One problem using Hardin Brothers' Restore patch program ("Restore Patch Revisited," October 1983, p. 24) on the Model III is that the Name command in Basic under TRSDOS 1.3 does not recog. nize Restore when renumbering the Basic program. Therefore, it ignores any line numbers after the word.

I worked out a patch so that you can select your own set of tokens that the TRSDOS 1.3 Basic Name command will recognize. Name recognizes 12 tokens and correctly changes the line numbers that occur after them. The token numbers and corresponding words
they define are shown in the Table.

I have never needed to use Auto in a Basic program followed by a line number, so I use the following patch to replace Auto with Restore. The token number for Restore is 90 hexadecimal (hex).

\section*{PATCH * \(12(\mathrm{ADD}=4 \mathrm{~F} 8 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{FIND}\) \(=\mathrm{B} 7, \mathrm{CHG}=90\) )}

Since the tokens beginning at 4 F 8 B hex are B7B69D. 9FC28EB4B58DCA9195, you can use this information to change the tokens to recognize whatever command word you choose.

Howard W. Mueller Pocahontas, MO

Got a hot tip you would like to share with our readers? Send it to Reader Forum, c/o 80 Micro, 80 Elm St., Peterborough, NH 03458. We pay \(\$ 10\) for each tip we publish. We regret that we cannot return or acknowledge Reader Forum submissions.

\section*{Beheadings}

The patches in Program Listings 2 and 3 for LDOS 5.1.4 and 5.3.x remove unnecessary headings, line separators, and form feeds from CMD" \(X\) " cross-reference utility printouts, making them more readable and compact. (Install the patches on a backup copy of the master disk only.)

Because the standard format prints 50 lines (including the heading) and then 16 blank lines before the next heading-and the printer trundles on regardless-using the patches on continuous paper makes better use of paper by listing the output without interruption.

Bryan Darby
Tonbridge, Kent, England


Program Listing 2. A patch to make the LDOS 5.1.4 CMD " \(X\) " utility more readable.
.The syntax for installing the patch is:
.PATCH LBASIC/OV2.BASIC USING XREF514/FIX
D04, 47 \(=00\)
D05,6A=00 0000000000


\(\mathrm{D} 05,90=00000000000000000000000000000000\)

\(\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}\mathrm{D} D 5, \mathrm{AD}=00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ \mathrm{D} D 5, \mathrm{~B}=00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 & 00\end{array}\)

\(\mathrm{D} 05, \mathrm{D} 日=0000000000000000\)
D \(05, \mathrm{D} 9=00\) 00 00 00 00
.EOP

Program Listing 3. A patch to make the LDOS 5.3.x CMD " \(X\) " utility more readable.
```
. The syntax for installing the patch is:
. PATCH BASIC/OV2.BASIC USING XREF53/FIX
D04,49=00
D05,6C=00 00 00 00
DO5,70=00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
DO5,80=00 OD OD OD OD OO OO OD OD OD OO OO OO OD OD OD
D05,90=00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
D05,A0=00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```


```
DD5,DQ=\varnothing0 OQ OQ OQ OQ OQ OQ OQ
DQ5,D9=00 00 00 0ด ロด
.EOP
```

End


\section*{On Your Mark, . . .}

I wrote a two-line time calculator in Model 4 Basic (see Program Listing 4) that I find handy when timing long number-crunching jobs. It would serve equally well for any application for which a resolution of whole seconds is sufficient.

For any Basic that does not handle integer division (as represented by the back-
slash), change the portion of line 10001 that reads:
\(\mathrm{T} \$=\mathrm{MID}\) (STR \(\$(\mathrm{~A}!-\mathrm{VAL}\) (T\$)*3600)(60).2)
to:
T\$ = MID\$(STR\$(INT)(A) \(\left.\operatorname{VAL}(\mathrm{T} \$)^{*} 3600\right) / 60\) ) ).2)
To use the routine, set T2 \(\$=\) Time \(\$\) just before you begin the application you want to time. When it finishes, set T2\$=Time\$ and
branch to the subroutine (in this case, Gosub 10000). The routine uses the variables A! and T\$ while it is calculating, so if your program also uses these variables, you must save your values before the Gosub. On return, the variable ET\$ contains the elapsed time in HH:MM:SS format.

Mark J. Gustitis Media, PA

\section*{Program Listing 4. A time calculator.}

9137 | \(10000 \mathrm{~A}!=\operatorname{VAL}(\operatorname{LEFT}(T 2 \$, 2)) * 3600+\operatorname{VAL}(\mathrm{MIDS}(T 2 \$, 4,2)) * 60+\operatorname{VAL}(\mathrm{RIGHT}(T 2 \$\), 2)) - VAL (LEFT\$ (T1\$,2))*3600-VAL(MID\$ (T1\$, 4, 2))*60-VAL (RIGHT\$ (T1 2))- VAL (LEFT\$ \((T 1 \$, 2)) * 3600-\) VAL
\$, 2)): IF A! \(<\emptyset\) THEN A! \(=A!+86400!\)
\(11988 \mid 10001\) ET \(\$={ }^{n} 00: 00: 00^{n}: T \$=M I D S(S T R \$(I N T(A!/ 3600)), 2): M I D \$(E T \$, 3-L E N(T \$))\) \(=T \$: T \$=\mathrm{MID} \$(\operatorname{STR} \$((A!-\operatorname{VAL}(T \$) * 3600) \backslash 60), 2):\) MIDS (ETS,6-LEN (T\$)) =T\$:
 )=T\$:RETURN

\section*{Profile Pitch}

By adding print codes to the report format of Profile \(3+\) and \(4+\) on the Models III and 4 , you don't need to remember to change the printer pitch before you run a report. This is especially handy if you have many reports of both 10 and 16 pitch.

You need a disk-file editor such as FED, Super Utilities Plus (4/4P), or Diskdump. Using the editor, view sector 00 of your report format. If the first line of your heading is centered, the leading characters will be spaces ( 20 hexadecimal [hex]). All you have to do is replace the first couple of spaces with the necessary printer codes. For my DMP 200, 1B 14 hex changes print to 16 pitch.

There's one small side effect: Your title is now two spaces to the left of center. To correct this, return to the Define Reports section of the Profile Creation menu, recall the format, and insert the
same number of spaces you used for your print codes, now visible, and your title. It won't look centered on the screen, but it will be centered on paper.

If your title is left-justified on the first line, use Profile's Define Reports first, and move the title to the right enough spaces to fit your
print codes. Now that you have room for your print codes, use your disk-file editor to insert them.

The Figure shows a screen dump of the first sector of a report format file to which I've added DMP 200 16-pitch codes (1B 14 hex) and three line feeds ( \(O A\) hex). The line feeds move the title down the
page to align the paper on the perforation. If you use line feeds, remember to include them as lines when completing the Define Reports section of Profile. That is, if you want 60 lines per page, answer the prompt with 63,60 plus your three line feeds.

David Krebs
Amherst, OH


Figure. Screen dump of a report format file with pitch-code and line-feed changes.

\section*{SAVE A BuNDLE \\ WITH ONE OF MONTE’S BUNDLES \\ These special bundles are ready for you to save a bundle of money. CP/M software is actually preferred because of the} vast amount of programs available. The programs in these bundles have been optimized to run on the Model 4-4D-4P. For example, we have memory-mapped WordStar and it runs circles around the standard version others sell. We also added printer drivers for the Radio Shack Daisywheel II, DMP-2100 and most other Radio Shack Printers as well. You have read the reviews and know that our CP/M is the best for the Model 4. Your Models 4 and our CP/M form an unbeatable combination. Send for our free public domain software catalog and see for yourself.


\title{
CALL TOLL FREE! 800-527-0347 FREE SHIPPING!
}

\section*{SAVE ON YOUR STASH M \\ Everex Internal \(1200 \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{software}\)
Hayes 300 external}

Hayes 300 external Hayes 1200 w /smantComm Hayes 2400 w/SmanComm
Hayes 2400 w/SmariComm.
Hayes 2400 B
RODENTS
Microsoft Bus Mouse w/sftwr. Microsoft Serial Mouse w/sttwr, Mouse Systems Mouse w/sttw TAC10 Joystick Willard/Ben Combo w/friends.

\section*{HARD DRIVES}

20 mb 65 ms ST225 kit complete 30 mb 65 ms ST238 kit complete .469
579

\section*{MONITORS}

Mitsubishi \(69201024 \times 1024\) NEC Multisync \(800 \times 560\). Mitsubishi 1410 EGA.

NAP TTL \(1000 \times 350\) Amber/Green

\section*{PRINTERS}

Citizen 120D 120cps NLQ, col
Citizen MSP-15 160cps NLQ. 32 col Citizen MSP-20, 200cps NLQ, 80 col Citizen Premier 35DW, witractor Toshiba 321 216cps, NLQ. 80 col Toshiba 341216 cps , NLQ, 132 col Toshiba \(341216 \mathrm{cps}, ~ N L Q, ~\)
C. Itoh 3520350 cps NLQ, 132 col Canon LBP.8A1 Laser Canon Laser Toner kit

\section*{ADD-ONs MEMORY \& UPGRADES}

Hercules Graphics plus Clone EGA Plus
Hercules Compatible Graphics Color Graphics, 3-output 16K RAM, 200nsec, 8 chips 64 K RAM, 150/200nsec, 8 chips Model 4 128K RAM w/PALchip 64 K RAM set of 9 chips 256 K RAM set of 9 chips 8087 Numeric coprocessor, std 8087 Numeric coprocessor, fast 80287 Numeric coproc. std 80287 Numeric coproc. fast NEC V20 Wonder Chip, 5 mHz NEC V20 Wonder Chip, 8 mHz Model 1 RS- 232 Kit complete Model 3/4 RS-232 Kit complete Model 3/4 Internal Drive kit

TRS-80 SOFTWARE AND BOOKS
Modem \(80 \mathrm{Mod} 1 / 3\) Com Pkg
Super Utitity Plus 3.2 M1/3/4. Super Uitity Plus M44.4P/D


SuperCROSS/XT Specify M1/3/4 Conv 3-PC M3 BASIC to PC
Conv 4-PC M4 BASIC to PC Conv 4-PC M4 BASIC to PC
TRS-80 Beginners Guide. TRS-80 Beginners Guide
Inside Level II (a rare find) Inside Level II (a rare find)
TRS-80 Model 4/4P Tech Manua TRS-80 Model 4/4P Tech Manual
TRS-80 Model 1000 Tech Manual TRS-80 Model 1000 Tech M
Using Super Utility Plus 3.x See more books on the opposite page.

\section*{BOOKS \& MANUALS}

IBM BASIC Faster \& Better
IBM BASIC Disk for above IBM BASIC Manual 3rd ed Running MS-DOS 2nd ed Running MS-DOS Advanced Using Wordperfect 4.1 Nortons Programmer's Guide \(\$ 33\)
49
only 49
79
119
119
FREE
99
333
\(\cdots .25\)
16 See opposite page for more books

\section*{CP/M SOFTWARE}

\section*{dBase II}

WordStar Professiona
ReportStar
DataStar
CalcStar
Multiplan
Out-Think
Mex Plus
Mex Plus w/REO \& TEM
Rembrandt
Supercalc II.
Turbo Pascal
Turbo Tutor
Turbo Database Toolbox
Turbo Holiday Pak (above 3)
Twist \& Shout
Twist \& Shout ...........
All of the above CP/ \(8^{\prime \prime}\) in various \(51 / 4^{\prime \prime}\) formats as well as 8 standard CP/M format. Please spec ify format and include \(\$ 10\) per disk additional.

\section*{CABLES}

TRS-80 Printer cable 26-1401 IBM Parallel Printer cable 10 Standard IBM 25 pin RS232 10 Std TRS-80 25 pin RS232 \(10^{\prime}\) Printer A/B Switch Box Cable \(6^{\prime}\) Gender Changer, Spec M/M F/F

\section*{ACCESSORIES}

\section*{C \& H Mach III Joysticks, ea Sony 2D disks, box of 10 Disk Storage Box whlock hids 10 . Disk Storage Box wlock hilds 100 Keyboard Extender Cable, \(6^{\circ}\) Tilt and Swivel Monitor Stand Vert CPU Stand PCIXT/CIONE Vert CPU Stand PC/XT/CLONE 2-position Parallel Printer Switch 2-position RS. 232 Switch Switch -position RS. 232 Switch Standby Pwr Sup. 300W/20 min}

\section*{BUY FROM US RIGHT NOW}

Please read the fine print first)
Our inventory is so large it can not be listed completely. Please call us if you do not see what you want. Chances are we have it or can get it right away. Because of the time lag in magazine advertising our prices are subjec to change without notice. Our prices are for nai order only. We are only human so we decline responsibility for typographical errors checks. We use TeleCheck. Please follow these TeleCheck regulations. The check mus be drawn on a US or Canadian bank and be payable in US Dollars. Your check must be bank printed and contain your street address (not PO Box or APO/FPO) and telephone number. The signature must exactly match the name printed on the check. If your check does not meet these requirements allow thrree weeks check clearance time. We also accep American Express, MasterCard, Visa, Cash er's Checks, electronic funds transfer and we ship COD. CODs and motor freight shipments may require a deposit. Some special items may require a deposit. ALL CODs require cash on delivery. Company and/or personal checks can NOT be accepted in payment of COD shipment. Your credit card is no charged until we ship your order. Ground shipping charges are included on all orders over \(\$ 100\). Add shipping to all orders under \(\$ 100\). We do not collect state sales tax on orders shipped outside of Texas. Orders placed by 5 PM will be shipped the next day if stock is on hand. Your order will leave before we go home. The responsibility of suitability of software rests with the purchaser. Due to the nature of the business and product there are NO REFUNDS ON SOFTWARE. Please do not buy software from us if you are not sure it will work for you. SOFTWARE IS NOT RETURNABLE. Software support is provided by the manufacturer. We will PROVIDE A RE PLACEMENT ONLY if you disk is defective if you notify us within 30 days after delivery of your merchandise. Please call us for help and instructions should you have a problem.

\section*{GOOD AS GOLD WARRANTY}

We want you to be happy with your purchase All items we offer carry the manufacturers warranty and any problem you might have in service will be handied by his service organization. Please call us should you have any difficulty in obtaining service. Your satisfaction is our goal and we back it up with a 30 day money-back guarantee (except software). We will be happy to mail you a copy of the complete warranty details on request.



McManus family owned and operated
References in your area
\(100 \%\) pure Tandy products
Best possible warranty
Lowest discounted prices-call:We will MEET OR BEAT
Mastercard, Visa, American Express
We always pay freight and insurance
\(\square\) Most items shipped Same Day UPS
"World's largest independent authorized computer dealer." NOW ON COMPUSERVE-ELECTRONIC MALL-24 HOURS A DAY-GO MM 22511 Katy Fwy., Katy (Houston), Texas 77450
(713) 392-0747 Telex 774132

OPEN MON.-FRI 8-6 CST 6 phone lines to serve you better!
CALL TOLL FREE 800-231-3680

\section*{Eleventy-Billion}

So you don't want to talk about searching text files. Fine. Forget I mentioned it.
It wasn't a popular exercise, but Oscar Cottingham (Florence, SC) solved the problem in style-for which I'm a T. shirt's worth of grateful. I was looking through disk-based text files, trying to find all occurrences of a given string. I took the text in record-sized chunks and cut those into two pieces-mostly because TRS-80 default records, at 256 bytes, were too big to fit into strings. With the text sectioned that way, I figured the target string would occasionally lay across the cut, and I'd miss it.

In Oscar's solution (Program Listing \(1)\), he clipped the end off the last piece he looked at and "glued" it onto the front of the next piece he'll search. (That's the subroutine at line 250.) In the bargain, he tested for the expected end-of-file marker, ASCII 26, while he converted to lowercase at line 210.

\section*{Oh, Those Numbers!}

Frankly, when I asked you to convert numbers to words, I didn't consider all the implications. It's quite a job, as your heroic efforts demonstrated. You had to answer all kinds of corollary questions such as: How to handle capitalization? Punctuation? How to get the spacing right? What to do with characters that aren't numerals, like commas? What to do with anything to the right of the decimal point? I asked how many numbers you could find words for, without asking myself how large a number you could stuff into one string, \(\mathrm{W} \$\). Then, in a fit of unconsciousness, I casually asked you to reverse the process from words to numbers.

Instead of despairing, you answered all the questions and then some. Of course, no one did the job in one line of Basic. You're all fired. Just kidding. A substantial amount of code is required for a job like this.

Michael Guerard (Wenonah, NJ ) took a direct approach to the problem and imposed strict limits on what his program would and would not do (see Program Listing 2). He stuck with Input (rather than change to Line Input) to eliminate commas. He accepted no more than nine numbers and no characters that aren't numbers, and that includes the decimal point. He capitalized every word, inserted

the hyphen between decades and units, and put spaces elsewhere. The code is easy to follow-an excellent example of how to catch a mustang and ride her home. Above all, the program is reliable.
How far can you take these numbers? Barry Mitchel (Reading, MA) named them through undecillions (that's up to 39 dig. its to you and me), just beyond where Basic breaks down completely. Next come dodecillions, I think, and everything after that is called "many" in my house. Barry also warns that in one string the best you can represent is the equivalent of 19 to 25 non-zero digits, depending on the digits. Even 19 is pushing it.
To print more than the maximum that one string could hold, two of you provided two strings. John Stockwell (Troy, NY), however, dispensed with strings entirely and printed as he went, which is the way I favor. Everyone looked at the digits in triplets. Some added leading zeros to lop them off three at a time, and others picked single numbers in groups of three until they ran out. Edward Meyer (San Antonio, TX) took a different approach and loaded the digits into a three-column matrix.
The enormity of the job and the many possibilities made it perilous to take on too much of it. Among my favorite unexpected results were the program that counted to "twelve three thousand" and the one that invented "thousillions." These breakdowns illustrate two good rules for any programming: First, divide
every project into small, manageable tasks. Second, define your limits clearly.
That's what Greg Wolking (Orlando, FL) did. He also came up with a practical application for the routines. He suggests they'd be at home in a check-writing program and formats numbers to the right of the decimal accordingly. He uses the ageold banker's method of rounding: Banks always round down and keep the fractions of cents (it adds up). Greg's program (Program Listing 3) handles integers 16 digits long, or 14 digits when you add a decimal point. The program simply mutilates numbers it can't handle. Greg's use of functions keeps the code compact.

A couple of you took a shot at reversing the process. Robert McClernan's (Kearney, MO) pretty effort shows how big a job it is to give a program a vocabulary (see Program Listing 4). Like Greg's program, Robert's is faultless with its lim-its-lowercase, no punctuation, and nothing fancy. When it encounters something beyond its ken, it plays dumb.

\section*{Cubits}

Shelly Berryhill (Hawkinsville, GA) suggested an interesting puzzle that originated with H. E. Dudeney, a well-known puzzler. If you want to find the cube root of a number, can you just add its digits? Take 512. The sum of its digits is 8 , which is its cube root. Take 4913. Its digits total 17. also its cube root. Is this a law of nature or happenstance? How many of these numbers exist? All it takes to find out is a

Program Listing 1. Oscar Cottingham searches across the border.
```
4567 | 10 CLS:INPUT"File";F$:INPUT"Find";IS:GOSUB 200:S$=TS:S=LEN(S$) :PRINT
2359 20 OPEN"Rn,1,F$,128:FIELD 1,128 AS R$:T$="n
1859 30 FOR R=1 TO LOF(I)/128:GET 1,R 'TRS-80s; don't divide by 128
1739 | I I $=T$+R$:GOSUB 200:M=1:D$="n
2148 50 P=INSTR(M,T$,S$):IF P=0 THEN 80
3246 60 60 PS=DS+MIDS(IS,M,P-M) +n<" +MIDS(IS,P,S) +n>n:M=P+S,C=C+1
\: DS=DS+MIDS(IS,M,P-N)
4241 B0 DS=D$+RIGHT$(IS,(LEN(IS)+1)-M):GOSUB 250:IF M>1 THEN PRINT DS:PRINT
2623 90 NEXT R;CLOSE 1:PRINT C;"found.":END
1571 200 T$="":FOR I=1 TO LEN(IS)
3078 : 210 AS=MIDS(IS,I,1):A=ASC(AS):IF A=26 THEN RETURN
4240 | 220 T$=T$+CHR$(A-32*(INSTR(" ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY 2",A$) >1))
1143 - 230 NEXT I:RETURN
1772 250 FOR J=LEN(I$) TO M STEP -1
3876 260 IF MIDS(I$,J,I)=" = OR MID$(I$,J,1)=CHR$(13) THEN K=J +1:GOTO 280
3571 270 NEXT J:IF K>LEN(I$) THEN T$="n ELSE T$=MIDS(I$,K,LEN(IS)
666 :280 RETURN
```

Program Listing 2. Michael Guerard's direct verbal attack.
```
6029 | 1 CLEAR 500:FOR I=0 TO 9:READ D$(I):NEXT:FOR I=0 TO 9:READ T$(I) :NEXT:FO
    R I=2 TO 9:READ F$(I):NEXT
17732 2 DATA Zero,One,Two,Three,Four,Five,Six,Seven,Eight,Nine,Ten, Eleven,Twel
        ve,Thirteen,Fourteen,Fifteen,Sixteen,Seventeen, Eighteen,Nineteen,Twent
        y,Thirty,Forty,Fifty,Sixty,Seventy, Eighty,Ninety
3611 | 3 INPUT"A number";NS:GOSUB 4 :PRINT WS:PRINT:GOTO 3
5145 4 WS=
7380 ) }5\mathrm{ FOR I=1 TO L:C=ASC(MIDS(NS,I,1)):IF
```

```
4259 7 GS=LEFTS(NS,3) , NA=VAL(GS), TP NA<>0 THEN GOSUB 11, AS=XS+" Million
4259 7 G$=LEFT$(N$,3) :NA=VAL (G$):IF NA<>0 THEN GOSUB 11 :AS=X$+" Million "
4392 8 G$=MIDS(NS,4,3):NB=VAL(G$)
6249 - 9 G$=MID$(N$,7,3):NC=VAL(G$):IF NC=0 THEN IF NA=0 AND NB=0 THEN C $="Zero
    " ELSE C$="n ELSE GOSUB 11 :CS=XS
    10 W$=AS+BS+C$:RETURN
1243 10 W$=AS+BS+C$:RETURN (D (I)=VAL(MID$(G$,I,I)) :NEXT I
*)
1757 13 IF D (1)<>0 THEN X$=D$(D (1)) +D$ 
\allol
```

```
    TURN ELSE X$=XS+DS(D(3))
    17 RETURN
```

\section*{Program Listing 3. Greg Wolking's big check writer.}
 FNC \(\$(\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y})=\mathrm{W} \$+\mathrm{S} \$+\mathrm{W} \$(\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}):\) DEF \(\mathrm{FNL}=\mathrm{LEN}(\mathrm{N} \$):\) DEF FNH=INT (3* (FNL/3-INT (FNL/
\(17490 \mid 2\) D) \(1+.1) \pm\) DEF FNA \(=A S C(N S\)
1790 2 DATA ONE, , N, BILLION,TRILLION, QUADRRILLION,, ,
3916 | 3 INPUT"Check Amount" \(;\) X\#:GOSUB 4:PRINT W§:PRINT:GOTO 3
 : NS=LEFT \((N S, X-1) \quad\) ELSE \(N 2 \$={ }^{n}{ }^{n}\)
3796 | 5 GOSUB \(6: W \$=W \$+^{\prime \prime}\) and \(^{\prime \prime}+\) N2 \(\$+\) STRING \((2-L E N(N 2 \$), 48)+{ }^{\prime \prime} / 100^{\prime \prime}:\) RETURN
8522 | 6 IF FNL=の THEN IF W \(\$={ }^{n \prime \prime}\) THEN \(W \$=\) Z Zero": RETURN ELSE RETURN ELSE IF FNA \(=4\) 8 THEN GOSUB 12:GOTO 6 ELSE IF FNH \(=0\) THEN GOSUB \(11: W \$=F N C \$(3,0)\)
4117 | 7 IF FNL \(=0\) THEN RETURN ELSE IF FNA \(=48\) THEN GOSUB \(12:\) IF FNH THEN 7
10249 | 8 IF FNL \(=0\) THEN RETURN ELSE IF FNH \(=0\) THEN \(W \$=F N C \$(3\), FNL \(/ 3)\) : GOTO 6 ELSE I F FNH \(=2\) THEN IF ENA \(>49\) THEN W \(\$=\) FNC \(\$(2, F N A-50)\) :GOSUB 12 ELSE GOSUB \(12:\) W \(\$=\) FNC \(\$(1\), FNA -48\():\) GOSUB 12
1365 | 9 IF FNH THEN GOSUB 11
530 10 GOTO 8
2030 11 IF FNA \(>48\) THEN \(W \$=F N C \$(6\), FNA -49\()\)
1387 | 12 N\$=MID\$(N\$,2):RETURN

Program Listing 4. Robert McClernan speaks numbers.
```
19647 | 1 DEFINT A-Z:DATA zero,ten," ",one,eleven," ",two,twelve,twenty,three,thirteen, thirty,four, fourteen, forty,five, fifteen, fifty, six, sixteen, sixty
            seven, seventeen, seventy, eight, eighteen, eighty,nine,nineteen,ninety
4566 | 2 DATA trillion,billion,million,thousand,hundred
4412 ( }3\mathrm{ FOR I=0 TO 9:READ U$(I),TN$(I),TES(I):NEXT:FOR I=1 TO 5:READ BS(I):NEX
            T
4419 5 FOR I=1 5O 5:V (I) = a NEXT:XS=NS; X=LEN(NS) :WH=B:U# (1)=10000000000084:U
        (2)=1000000000%:U# (3)=1000000#:U# (4)=1000#:U#(5)=1#:X$=N$:J(1)=8:J (2)=
        (2)=10}7:J(3)=7:J(4)=
7900 | 6 FOR K=1 TO 4:U#=U# (K):Z=INSTR(X$,B$(K)):IF Z<1 THEN 7 ELSE Y $=MID$(X$,
                1,2-1): X$=MID$(X$,2+J,X-2-J+1) :X=LEN(X$) :GOSUB 8:V# (K)=U#*V#
4122 | 7 NEXT K:Y$=X$:GOSUB 8:V# (5)=V#:W#=V#(1)+V# (2)+V# (3) +V# (4) +V# (5) :RETURN
```

```
7801 { Y = LEN(YS):ZYS=MIDS (YS,1,Z-1):ZXS=MIDS (YS,Z,Y-2+1):YS=2XS:FOR N=1 T0
        z=INSTR(zYS,US(N)):IF z>0 THEN A=N:N=9:V|=100*A:GOTO 11
        NEXT N
4754 - 11 FOR N=0 TO 9:Z=INSTR(Y$,TNS(N)):IF Z>0 THEN B=N+1:N=9:V =V \ + (10+B-1):
        RETURN
    166 13 FOR N=2 TO 9:Z=INSTR(Y$,TES(N)):IF Z>0 THEN C=N:N=9:V#=V#+(10*C):Y=LE
        N(Y$):ZY$=MID$(Y$,1,Z-1):ZX$=MID$(Y$,Z%+5,Y-Z-4):Y$=ZX$:GOTO 15
    562 14 NEXT N
4279 15 FOR N=1 TO 9:Z=INSTR(Y$,U$(N)):IF Z>@ THEN D=N:N=9:V#=V#+D:RETURN
1102 | 16 NEXT N:RETURN
```
short Basic program. Choose your own upper limit, but you ought to investigate the numbers up to a million, at least. It's worth an 80 Micro T-shirt for one that's brief and relatively quick.

\section*{Per-functions}

Any computer language that you use, no matter how rich it is, always lacks something. Basic has a wealth of useful functions, but I'm constantly encountering situations where one more would make life much easier. For instance, Basic's built-in functions extract the sign of a number (SGN), the integer closest below it (INT), and the integer part of it (FIX), but how do you get the fractional part to the right of the decimal point? You make your own function, that's how.
I'd like you to write the following five useful functions. You'll find three of them in many enhanced versions of Basic. Since you have to use a DEF FN statement to define them, each solution should fit into one line of Basic, but I won't cry foul if you use more than one line.
1. FNFract( N ) returns the fractional (decimal) part of the number N . If N is an integer, it returns zero. It keeps the sign. 2. FNGreat(A,B) returns the greater of the two numbers \(A\) or \(B\). If \(A\) and \(B\) are equal, it returns the value of one of them. 3. FNLess \((A, B)\) returns the lesser of \(A\) or B. It's the complement of FNGreat. Both are useful tools.
4. If you get by FNGreat and FNLess, here's a logical extension of what they do. FNMost( \(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}\) ) returns the maximum value of \(A\) or \(B\) or \(C\). That is if \(A, B\), and \(C\) are \(62.5,167\), and \(-4,932\), FNMost returns 167 , the most positive value.
5. FNLeast( \(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}\) ), the complement of FNMost, returns the minimum value of A or B or C .

\section*{The Rules}
1. Write your program(s) or routine(s) in any TRS or Tandy Basic, except Pocket Computer Basic.
2. Solution(s) to this month's poser(s) must reach us by November 15, 1987, to be considered for the February 1988 issue and a T-shirt if we use it.
3. Employees of CW Communications already have T-shirts and are not eligible.
4. Send your solutions, comments, criticisms, suggestions, and T-shirt size to: 80 Micro, Fine Lines, 80 Elm St., Peterborough. NH 03458. We cannot return entries.


Harry Bee is a freelance writer, programmer, puzzle creator, and dreamer. You can contact him at P.O. Box 567, Cornish, ME 04020, or on Compuserve (74076, 3461).

\title{
The Amazing A-BUS
}


An A-BUS system with two Motherboards A.BUS adapter (IBM) in foreground

\section*{Plug into the future}

With the A-BUS you can plug your PC (IBM, Apple, TRS-80) into a future of exciting new applications in the fields of control, monitoring, automation, sensing, robotics, etc.

Alpha's modular A-BUS offers a proven method to build your "custom" system today. Tomorrow, when you are ready to take another step, you will be able to add more functions. This is ideal for first time experimenting and teaching.

A-BUS control can be entirely done in simple BASIC or Pascal, and no knowledge of electronics is required!

An A-BUS system consists of the A-BUS adapter plugged into your computer and a cable to connect the Adapter to 1 or 2 A-BUS cards. The same cable will also fit an A-BUS Motherboard for expansion up to 25 cards in any combination.

The A-BUS is backed by Alpha's continuing support (our 11th year, 50000 customers in over 60 countries).

The complete set of \(A\)-BUS User's Manuals is available for \(\$ 10\).

\section*{About the A-BUS:}
- All the A-BUS cards are very easy to use with any language that can read or write to a Port or Memory. In BASIC, use INP and OUT (or PEEK and POKE with Apples and Tandy Color Computers)
- They are all compatible with each other. You can mix and match up to 25 cards to fit your application. Card addresses are easily set with jumpers. - A-BUS cards are shipped with power supplies (except PD-123) and detailed manuals (including schematics and programming examples).

\section*{Relay Card}

RE-140: \(\mathbf{\$ 1 2 9}\) Includes eight industrial relays. (3 amp contacts, SPST) individually controlled and latched. 8 LED's show status. Easy to use (OUT or POKE in BASIC). Card address is jumper selectable.

\section*{Reed Relay Card RE-156: \(\mathbf{\$ 9 9}\)} Same features as above, but uses 8 Reed Relays to switch low level signals ( 20 mA max). Use as a channel selector, solid state relay driver, etc.

\section*{Analog Input Card AD-142: \$129} Eight analog inputs. 0 to +5 V range can be expanded to 100 V by adding a resistor. 8 bit resolution ( 20 mV ). Conversion time 120us. Perfect to measure voltage, temperature, light levels, pressure, etc. Very easy to use.

\section*{12 Bit A/D Converter}

AN-146: \$139 This analog to digital converter is accurate to \(.025 \%\). Input range is -4 V to +4 V . Resolution: 1 millivolt. The on board amplifier boosts signals up to 50 times to read microvolts. Conversion time is 130 ms . Ideal for thermocouple, strain gauge, etc. 1 channel. (Expand to 8 channels using the RE-156 card).

\section*{Digital Input Card}

IN-141: \$59 The eight inputs are optically isolated, so it's safe and easy to connect any "on/off" devices, such as switches, thermostats, alarm loops, etc. to your computer. To read the eight inputs, simply use BASIC INP (or PEEK).

\section*{24 Line TTL I/O \\ DG-148: \$65} Connect 24 input or output signals (switches or any \(\Pi L\) device) to your computer. The card can be set for: input, latched output, strobed output, strobed input, and/or bidirectional strobed \(1 / 0\). Uses the 8255 A chip.

\section*{Clock with Alarm}

CL-144: \$89
Powerful clock/calendar with: battery backup for Time, Date and Alarm setting (time and date); built in alarm relay, led and buzzer; timing to \(1 / 100\) second. Easy to use decimal format. Lithium battery included.

Touch Tone \({ }^{\odot}\) Decoder PH-145: \(\$ 79\) Each tone is converted into a number which is stored on the board. Simply read the number with INP or POKE. Use for remote control projects, etc.
A-BUS Prototyping Card PR-152: \$15 \(31 / 2\) by \(41 / 2\) in. with power and ground bus. Fits up to 10 I.C.s


ST-143


CL-144


RE-140


Smart Stepper Controller sc-149: s299 World's finest stepper controller. On board microprocessor controls 4 motors símultaneously. Incredibly, it accepts plain English commands like "Move arm 10.2 inches left". Many complex sequences can be defined as "macros" and stored in the on board memory. For each axis, you can control: coordinate (relative or absolute), ramping, speed, step type (half, full, wave), scale factor, units, holding power, etc. Many inputs: 8 limit \& "wait until" switches, panic button, etc. On the fly reporting of position, speed, etc. On board drivers ( 350 mA ) for small steppers (M0-103). Send for SC-149 flyer. Remote Control Keypad Option

RC-121: \$49 To control the 4 motors directly, and "teach" sequences of motions. Power Driver Board Option PD-123: \$89 Boost controller drive to 5 amps per phase. For two motors (eight drivers). Breakout Board Option

BB-122: \$19
For easy connection of 2 motors. 3 ft . cable ends with screw terminal board.

\section*{Stepper Motor Driver}

ST-143: \$79
Stepper motors are the ultimate in motion control. The special package (below) includes everything you need to get familiar with them. Each card drives two stepper motors (12V, bidirectional, 4 phase, 350 mA per phase). Special Package: 2 motors (M0-103) + ST-143: PA-181: \$99

Stepper Motors mo-103: \(\mathbf{5 1 5}\) or 4 fors39 Pancake type, \(21 / 4\) " dia, \(1 / 4^{\prime \prime}\) shaft. \(7.5^{\circ} /\) step, 4 phase bidirectional, 300 step/sec, 12V, 36 ohm, bipolar, 50 oz-in torque, same as Airpax K82701-P2.

\section*{Current Developments}

Intelligent Voice Synthesizer, 14 Bit Analog to Digital converter, 4 Channel Digital to Analog converter, Counter Timer, Voice Recognition.

\section*{A-BUS Adapters for:}

IBM PC, XT, AT and compatibles. Uses one short slot. AR-133...\$69 Tandy 1000,1000 EX \& SX, 1200, 3000. Uses one short slot. AR-133... \(\$ 69\) Apple II, II +, Ile. Uses any slot.
TRS-80 Model 102, 200 Plugs into 40 pin "system bus". AR-134...\$49
RS-80 Model 102, 200 Plugs into 40 pin "system bus". AR-136... 569 Model 100. Uses 40 pin socket. (Socket is duplicated on adapter). AR-135...\$69 TRS-80 Mod 3,4,4D. Fits 50 pin bus. (With hard disk. use \(Y\)-cable). AR-132.. \(\$ 49\) TRS-80 Model 4 P . Includes extra cable. ( 50 pin bus is recessed). AR-137...S62 TRS-80 Model I. Plugs into 40 pin \(1 / 0\) bus on KB or El. AR-131.. \(\$ 39\) Color Computers (Tandy). Fits ROM slot. Multipak, or Y-cable. AR-138...\$49

\section*{A-BUS Cable ( \(3 \mathrm{ft}, 50\) cond.) CA-163: \(\$ 24\)} Connects the A-BUS adapter to one A-BUS card or to first Motherboard. Special cable for two A-BUS cards: CA-162: \$34

\section*{A-BUS Motherboard MB-120: \(\mathbf{\$ 9 9}\)} Each Motherboard holds five A-BUS cards. A sixth connector allows a second Motherboard to be added to the first (with connecting cable CA161: \(\$ 12\) ). Up to five Motherboards can be joined this way to a single ABUS adapter. Sturdy aluminum frame and card guides included.

Add \(\$ 3.00\) per order for shipping. Visa, MC, checks, M.O. welcome. CT \& NY residents add sales tax. C.O.D. add \(\$ 3.00\) extra. Canada: shipping is \(\$ 5\) Overseas add 10\%

ALPHA Producis
242-E West Avenue, Darien, CT 06820

Technical info: (203) 656-1806 Orders only
Except in cr
Co0 221-0916 (203) \(656-1806\) Connecticut orders: (203) 348-9436 All lines open weekdays 9 to 5 Eastern time

Jameco's \(4.77 / 8 \mathrm{MHz}\) Turbo IBM Compatible Kit Same as JE 1004 except comes with 640 K RAM, TURBO \(4.77 / 8 \mathrm{MHz}\) motherboard, JE1071 multi l/O with controller and graphics, and AMBER monitor.
\[
\text { SAVE } \$ 70.70 \quad \text { Regular List } \$ 670.65
\]

JE1005 (IBM \({ }^{m}\) PC/XT Turbo Compatible Kit) \(\$ 599.95\)
Part No. Description
Price

Regular List \(\$ 850.80\)
SAVE \$50.85

JE1008 IBM AT Compatible Kit. . . . . . . . . . \$799.95
JE1055
EGA Card.
\$149.95

TE5154
EGA Monitor.
\(\$ 399.95\)

\section*{IBM PC/XT/AT Compatible Keyboards}

Tactile touch keyswitches
Switch selectable between PC/XT or AT Illuminated Caps Lock, Num Lock and Scroll Lock indicators
Manual included


JE1015. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . JE1016 Pictured
\(\$ 59.95\)
- Enhanced keyboard layout - 12 function keys • Illuminated LED indicators for Num Lock, Caps Lock and Scroll Lock • Separate cursor pad • Switch selectable between PC/XT or AT - Manual included
JE1016.
\(\$ 79.95\)
Monochrome
Graphics
Card for
IBM PC/XT/AT
Compatible with IBM
Monochrome and
Hercules Graphics
Standards

The JE1050 is a monochrome graphics card with parallel printer port and features the following: - Text mode: \(80 \times 25\), Graphics mode: \(720 \times 348\). Compact half-card. Parallel printer interface with transfer rate up to 1000 characters per second -1 year warranty - Manual included
JE1050.
\(\$ 59.95\)

\section*{14-4R: Color Graphics Card for} IBM PC/XT/AT Compatible with IBM Color Graphics Standard IBM RGB or composite monochrome/color monitors - Paral-
lel printer port - Text modes: \(40 \times 25\) or \(80 \times 25\); Graphic lel printer port - Text modes: \(40 \times 25\) or \(80 \times 25\); Graphic
modes: \(320 \times 200\) or \(640 \times 200 \cdot\) Light pen interface \(\cdot 1\) year modes: \(320 \times 200\) or \(640 \times 200 \cdot\) Light pen interface \(\cdot 1\) year
warranty \(\cdot\) Includes composite video monitor adapter warranty . Include
- Manual included
JE1052.
\(\$ 49.95\)

\section*{Other IBM Compatible Products Available!}

\section*{ZUCKKIEI?}
 the Tandy 1000 and 1000SX 2 Year Warranty! FEATURES: • A microprocessor-controlled servo mechanism guarantees high performance and maximum reliability \(\cdot 20\) MegaBytes formatted capacity \(\cdot\) Compact design - DC power only \((+12 \mathrm{~V}\) and \(+5 \mathrm{~V})\). Access time: 85 ms - Pre-formatted with MSDOS • Uses only 1 slot • 2-year warranty • Just Plug In and Go!
T20MB 20 MegaByte Hard Disk Drive for TANDY 1000.
\(\$ 494.95\)
SX20MB 20 MegaByte Hard Disk Drive for TANDY 1000sX. \(\$ 499.95\)


Multifunction Board with Clock/Calendar for the Tandy 1000 - Expands the Tandy 1000 ( 128 K Version) to as much as 640 K - Comes with Clock/Calendar, RS232 serial port, RAM Disk, Printer Spooler and on-board DMA controller chip - Made in the U.S.A. • 5 -year warranty
MT256 256K RAM (Expand to 512K) and Manual .... \$179.95
MT512 512K RAM and Manual. . . . . . . . . . . . . \$199.95


Expansion Memory Half Card \& Clock/Calendar for Tandy 1000
- Expands Tandy 1000 (128K Version) to as much as 640 K using 256 K DRAM chips \(\cdot\) Incl. DMA controller chip-Optional clock/calendar plugs onto board (not incl.) - Made in the U.S.A. \(\cdot 5\)-year warranty

\title{
Imitation of Life
}

\section*{by Harry Bee}

Tornado Notes runs on the Tandy 1000/1200/3000 (256K). Micro Logic Corp., P.O. Box 174, 100 2nd St., Hackensack. NJ 07602. 201-342-6518. \$49.95.

Tornado Notes does a fair impression of the barely manageable collection of notes, lists, reminders, and vague jottings that, strewn from one end of your life to the other, are the inescapable consequence of a busy existence. The significant difference the program makes is that you can find them. That bit of yet-to-be-classified (sometimes unclassiffable), yet-to-befiled, yet vital information no longer gets thrown out with the envelope you scribbled it on, or falls off the wall to be lost behind the bookcase forever.

Tornado Notes is a memory-resident accessory. Not a data base in any sense, it lets you apply data base-like functions to what would otherwise be scattered scraps. At the least you can gather all your important oddments into one pile. From there, you can search through them, rearrange them, merge them and cut them up, edit them, add to them, and print them out, among other things. As long as your computer is on you have a place to jot, and your notes are always available.

\section*{Making Notes}

Making a new note is easy. Whatever application you're running. Tornado Notes stands ready to pop up at the stroke of an alternate-J key combination. (The hot key is reprogrammable.) Press " N " to open a new window and type. The text editor is quick and convenient and gives you a good set of editing tools, including cut and paste. For familiarity's sake it borrows commands from Wordstar, such as control-Y to delete a line.
Most notes tend to be small, but you can expand the note window to the full size of your screen. You can type more than a screen of text, which will scroll as


Examples of information you can file with Tornado Notes.
date; escape-T inserts the time. Tab and shift-tab move from one field to another. Fields expand to accept the amount of text you need to put there.

\section*{The Notes Pile Up}

Once you have collected a few notes, the screen starts looking more like the careless pile of notes the program simulates. But there is more organization than meets the eye. The arrangement permits you to see pieces of as many as 28 notes, so that you can scan several notes at a glance, at
long as you have something to add. All the characters in your computer's character set are available. When you're through. you can reshape the window to show as much or as little of the note as you like. If the window is too large for the text, the program shrinks it to fit when you leave the editor.
An easier way to make a note is to grab a screen from the program you're running in the foreground. For example, editing records in your data base, you come across one you want to pull out to examine later. Five keystrokes in quick succession (alternate-J, -O, -G, -C, and -L) capture the screen into a Tornado Note, and you continue what you were doing without another thought.
Another kind of note is a form, a prepared note that only needs filling out to be complete. Two things differentiate a form from a regular note: It begins with a special symbol, and it has fields, like a data-entry form. You can make your own electronic version of those pink "While you were out" telephone memos you see everywhere, with places for the date, time, who called, a message, and even two columns of possible dispositions to check off. You create the form once, and it becomes an inexhaustible pad of the things.
Thereafter, when the telephone rings, pop up Tornado Notes and press " F ", for form, and the form's identifying letter. A copy of the form appears with your cursor in the first field. Escape-D inserts the
least one in its entirety.
One note, the so-called current note that's on "top" of the pile at the moment, has a different border and intensity (or color, depending on your monitor) than the others. The current note is the one most commands affect.
You have several ways of looking at your notes. With the up- and down-arrow keys you leaf through the pile a note at a time. The down arrow moves the top note off the pile and highlights the next lower one. The up-arrow reverses the process. An automatic feature walks you through the pile. The end key takes you to the bottom of the pile, and home gets you immediately to the top. The page-up and page-down keys let you browse several notes at a time.
If you want to pick up a group of notes on the same subject or locate a note quickly, type G, for get, and a search term. As you type, the program searches every word of all your notes. If your search term is unique, the note you want often appears before you finish typing. Otherwise, the notes containing the text you typed are gathered into a separate pile.

Either moving a note to the top or bottom of the pile is a one-key operation. but it's not so convenient to rearrange the pile otherwise-one of just two awkward functions I found in the program. You can only move a note down the pile. Often that means first putting it on top of the stack to get it where you want it.

The other clumsy function is moving text between notes. (Cut and paste within a note is a snap.) You can join two adjacent notes with two keystrokes. But to move part of one note into another, you have to duplicate the first, join it to the second, then edit out the parts you don't want.

\section*{Versatility}

The program's ability to grab a screen of text from the foreground is balanced by a feature that can type text directly into a foreground application, such as a word processor or data base. This gives you a resident clipboard for transferring data among files and programs. Tornado Notes can also write ASCII files to disk, as well as read them, which saves having to load an editor for things like batch files.

The program's printing features not only let you print batches of notes to take with you, but make Tornado Notes a handy, resident editor for writing memos and short letters, too. You can set margins, page breaks, and page length. It keeps track of the line count and advances the page on command. Since you can include the full range of ASCII characters, you can also send codes to your printer for underlining, boldface, or other special features.

You won't use this program long before you find certain notes have become permanent. I keep lists of the macros I write for the various applications I use. Likewise, you can add pop-up help screens to applications that don't have them. Other candidates for permanent notes are all the things you find yourself looking up frequently. The distribution disk comes with a file full of useful reference lists such as metric conversions.

In fact, you can maintain as many files of notes as you like, each for a special purpose, and swap them in and out of memory with a few keystrokes. The program's Save file can be used as a provisional wastebasket for notes you no longer want in your main pile but aren't sure you want to throw away either. And if you get to be fanatical about your Tornado Notes, one feature lets you load multiple copies of the program, each with its own hot key and particular pile of notes.

\section*{Easy Acquaintance}

Another file supplied with the distribution disk is an interactive tutorial that takes you through the program's main features with clear examples and handson demonstrations. I especially appreciated the tutorial because the manual is wordy, overblown, and, frankly, tiresome.

But as many features as the program offers, Tornado Notes is not difficult to
learn. Its commands are straightforward, easy enough to remember, and its menus remind you of the commands. When the menus aren't enough, you call on help notes to explain the menu choices. And experimentation is safe: The program is one of the best-behaved memory-resident programs I've used, and it handles errors well, too. When you no longer need the menus, you can make them invisible or get rid of them entirely and free up 3 K of memory in the bargain.

> doyou
> don't always have to be the one to adjust.

Because the current pile of notes is resident, and the program doesn't need continual access to its files, it's as well suited to floppy-disk systems as hard disks. In memory, the program uses \(50 \mathrm{~K}, 3 \mathrm{~K}\) more if you're using the menus, plus the note buffer. The default size of the note buffer, 20 K , holds about 100 of the kind of notes I tend to make-about a quarter screen on the average. You can shrink the buffer down to 1 K or expand it to as much as 54 K .
Micro Logic has gone out of its way, I think, to let you tailor as many program parameters as possible to the way you work. You can set Tornado Notes on the fly to work with different sorts of foreground conditions-Hercules graphics, for instance. You can change the color scheme and the kinds of frames around your notes. You can display notes side by side instead of overlapping. Change the standard size of a new note window, the pitch of its beep, the way it writes the date. This program will meet you more than half way toward establishing a comfortable working relationship; you don't always have to be the one to adjust.

\section*{Conclusion}

For the way I live and work, I found Tornado Notes perfectly suited. If you tend to accumulate odd scraps of paper and occasionally make a list to keep track of your lists, there's something in this program to interest you. It's not just useful in its concept, it's also useful in practice. It looks good and operates smoothly and, most importantly, safely among your other utilities and applications. I consider Tornado Notes a worthwhile addition to anyone's kit of productivity tools.

\section*{REVIEWS}

\section*{Finally!}
by David A. Williams
Finally! runs on the Tandy 1000/1200/ 3000 and requires two floppy drives. The Finally! Subroutines come in Quick Basic and Turbo Basic versions. The Finally! Modules are available only for Quick Basic. Komputerwerk, 831 Parkview Blvd., Pittsburgh, PA 15215, 412. 782-0384. Finally! Subroutines, \$99; Finally! Modules, \$99.

Modern compilers have breathed new life into Basic programming, as shown by the growing number of programmer's tool kits supporting Microsoft's Quick Basic and Borland's Turbo Basic. Finally!, one of the biggest and most expensive of these tool kits, consists of over 150 Basic subprograms, defined functions, and assembly-language routines. A companion package, Finally! Modules, contains five program modules that integrate with many of the subroutines to perform more complex functions.

\section*{The Subroutines}

The subroutines package includes source code for everything, a library file for linking to programs compiled with the BRUN option, and object files for the assembly routines. The object files, when put into a user library with Quick Basic's Buildlib program, let you use the routines in Quick Basic's interactive mode.

The manual contains a brief overview, lists the routines by name and by function, and describes each routine. These descriptions, averaging a half page or less, include the calling sequence, the inputs, the outputs, and any special instructions needed. Barely adequate even for experienced programmers, the manual leaves much to the beginner's imag. ination and is flawed by many errors.

Two disks contain the files, conveniently grouped in directories. A sample program illustrates the application of a few of the routines, but you have to buy another \$19.95 disk from the company for more complete application examples.

The source code for each routine contains introductory comments describing its function and the calling sequence. Other comments document what the code is doing well enough so you can modify it.

A few of the routines are trivial. Converting Celsius to Fahrenheit, degrees to radians, or uppercase to lowercase probably won't tax your programming skills. All but seven of the 42 defined functions are duplicated in subprogram form. Even so, the package contains many useful routines-functions include date manipulation, math, graphics, hard-
ware interface, sorting, keyboard control, and string handling.

Among the math routines are trigonometric functions not found in Basic; number base conversions; and programs to calculate the average, minimum, and maximum values of an array. One of the more complex ones calculates a least squares fit to an array of data.

The graphics routines can create line, bar, and pie charts. Another routine generates Gantt charts (the manual incorrectly calls them Pert charts) by weeks or months. Routines to dump your graphics to disk or printer are included. All the graphics and other screen-handling routines use DOS and BIOS calls rather than direct screen access.

The hardware routines provide several ways to identify the kind of hardware in use, vital information for some programs. One of the assembly routines serves as a generalized interface to DOSinterrupt routines. Others access drive and directory information.

Although you can only link the library file with programs compiled with the BRUN option, there is a way to use the BCOM option to generate stand-alone programs: Include the source code for the subprograms in your program files, then link the resulting object files with the necessary assembly object files. Alternatively, if you have the Microsoft Library Utility included with the macroassembler, you can build another library file containing object files compiled with the BCOM option.

This procedure has one flaw, however. One of the assembly routines, which several of the subprograms call, locks up the computer if linked to a program compiled with the BCOM option. The developer has a fix for this problem, but it will cost you \(\$ 39.95\) to get it.
The Turbo Basic version of Finally! has in-line code in \$Include files instead of assembly object files. Assembly source code is not included, but as compensation you get test programs.

\section*{The Modules}

Finally! Modules is a collection of five program modules that you can incorporate in your Basic programs compiled with Bascom or Quick Basic. You get two modules for creating menus, one for popup screens, plus an input-screen manager and a directory manager. All require the Finally! Subroutines package described above. Unlike that package, this provides no source code for the modules.
The program disks contain two library files for each module: one each for programs compiled under the BRUN and BCOM options.

The manual briefly describes each module, gives its calling sequence, and

Professional results with Models III 4 * PC/XT/AT Tandy 1000-1200-3000
Therlall msDos sottware is now also

xT.CAD PROFESSIONAL by Microdex. Computer Aided Drafting software for technical production and education. Create, edit, modify precise drawings, details. Features include overlays, grids, cursor snap, zoom, pan, block copy, enlarge, reduce, rotate, mirror, clip, merge, text labels, more. Requires hi-res screen and RS-232 interface. Output to pen plotters. Input from keyboard, or optional digitizer or mouse. Friendly, competent support since 1984. Software is backup-free. Was \(\$ 345\) in 1986 catalog. Model III (48K)
\(\$ 245.00\)
Model 4 4p 4d (64K)
\(\$ 245.00\)
MSDOS computers ( 256 K , fast!) \(\$ 195.00\)
xT.CAD BILL of Materials by Microdex. Software utilizes text labels from xT.CAD drawings to automatically generate invoices, parts requests, shipping lists, etc. Includes a mini-editor for customizing of output to line printers.
Model 4 4p 4d or MSDOS
\$ 45.00

CASH PROFESSIONAL by Microdex. Bookkeeping software with automatic double-entry ledger distribution in userdefinable accounts. Reports by period, account, project, etc. Ideal for small business, professional or personal accounts. Model 4 4p 4d or MSDOS
\(\$ 45.00\)
GRAFYX Solution by Micro-Labs. Easy to install board provides hi-res similar to Radio Shack boards. Includes popular GBASIC software and manual. Supports \(\times\) T.CAD and other graphic programs. Model \(44 p\) 4d ( \(640 \times 240\) pixels) \(\quad \$ 145.00\)

MOUSE interface by Micro-Labs connects to 50 -pin 1/O port and allows the use of Tandy Color Mouse 26-3025 (not included) with \(\times\) T.CAD and other programs.
Model III 44p 4d
\(\$ 115.00\)
Circle 299 on Reader Service card.
Microdex Corporation
1212 N. Sawtelle
Tucson AZ 85716

602/326-3502
Write or call for details.


MICRODEX
Pickupsome realgems for your Model4.


From the editors of 80 Micro . . .

\section*{Unpublished Gems for the Model 4.}

\section*{YES, I want to receive Unpublished Gems for the}

Model 4, four exciting new programs specially selected by the Editors of 80 Micro. Please send my disk for only \(\$ 17.95\).

Payment enclosedAMEXVISAMC

Card \# \(\qquad\)
Signature
Name (print)
Address
City \(\qquad\) State \(\qquad\) Zip \(\qquad\)
Mail to: 80 Micro • Elm St. • Peterborough, NH 03458
Complete the coupon or card and mail today. Or, for immediate service, CALL TOLL FREE 1-800-258-5473 (in NH, dial 1-924-9471) and charge it to your credit card!
Includes postage \& handling. Please allow 4.6 weeks for delivery. Foreign airmail add \(\$ 1.50\).
Model 4 is a registered trademark of Radio Shack, a division of Tandy Corp.

These ingenious programs are not available anywhere-at any priceexcept through this offer. You receive all four Gems for only \$17.95.
New power and versatility
We know you'll love these never-before-published programs, written by experts from England, Canada and the United States.

Here's what you'll get when you order Unpublished Gems for the Model 4
- NovaCalc 4-The popular NovaCalc is now available for the Model 4. It's a powerful, full-featured, menu-driven spreadsheet in Basic, with many of the capabilities of its commercial counterparts.
- Backup 4-Replaces FORMAT/CMD and BACKUP/CMD, and increases system disk free space by 10.5 K . Allows you to make a single-sided, double density, 40 -track format/backup in a single step, without using the FORMAT command.
- Pop-Up Calculator-A nifty four-function calculator with hex, decimal and binary conversion. The calculator can be used from TRSDOS Ready, Basic, or while running an applications program.
- Cross Reference Utility-A machine language utility which lists address or value references within a program. Displays each referenced value and a complete listing of addresses which use or reference that value. Fast and easy-to-use.
You'll receive all four programs on a single diskette, with on-disk documentation-all for only \(\$ 17.95\).
Order your Gems today. The added power and versatility are priceless.

\title{
Unpublished gems
}

Four exciting new programs for Model 4 users-from the editors of 80 Micro.
- NovaCalc 4 • Backup 4 - Pop.Up Calculator • Cross Reference Utility

YES, send me Unpublished Gems for the Model 4-four programs on one diskette, for only \$17.95:Payment enclosedAMEXVISAMC

Card \# \(\qquad\)
Signature \(\qquad\)

Name (print)
Address \(\qquad\)
City \(\qquad\) State \(\qquad\) Zip \(\qquad\)
Includes postage \& handling. Please allow \(4-6\) weeks for delivery. Foreign airmail add \(\$ 1.50\).


NO POSTAGE
NECESSARY
IF MAILED
IN THE UNITED STATES

\section*{BUSINESS REPLY MAIL}

FIRST-CLASS MAIL PERMIT NO. 73 PETERBOROUGH,NH 03458

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

CW Communications/Peterborough UNPUBLISHED GEMS FOR THE MODEL 4 80 Elm Street
Peterborough, N.H. 03458-9988
offers some theory on how it works. This manual also has its share of errors.

Although each module is accompanied by a compiled, stand-alone sample program demonstrating its application, the documentation, with one exception, offers no help in using the programs. Also, some of the screens don't match the manual's illustrations. Source code for the examples is included.
This problem was compounded by the considerable difficulty I had getting the programs to run at all on my computer. I use an Everex display adapter that drives both monochrome and color graphics adapter (CGA) monitors. None of the programs would run on the monochrome monitor and one would not run on either. All worked as advertised, however, on an IBM PC/AT equipped with an enhanced graphics adapter (EGA) monitor. I'm willing to give the programs the benefit of the doubt and lay the blame on my setup, but I've never had a problem like this before.
The first menu program creates Micro-soft-style, pull-down menus and supports both the keyboard and a mouse. The system supports as many menus as you can fit names across the screen; if any space is left over, you can insert a title.
Designing a menu is easy. You simply put the main-menu and submenu labels in a two-dimensional array. The program adjusts the width of the pull-down boxes automatically. You can preselect a menu choice in the calling sequence to prompt the user. The output to the calling program is the number of the main menu and submenu selected.
The program has a few peculiarities. One command to pull down the menus doesn't work, but it is hardly needed. Pressing the first letter of the menu label or the enter key displays the pull-down menu. The arrow keys move the light bar across the main-menu names, but pressing any other key moves the light bar as well. Movement of the light bar under mouse control is a little erratic if you move the mouse rapidly, but this is a minor fault.
The second menu program produces menus similar to those of Lotus's 1-2-3 at the top of the screen. Otherwise, this module shares the features (and faults) of the one just described.
The third program module is a screen generator that you can use to design pop-up screens. It is accompanied by a program, misnamed in the manual, that combines the screens into libraries. You use the screen generator as a standalone program or call it from within your application to develop your pop-ups over the actual program screen.
Once you've designed your pop-ups
and stored them in a library, your programs can call them by number. You can store up to 99 pop-ups in memory and display up to five at a time. Your calling program can position a pop-up wherever you want it on the screen.
The operation of the screen generator is far from intuitive and only partly described in the manual. Once you break the code, however, it's easy to use. You can select the colors of the border separately from the text, and you have a choice of several border styles.
The input-screen manager, the fourth program module, is a system for generating and displaying data-input screens. The program supports several data-field types and checks inputs against a predetermined selection of legal entries.
You have to do your initial screen design with a word processor or text editor. Then you use a stand-alone program, called a scanner, to preview the screens, make minor editing changes, and save the screens in compressed format. Lastly, the screen manager displays the screens and processes the input data.
This is good for simple, monochrome screens only. To get color you have to use a separate screen-generating program from other developers.
I found the scanner awkward to use, considering the moderate editing capability it provides. You can change field types and swap field positions, but you can't change the text or colors.

The last program module, a directory manager, provides a directory display and some file-handling capability that you can call from within a program. Filehandling functions include copy, rename, delete, and view (first page only). You can also change directories or make a new directory.

The directory manager has a standalone macro editor that configures the module with the features you want. I'd rather that Komputerwerk had given me the directory manager's source code.

\section*{The Bottom Line}

Although overpriced, these packages contain some innovative and useful programs. The developer, however, has a severe quality-control problem. Besides the goofs I've mentioned, two function files have glaring errors and obviously were not tested in their delivered form. Since I didn't test all 150 subroutines, I have to wonder how many more errors lie hidden in these programs.

The manual should be expanded and made easier to understand. Programming experience will help to fathom its mysteries, but you'll also need some clairvoyance. Until the developer cleans up his act, I would look elsewhere for a Basic tool kit.믐

Circle 137 on Reader Service card.
NOW FOR IBM PC, XT, AT, PS2 AND TRS-80 MODELS \(1,3,4,4 \mathrm{P}\) The Gifted
Computer
1. Buy MMSFORTH before year's end, to let your computer work harder and faster.
2. Then MMS will reward it (and you) with the MMSFORTH GAMES DISK, a \(\$ 39.95\) value which we'll add on at no additional charge!
MMSFORTH is the unusually smooth and complete Forth system with the great support. Many programmers report four to ten times greater productivity with this outstanding system, and MMS provides advanced applications programs in Forth for use by beginners and for custom modifications. Unlike many Forths on the market, MMSFORTH gives you a rich set of the instructions, editing and debugging tools that professional programmers want. The licensed user gets continuing, free phone tips and a
MMSFORTH Newsletter is available.
The MMSFORTH GAMES DISK includes arcade games (BREAKFORTH, CRASHFORTH and, for TRS-80, FREEWAY). board games (OTHELLO and TIC-TACFORTH), and a top-notch CRYPTOQUOTE HELPER with a data file of coded messages and the ability to encode your own. All of these come with Forth source code, for a valuable and enjoyable demonstration of Forth programming techniques.
Hurry, and the GAMES DISK will be our free gift to you. Our brochure is free, too, and our knowledgeable staff is ready to answer your questions. Write.
Better yet, call 617/653-6136.

\title{
IMOSFORTH
} and a free gift!
GREAT FORTH:
MMSFORTH V2.4
\$179.95*
The one you've read about in FORTH: A TEXT \& REFERENCE. Available for IBM PC/XT/AT/PS2 etc., and TRS-80 M.1, 3 and 4
GREAT MMSFORTH OPTIONS:
FORTHWRITE
FORTHCOM 49.95

DATAHANDLER ........................ 59.95
DATAHANDLER-PLUS* .............. 99.95
EXPERT-2 69.95

UTILITIES. 49.95
'Single-computer, single-user prices; corporate site licenses from \$1,000 additional. \(31 / 2^{\prime \prime}\) format, add \(\$ 5 /\) disk; Tandy 1000 , add \(\$ 20\). Add S/H, plus \(5 \%\) tax on Mass. orders. DH + not avail. for TRS-80s.
GREAT FORTH SUPPORT:
Free user tips, MMSFORTH Newsletter, consulting on hardware selection, staff training, and programming assignments large or small.
GREAT FORTH BOOKS:
FORTH: A TEXT \& REF
\(\$ 21.95^{*}\)
THINKING FORTH
16.95

Many others in stock.
MILLER MICROCOMPUTER SERVICES
61 Lake Shore Road, Natick, MA 01760
(617/653-6136, 9 am - 9 pm )

\section*{HAVE YOU CHECKED OUR PRICES? Why pay more than you have to-Call}

\author{
1-800-FOR BIG D \\ (1-800-367-2443)
}

\author{
And Get The LATEST DISCOUNT PRICES AVAILABLE
}
- Cash or credit card convenience
- Same day processing
- Special return policy

\section*{FULL CATALOG SELECTION}

\section*{BIG D COMPUTERS}

North Dallas / Fort Worth • Hwy 114, Roanoke, TX 76262 Only 15 miles to TANDY warehouse for best discount delivery

\section*{Balancing Act by Wynne Keller}

Checkmaster 1.02 runs on the Tandy \(1000 / 1200 / 3000(128 \mathrm{~K})\) and requires DOS 2.1 or higher. Microcomputer Specialists Inc., 18 Lyman St., Westboro, MA 01581, 802-457-4600. \$395.

Assume you own a very small busi-ness-say a computer consulting outfit with corporate headquarters in your basement. You're not an accountant; you just hand your financial records over to a C.P.A. every quarter. Your job is to keep track of transactions and expenses, and keep your business checking accounts in order.

Checkmaster is a comprehensive checkbook maintenance system designed to make that job easier. You can keep track of several checking accounts, assign expenses and deposits to general ledger accounts of your choice, group transactions by category, balance your checkbook easily, and transfer data to your accountant if he or she has the proper software.

The program has its drawbacks, however. Operation is slow, editing is cumbersome, and payables and receivables are difficult to handle.

\section*{Setup}

Checkmaster comes with a set of demonstration disks packaged so that you can try out the program before breaking the seal on the software itself. If you decide the program doesn't meet your needs, you can return it within 30 days for a refund. This excellent arrangement means that you take very little risk when you buy the product.
Printer setup can be a problem. Some of the reports are 132 characters wide. requiring compressed print on an \(80-\mathrm{col}\) umn printer. The manual suggests using the standard printer driver provided and refers you to the appendix if the driver doesn't work. The standard driver would not put my IBM-graphics-compatible printer in compressed mode, and the appendix contained no further information on printer drivers.

Two other drivers supplied with Checkmaster, one of them supposedly for IBM graphics printers, also failed to produce compressed print. Customizing one of the printer drivers to your printer is an option, but it's not a simple matter. Since the manual offered no help, I decided not to tackle the job, which meant I had to put up with truncated reports.

\section*{Credits and Debits}

Checkmaster manages two basic types of accounts: balance and income/ expense. A checking account is a bal-
ance account; you can enter a previous balance when you set up this type of account. Income and expense accounts. which help you categorize expenses and deposits, have a zero balance when you open them. Because you can't enter a previous balance, you must start using the program at the beginning of a fiscal year, or else manually combine Checkmaster's totals at the end of the year with any previous balance you might have had.

When you establish account names and numbers, you can also assign each account a six-character code. This is
helpful later when entering transactions, especially if you make the code easy to remember, such as TEL for the telephone account. The program has a handy search function that lets you enter a partial account code, from which it looks for the nearest match. You never need use the account number for a trans-action-the code is enough.
You can save time by entering the names and addresses of frequent payees and assigning them a code. Thereafter, you can write a check simply by typing the payee's code. The program prints the payee's full name and address; you

\section*{TANDY ADD-ONS}

30 Meg Hard Card

Hard Drive Kits

TANDY 1000
\begin{tabular}{|lr|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Cards } \\
\(300 / 1200\) Modem & \(\$ 119.95\) \\
\(300 / 1200 / 2400\) & \(\$ 199.95\) \\
Modern & \(\$ 79.95\) \\
Mini 10 & \(\$ 169.95\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Tandy 3000 \& 3000 HL Hard Drive Kits Includes Drive, Controller \& Cable
\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline 20 Meg & \(\$ 399.95\) \\
30 Meg & \(\$ 599.95\) \\
40 Meg & \(\$ 699.95\) \\
80 Meg & \(\$ 999.95\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{BODEX CORP.} 224 E. Main Street Marlboro, MA 01752 Tel. 617-485-5115
Hours: 10 a.m. -7 p.m., Sat. 10 a.m. -5 p.m.
true data products 115 So. Main Street Uxbridge, MA 01569
Tours: 9 a.m. 6 ....., sal. 10 a....4. .....


You're in good company with Micro Smart!
In addition to the thousands of home-users who rely on Micro Smart, our clients include:
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Boston University & New England Power \\
Georgia Tech & State of New York \\
Granite State Power & Tufts University \\
Harvard University & University of Hartford \\
Holy Cross & University of Pennsylvania \\
Honeywell & U.S. Government \\
Mass Electric & Yale University
\end{tabular}

\section*{\$54995}

\section*{Introducing!}

Micro Smart's SMART MICRO \({ }^{\text {x }}\)
- Compatibility - by far the best and most compatible bios. We guarantee that MS-DOS software will operate flawlessly: Lotus 2.x, Symphony, Flight Simulator (in all our systems), Wordstar 2000, Word, DBase, RBase, the list goes on and on ...
- One high quality 360 K floppy drive. (Our head technician checks each one.)
- Turbo Speed - 8 MHz or 4.77 MHZ
- 256K memory (You can upgrade to 640 K on the motherboard.)
- Monochrome monitor with Herculescompatible graphics card
- 1 parallel printer port
- AT-style keyboard
- 8 expansion slot motherboard - 4 layers
- Continuous and heavy duty 150 Watt power supply
- Key lock
- Turbo light - No guessing! If it's green, it's Turbo
- Modern styling
- FCC Class B approved

SMART MICRO \({ }^{\text {m }}\) OPTIONS
(Sold with complete system)
- 640K Memory Upgrade
\(\$ 50.00\)
- Second 360K floppy drive ... \(\$ 100.00\)
- 10-60MB hard drives
- EGA and CGA color systems
- DOS 3.2 \(\$ 80.00\)
- Enhanced keyboard . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 30.00\)
- Mouse with serial port. . . . . . . . \$109.95
- 300/1200 modem with software . . . \(\$ 79.95\)
- Tilt and swivel monitor . . . . . . . \(\$ 9.00\)

Special! • 5MB system COMPLETE ..... \$749.95

\section*{(*Replaces monitor packaged with \\ By 2 p.m. you can start}

Long waits for your system? NEVER! Order it by 2:00 pm on any week day and, if in

Microsmart provides you with service!!
All of our computers are given a primary burn for 48 hours and after setup, are burned again for 72 hours.

We then configure YOUR system and diagnostically check it out.

\section*{SERVICE}

No one does it better! Shipments are made Monday through Friday. *All in-stock items are shipped the same day if your order is placed by 2:00p.m. Orders placed
after 2:00p.m. are shipped the next business day.

\section*{TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE}

We pride ourselves in our ability to assist in most situations. We will even try, when able, to help you with a competitor's product, or try to steer you in the right direction

\section*{SMART MICRO E \({ }^{\text {ix }}\)}
- Compatibility - by far the best and most compatible bios. We guarantee that MS-DOS software will operate flawlessly. Lotus \(2 . x\), Symphony, Flight Simulator (in all our systems), Wordstar 2000, Word, DBase, RBase, the list goes on and on ...
- Turbo speed ( 8 MHz clock - you can switch down to 4.77 MHz like the competition, but would you really want to?!)
- Turbo light - No guessing! If it's green, it's Turbo.
- 8 expansion slot motherboard -4 layer motherboard for reliability.
- 640K memory - High quality pretested chips.
- FREE amber monitor and Hercules compatible graphics card.
- High resolution graphics - Both the monitor and display card are Hercules compatible.
- We even give you a tilt and swivel base for your comfort.
- One high quality 360 K floppy drive. (Our head technician checks each one.)
- Continuous and heavy duty 150 Watt power supply (15 Watts more than most competitors).
- A battery backed-up clock calendar.
- A slot for a math co-processor chip 8087.
- 1 Serial port - you can add a second.
- 1 parallel port for your printer.
- 1 game port for joy sticks.
- 1 light pen port.
- AT style keyboard with 10 function keys.
- FCC Class B Approved.


SMART MICRO E \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) OPTIONS:
(Sold with complete system)
CGA Color system \(640 \times 200 \ldots \$ 240.00^{*}\)
EGA Color system \(640 \times 350 \ldots \$ 475.00^{*}\)
or 132 -column EGA . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 525.00\)
8087 math coprocessor . . . . . . \(\$ 125.00\)
Enhanced keyboard . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 30.00\)

5 megabytes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 849.95\)
10 megabytes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 899.95\)
21 megabytes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$1,029.95
40 megabytes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$1,199.95
(*Replaces monitor packaged with standard system configuration.)

\title{
computing your savings...
}
for assistance. Just call our well-trained technical staff. You will find them anxious to be of service.

TRADEMARKS: IBM Corp.; Lotus Development; Tandy Corp.; Microsoft, Inc.; Micro Smart Inc.

\section*{ORDER TOLL FREE! 1-800-343-8841}

MONEY BACK GUARANTEE
Absolutely. We don't want
you to have a product that
you aren't happy with. Just
MONEY BACK GUARANTEE
Absolutely. We don't want
you to have a product that
you aren't happy with. Just
MONEY BACK GUARANTEE
Absolutely. We don't want
you to have a product that
you aren't happy with. Just
MONEY BACK GUARANTEE
Absolutely. We don't want
you to have a product that
you aren't happy with. Just
let us know within 21 days of receipt and, upon return, we will give you a refund (less (Continued on next page)



NEW! DIGITAL DISPLAY \$49.95

- Digital display unit showing speed and activity of the printer and serial port


\section*{\$1,09995}

\section*{SMART MICRO/AT286}
- \(10 \mathrm{MHz}, 0\) or 1 wait-state
- Compatibility - by far the best and most compatible bios. We guarantee that MS-DOS software will operate flawlessly: Lotus \(2 . x\), Symphony, Flight Simulator (in all our systems), Wordstar 2000, Word, DBase, RBase, the list goes on and on . .
- 8 FULL expansion slots to fill all of your expansion needs. No half slots.)
- Turbo light - No guessing. If it's lit, it's Turbo.
- 1024K memory - High quality pretested chips \((640 \mathrm{~K}\) base; 384 K extended). 100NS chips only.
- FREE amber monitor and Hercules compatible graphics card.
- High resolution graphics - Both the monitor and display card are Hercules compatible.
- We even give you a tilt and swivel base for your comfort.
- One high quality floppy drive. 1.2 meg or 360K. (Our head technician checks each one.)
- 200 watt power supply.
- AT style keyboard with 10 function keys.
- 1 serial port (second port \(\$ 25.00\) additional)
- 1 parallel port.
- Slot for a math co-processor 80287.
- One light pen port.
- A clock calendar for automatic time and date w/battery backup.
- FCC Class B Approved.
(*Replaces monitor packaged with standard system configuration.)

\section*{Place your order by 2 p.m.}
(Continued from previous page) shipping, handling and insurance).

\section*{WARRANTY and AFTER WARRANTY SERVICE}

As a team, we have been serving you since 1981. We know how important it is for you to be up and running. In and out of warranty service is treated
the same. YOU'RE IMPORTANT TO US! All repairs are done within 24 hours!

\section*{SPEAKING OF WARRANTIES} We're the best. TWO YEARS on all electronics boards and fifteen months on all mechanicals. Just ask us. We will tell you about our extra advantages!

\section*{\$2,49995}

\section*{SMART MICRO 386}
- \(8 / 16 \mathrm{MHz}\), no wait state. With our FREE 64 K memory caching, it's \(\mathbf{2 3 M H z}\).
- Compatibility - by far the best and most compatible bios. We guarantee that MS-DOS software will operate flawlessly. Lotus 2.x, Symphony, Flight Simulator (in all our systems), Wordstar 2000, Word, DBase, RBase, the list goes on and on ...
- 1024K memory - High quality, pretested chips ( 640 K base; 384 K extended), with up to \(4 M B\) on the motherboard.
- 1 parallel port.
- 8 layer motherboard.
- 8 FULL expansion slots
- Enhanced keyboard.
- High-resolution monochrome monitor with a tilt and swivel base.
- 1.2MB floppy drive.
- 3 half-high external device slots.
- 2 half-high internal device slots.
- 200 Watt power supply
- 64K memory caching.
- 1 serial port (second port \(\$ 25.00\) additional).
- FCC Class B Approved.



SMART MICRO 386™ OPTIONS:
(Sold with complete system and installed)
- 40MB hard drive ............ \(\$ 599.95\)
- 60MB hard drive ........... \(\$ 799.95\)
- 360K floppy drive ........... \(\$ 100.00\)
- DOS 3.2 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 80.00\)
- Tape back-up system ....... \$699.95
- 300/1200 modem with software . . \(\$ 79.95\)
- EGA monitor and card ..... \$475.00* or \(\$ 525.00\) for 132 -column format
- CGA monitor and card ..... \$240.00*
(*Replaces monitor packaged with
standard system configuration.)

\section*{Micro Smart ships by 5 p.m.}

TERMS and CONDITIONS
The prices quoted here are for cash. We will accept MasterCard, VISA, Discover
and American Express at cepted based on prior apcash prices. COD's are accepted without any deposit. Purchase orders are ac-
proval. Call today for details! Our hours are from 9:30 am to 5:30 pm, Monday through Friday and from 10:00 am to 4:00 pm on Saturday.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Dealer rnauiries Invied } \\
& \text { ORDER TOLL FREE! } \\
& \text { 1-800-343-8841 }
\end{aligned}
\]
have the option of correcting the information if necessary.

Entering checks and deposits is the most common activity under Checkmaster. The process is streamlined to some extent: The date defaults to the system date, the checking account to the most recently used account. However, I found some irritating problems. The worst is that you're unable to edit within a line of text. Pressing the delete key does nothing; instead, you have to erase by pressing the spacebar, or make corrections by typing over. You can't even move to the end of the line to add text, because touching the arrow keys jumps the cursor out of the line entirely.

Another problem is slow operation. I ran Checkmaster from a hard disk drive and found it annoyingly slow. With a floppy-disk-based system, the waiting could get very tedious.

Entering a check involves using two screens: one for the amount, payee, memo, and so on; and one to allocate the money to various accounts. You can disable the allocation portion of the program, but if you do so, you've spent \(\$ 395\) to do nothing but balance your checkbook. The allocation screen is easy but time-consuming to use; you wait for the screen to be drawn, type in the ac-

Circle 387 on Reader Service card.

\section*{\$1,000,000 IN EXTRA SALES}


> YOU CAN'T AFFORD NOT TO BUY THIS VIDEO!

Wayne Green explains how your business can generate an extra \(\$ 1,000,000\) in sales. You'll get step-by-step instructions on the intelligent use of public relations as well as many tips from Green's 35 years of expertise in the publishing world.
To order send \$99 (check or MC/VISA) to:

> Wayne Green Enterprises, Inc. WGE Center
> Peterborough, NH 03458
> or call 1-603-525-4201 x522
count code to allocate the funds, then verify that your entry is correct before the program records it.

You can't add an account while entering a transaction. If you find no account appropriate for the transaction, you have to exit and go to another section to add the account.

There's no onscreen help, so you must depend entirely on the manual, which ranges from silent to cryptic on a number of important topics. It does not address accounts payable and receivable at all, yet the sample chart of accounts shows several examples of payables and one receivable as balance-type accounts.
Checkmaster doesn't permit any allocations to balance-type accounts when you write a check. Using these accounts, therefore, requires an extra step, a dummy income/expense account to record a transfer between the checking account and the payable or receivable account. This is more trouble than it's worth, so if you want to keep active accounts payable and receivable, Checkmaster is not for you.
Checkbook reconciliation requires typing in the check number (or pressing return to get the oldest number in the file) followed by the amount of the check or deposit. This is no doubt considered a safeguard against error, but it would be more convenient if the program displayed the amount, so you had only to press return to accept it.
Optional setup of recurring transactions is a real convenience. When you enter the check-writing section of the program, Checkmaster automatically reminds you if a recurring transaction is due and displays the transaction for your approval. This feature can save a lot of time and prevents forgetting periodic obligations.
Checkmaster can send accounting data to Easybusiness Systems' General Ledger program or to the Checkmaster/ CPA Client Accounting System. You can also create a standard ASCII file from program data for transfer to a spreadsheet or database.

\section*{Reports}

You can design and store up to ten preprinted check formats, a definite plus


Checkmaster allows you to sort through your checks, find the one you are looking for, then pull it up for close inspection.
over similar programs. If you want a predesigned check, the sample file contains the NEBS 9024 multipurpose form for convenience.
You can send check register reports to the screen or printer and select data for reports by specifying a category of transaction, a range of dates or amounts, cancelled checks only, and so forth. If the report goes to the printer, you can opt for a detailed or a summary report: the detailed one includes all information about the transaction-even remarks, memos, and the bank name.

You can also generate financial reports using options similar to those for check registers. The financial report shows credits and debits in more typical accounting style, and can give subtotals. Financial reports vary depending on the options you select, and you have many options. However, you can't actually design your own reports as you can design printed check formats.

\section*{Final Balance}

On the plus side are Checkmaster's excellent search facility for account and payee codes, the ability to design check formats, and easy handling of recurring transactions. For businesses that need to send data to an accountant, Checkmaster also provides a link to specialized accountant's software. In the minus column, however, are poor payables and receivables capability, clumsy editing, lack of a custom report generator, and no provision for storing report formats.
Andrew Tobias's Managing Your Money (MECA Inc.) costs about half as much, runs faster, has full editing, lets you add accounts while entering transactions, and lets you design your own reports (but not your own checks).
Checkmaster has the link to specific accountant's software and a better re-curring-transaction function, but I'd still expect more for \(\$ 395\).

\title{
Tandy Computers: Because there is no better value.'
}

\section*{The New Tandy \({ }^{2000}\) TX}


\section*{Wall Street Weak by Wynne Keller}

The Investor's Management System runs on the Tandy 1000/1200/3000 (256K) and requires DOS 2.x. Main Line Software Inc., 550 Julie Rivers Drive, Suite 110, Sugar Land, TX 77478, 713 -240-5815. \$88.

The Investor's Management System (TIMS) comprises a group of Basic programs that record stock purchases, sales, and price fluctuations; calculate the value of your holdings; and print reports of transactions and price changes. Although the programs are easy to understand, certain design flaws make them tedious to use, and the package doesn't do enough work to justify its \(\$ 88\) price tag.

TIMS is attractively packaged and takes a unique approach to manuals. Perhaps operating on the assumption that most people don't or won't read a manual, Main Line provides documentation on cassette as well as in printed form. Thus, you can learn how to use the program by reading, or you can sit back and listen to the cassette.

The documentation is thorough. However, one error could cause a problem for
novices-the manual instructs harddisk users to transfer the programs to their hard drives with the command Copy A:*.* B: (the B should be a C).

\section*{The Programs}

To use TIMS, you must specify four open files when you load Basic. The manual tells you how, but it would have been nice if the company had included a batch file to load Basic and TIMS properly. TIMS is operated from a menu that loads separate Basic programs depending on your selection. The major functions are adding a company, working with stock (buy/sell/analyze), updating stock prices, entering dividends, printing reports, and calculating the value of your holdings.

The first step involves adding the name of each company whose stock you wish to own or already own. You can access a company's record by its full name, exchange name, or ticker-tape symbol. You can also include its stock rating. You then enter transactions for the company: the date, price per share, number of shares bought or sold, and commission.

You can analyze your holdings and play "what if" games. With your present holdings of a stock displayed in one column on the screen, you enter possible
buy or sell orders and prices. A second column of data appears, revealing the new average price per share, total shares held, net profit per share, and other data. This feature is good for making educated guesses because it all remains hypothetical until you give the command to add the transaction to your holdings.

TIMS conveniently lets you specify which block of a company's shares you are selling. For example, if you own two blocks of ABC stock, one bought at \$10 a share and one at \(\$ 20\) a share, you can opt to sell the \(\$ 10\) stock only, or even to sell 50 shares of the \(\$ 10\) stock and 50 of the \(\$ 20\) stock.
Other parts of the program let you update stock prices by entering the high. low, closing price, and volume for a given date. You can record stock dividends (date and amount) and stock splits.

\section*{The Down Side}

This all sounds pretty useful, but I don't care for the mechanics of data entry. First, editing isn't handled at the same time as data entry, so you must go back to the menu and select another program to correct mistakes.

Second, you must unlearn your habit of pressing the enter key to move to the

Circle 214 on Reader Service card.

next line after each entry. TIMS expects you to move down with the down-arrow or F10 key.

You press enter only when a page is complete and you're ready to record the data. If you press enter at the wrong time (and you will), you end up recording partial data for a company or transaction, which means you must go back to the menu and select the edit option to correct the error.
Third, recording stock data could be easier. To enter prices, you must select the stock by name or abbreviation. The first line calls for the full name, so to save typing time you move down two lines to enter the ticker-tape symbol instead. But because you can't use the enter key, you have to hunt for the down-arrow or F10 key, move the cursor down, and type in the abbreviation.

This isn't too bad if you have only a few stocks. But it's not unreasonable to suppose that you'd want to track 20 or so stocks, whether you own them or not. Consider how much faster it would be if the program displayed your stocks on screen, and all you had to do was enter prices. This type of streamlining would also help prevent skipping over stocks while updating prices.

Not skipping stocks is important when
you want to find out your holdings' net worth. TIMS omits any stock without a current price from the valuation of your worth, but its original cost shows up in the cost total. This invalidates the calculation without your knowing it. The program for calculating net worth sometimes locked up my computer, and I had to restart from scratch.

\section*{Mutual Funds Forgotten}

You can't use the program to track mutual funds, which is a shame since mutual funds are so popular. One problem is commissions. The program automatically assigns a commission on a sale, based on a discount schedule, if you don't enter one. Many mutual funds are sold without a "load," meaning no commission is taken. You could get around this by assigning a token commission of 10 cents or so, but there are other problems.

One example is mutual fund dividends. Many mutual fund investors have their dividends reinvested in the fund, so they receive fractional shares of the fund instead of money. However, the purchasing section accepts only whole shares, while the money section accepts only dollar amounts. Also, the program can't handle a capital gain distribution from a fund.

TIMS produces two types of reports: stock analysis and stock indicators. The reports are helpful, but you must go through a difficult procedure to obtain them in quantity. You have to choose each stock and each report individually; you cannot ask for either type of report on a range of stocks or for all stocks.
The program doesn't warn you to turn on your printer, and if it isn't on line, the program aborts and returns you to the main menu.

The manual warns you not to store too many stock prices in the program at a time, due to disk space limitations. It suggests that you periodically print reports of accumulated stock indicators, then delete the old indicators. According to the manual, this might be necessary as often as once a week if you have a lot of stock.

\section*{The Bottom Line}

The Investor's Management System offers some nice features, including hypothetical investment display and flexibility in specifying which block of stock to sell. However, it is clumsy to use and leaves too much work for the operator. Other investment software on the market gives much better value for the money.

Reviews Continued on p. 107

Circle 214 on Reader Service card.


\title{
Make lit Snappy \\ This Basic compiler offers
} advantages over larger, commercial packages.
by Bruce Tonkin


People interested in computing generally start learning in one of two ways. Sometimes, they run an applications program (a word processor or a spreadsheet, for example) and then proceed to other applications or even computer languages. Alternatively, they might study a computer language and then build on that knowledge by writing programs themselves or running programs others have written. In either case, a good way to learn anything is to study working examples.

In this article, I'll give you the means to generate your own working examples of assembly-language code. As a bonus, you'll get a Basic compiler I call BBC (Bruce's Basic Compiler) that generates assembly as output. BBC is written modularly, so it should be easy to alter or extend for particular purposes. You'll find the output fast and efficient, especially for small utility programs and simple tasks.

\section*{Bruce's Basic Compiler}

BBC is a subset compiler written in Mi-

\section*{System Requirements Tandy 1000/1200/3000 256K RAM \\ MS-DOS 2.1 or higher 360K disk drive Quick Basic or Turbo Basic Editor/assembler}
crosoft's Quick Basic. You can buy Quick Basic for about \$60, and Borland's Turbo Basic costs about the same. So why would you want to use a subset compiler such as this one? Both of those compilers are full (not subset) compilers and have far more features than BBC has.

First, BBC is more educational: You can get complete assembly output for any legal BBC Basic program, as an aid to learning assembly programming techniques. Second, the size of the programs BBC generates is much smaller than those produced by almost any other compiler for any other language under MS-DOS.

Most language compilers include a "run-time system" with every program they produce. This run-time system can be very large indeed. For example, if you were to compile a trivial program like:

\section*{PRINT"HELLO":END}
with Quick Basic, you'd get at least a 25 K stand-alone executable file! Turbo Basic has a similar overhead.

BBC would produce a far smaller EXE file than that. If you wanted to write a small program to print something on the screen and return to DOS, using BBC could save you at least 24 K . BBC only uses the routines your program needs. It does not include all the routines from its library each time it compiles a program. For many users, this is an important advantage. Not only is the code small, but the run-time overhead is nearly non-existent.

Since the biggest disadvantage of writ-
ing in assembly is that it is tedious to do simple things, BBC can get you right through most of the drudgery to the interesting things you'd planned to use assembly for in the first place!

BBC lets you use assembly code anywhere you want to in your program. (See "Using Assembly with BBC" on p. 46.) You can use a Gosub to an assembly routine and even have access to any of the variables in the Basic program once you're there. You can put assembly right in the middle of your program at places you want to optimize for speed. It's easier to use assembly in BBC programs than in Quick Basic or Turbo Basic.

\section*{What You Need}

BBC is a good-sized program. You'll need at least 256 K of RAM, MS-DOS 2.1 or higher, and at least one 360 K disk drive. To convert the assembly code to an EXE file, you need an assembler. Since I've avoided using macros, some of the publicdomain assemblers (such as CHASM) should work well. Among professional assembler packages, either the IBM macroassembler (version 1.0 and later) or Microsoft's assembler for the IBM PC or compatibles should be acceptable.

If you want to type in or modify BBC, 知 you'll need either Quick Basic or Turbo \(\frac{5}{0}\) Basic. With a little effort, you could also aे convert the code to run under the GW-Ba- \(\frac{5}{5}\) sic interpreter; you would need to change the multiline If statements and add line \(\underset{\underline{\underline{3}}}{ }\) numbers.


\section*{How to Run BBC}

BBC reads a Basic program as input and outputs assembly source code. Each line of the Basic program is translated into one or more assembly commands. If you ask \(B B C\) to include documentation, it gives you the original Basic program as comments within the assembly listing. This lets you see the assembly equivalents for each line of Basic code.

You can modify the resulting assembly source code or convert it immediately into a runnable COM file with the assembler.

To run \(B B C\), enter the program BBC.BAS (see Program Listing 1) with the Quick Basic or Turbo Basic editor and compile it. Then enter BBC.LIB (Program Listing 2) with any text editor capable of producing plain ASCII files. If you do not have a word processor or text editor with this capability, you can use Edlin (provided with all versions of MS-DOS).

Save the compiled form of BBC.BAS (BBC.EXE) to disk. You don't need to change BBC.LIB in any way. BBC.EXE can now be run.
If you don't have Quick Basic or Turbo Basic, you can buy a disk containing BBC from me for \(\$ 11\) or get one from 80 Micro (which will contain other programs from this issue). My disk will have the complete source code for BBC.BAS, BBC.LIB, and BBC.EXE and documentation for running the programs. (The 80 Micro Disk Series 1000/1200/3000 version, available in December, will not contain documentation.)

Once you have produced BBC.EXE and BBC.LIB, you're ready to compile your first program. Enter and save the following program in Basic:
10 PRINT"HELLO!"
20 END
At the DOS prompt type BBC.
In a few seconds, you'll see a message:
Name of program to compile (default type is .BAS):

Answer with the name you used for your
sample program. The default extension for the Basic program is BAS. You can omit it if that's the extension you used.

The next question is:
Name of desired output file (type will be .ASM):
If you press enter, the output file will have the same name as the input file but with an ASM extension. Regardless of the name you choose for the output file, the extension will always be ASM. This helps avoid problems later.

The next question asks if you want documentation for your program. If you answer "Y," the lines from your original Basic program will be included as comments in the code generated by the compiler. That way, you can see just how each line has been converted. The default is "No."

The final question asks for the drive specification for BBC.LIB. This is important: BBC.LIB contains routines that your programs will almost certainly use. Enter the complete drive and path specification, remembering to include a colon after the drive letter and a backslash after the subdirectory name (if any).

If BBC can't find the library after it has finished writing the code for your program, it will tell you so and ask you for the name of the library drive specification once more. You can re-enter the drive specification at this time.

For example, if the library were on drive C in the subdirectory called Compiler, you would enter C: \COMPILER\} \text { as the full } drive and path specification. If you omit
the final backslash, BBC will not find the library. The default for the library drive specification is the current default drive and subdirectory.

You can also run BBC by including the name of the file you want to compile after BBC. To compile MYPROG, for example, you could type BBC MYPROG. That would tell BBC to use MYPROG.BAS as the input file, MYPROG.ASM as the output file, to include no documentation, and to look for the library file on the current drive and subdirectory.

The assembly source code can now be submitted to the assembler you normally use; see the assembler user's manual for the correct syntax. If you use either the Microsoft or the IBM macroassemblers, the output of the assembly file will be an OBJ file that can then be linked using the MS-DOS linker to produce an EXE file. The EXE file can be run directly from the DOS prompt.

Assuming you have Microsoft's macroassembler, you could use Program Listing 3 to assemble, link, and convert MYPROG.ASM to a COM file. The Link and EXE2BIN programs are on your master system DOS disk. You can simplify this whole procedure with a batch file like the one in Program Listing 4 (Compile.BAT). To compile MYPROG.BAS, type COMPILE MYPROG, and everything is taken care of automatically.

\section*{BBC Syntax and Features}

Because BBC is a subset compiler, it lacks some of the features found in a com-

\section*{Using Assembly with BBC}

Because BBC generates assembly language code, it is easy to add in-line assembly to a BBC program. The compiler uses three commands (more properly called "directives"): \#asm, \#endasm, and \#all.

The directive \#asm should appear by itself on a line in your program. Everything following that directive will be printed to the output assembly file without translation until the compiler encounters \#endasm. At this point, normal compilation resumes. The directive \#all forces the compiler to include all the routines from the library in the generated program.

The sample Program Listing that follows illustrates the technique. The program prints the contents of the registers and stores the value of the registers in program variables.

The loop does not execute 10 times because the assembly line:
inc zi
increments the loop variable i before the end of each loop increments it
again. Note that the loop index value is being carried in the AX register. The segment registers are all equal because the compiled program is a COM file.

Subroutines such as this one can be of great help when debugging programs, especially assembly programs.

Program Listing. A sample to test in-line assembly.
\(a x=0: b x=0: c x=0: d x=0: c s=0: d s=0 ; e s=0: s s=0\)
    for \(i=1\) to 10
    next
end
100 \#asm
    mov zax, ax
    mov \(2 b x, b x\)
    mov zcx,cx
    mov \(z d x, d x\)
    mov zcs,cs
    mov zds,ds
    mov zes,es
    mov zss,ss
    inc zi
    4 endasm
    print " \(A X={ }^{n}\); : print ax;
    print \({ }^{n} \mathrm{BX}=\) n \(^{n}\) : :print \(b x\);
    print \({ }^{n} \mathrm{CX}={ }^{=}\); ; print cx;
    print" \(\mathrm{DX}==^{\prime \prime}\); :print dx
    print "CS=";:print cs;
    print" DS \(=\) "; print ds;
    print" \({ }^{n}={ }^{n}\); :print es;
    print" \(\mathrm{SS}={ }^{\prime \prime}\);:print ss
    return
    End
plete implementation of Basic, such as GW-Basic. The Table lists BBC's features as well as the ones it does not implement.

BBC supports some extensions to standard Basic: IPoke, IPeek, Size, ++ , and - - IPoke and IPeek are much like Poke and Peek, except that they deal with integers and not bytes. Size declares the maximum size of a string variable (with a default of 255 bytes). To increment or decrement a variable, use ++ and -- , respectively.

Variable names are slightly different than in GW-Basic. You cannot use two variables of the same name but different types. As far as the compiler is concerned, \(\mathrm{A} \$\) and A are the same variable.

In addition, file I/O is different in BBC than in GW-Basic. First, you can have no more than three files open at any one time. Second, the Open syntax is OPEN, \(1, \mathrm{~F} \$, 344\), where 1 is the file number (the number can be either 1,2 , or 3 , but not a variable), \(\mathrm{F} \$\) is a file name and can be a variable or quoted string, and 344 can be any desired record length from 1 to 32,768 (this parameter can be a variable).

When a record is read from disk, the syntax of the Get command is GET \(1,23, \mathrm{~A} \$\), where 1 is the file number (not a variable), 23 is the record number to get (can be a variable), and \(A \$\) is the string variable in which the record should be placed. The syntax for Put is similar.

The other big difference between BBC and GW-Basic is in BBC's handling of math. BBC does not allow parentheses (see the section of code in Listing 1 starting with NUMEXPRESSION and ending just before ISKEYWORD). There is a reason for this, however; BBC does all computations in registers and does not use the stack. Stack operationsare time-consuming and less efficient than register operations.

In fact, BBC only uses the stack when it absolutely must or when DOS itself uses the stack. If not for DOS, most BBC programs could run nicely with 10 bytes or less of stack space.

As a result, you can't write expressions like:
\(\mathrm{X}=(23+\mathrm{Y})^{*}(42-(\mathrm{Z} / \mathrm{W}))\)
Instead, you would write:
\(\mathrm{A}=23+\mathrm{Y}: \mathrm{B}=\mathrm{Z} / \mathrm{W}: \mathrm{B}=42-\mathrm{B}: \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{A} * \mathrm{~B}\)
Nor can you write:
\(\mathrm{A} \$=\operatorname{MID}(\mathrm{X} \$, 4+\mathrm{Y} . \mathrm{Y})\)
Instead, use:
\(Z=4+Y: A \$=\operatorname{MID} \$(X \$, Z, Y)\)

\section*{Customizing BBC}

Customizing BBC is easy. There is enough room for you to add a number of key words to the program without difficulty. You need only remember that in typical assembly source code produced by
a BBC program the names of all variables begin with \(Z\), followed by the name you gave to that variable in Basic.

If you want to add commands, operators, or functions, first look over the listing of BBC. Commands (e.g., Locate, CLS, and Goto) may or may not use variables, but they do not return values. Operators determine which operations to perform, such as addition, subtraction, division, and logical Not. Functions (e.g., VAL, ASC, and LEN) act on one or more values or variables and return a result that alters one or more variables. Commands are translated in one part of the program, functions in another, and operators in still another. If you want to add a new one of
any of them, you should include it with others of the same kind.

Valid key words and operators are determined by comparing them against a list contained in Data statements at the beginning of the program. If you want to add a command or function, you should include its name (in uppercase) within the area used by other commands or functions. Be sure to insert it before the last command (END), which marks the end of that block. To add an operator, include it after the end of the space reserved for operators, and change the value in the loop that reads the operators.

If you want to add anything that requires the use of a library routine, you
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Commands & Functions & Operators & Comparisons \\
\hline Print & Input & \(=\) & > \\
\hline LPrint & VAL & \(+\) & \(<\) \\
\hline multiline If...Then & STR\$ & + + & \(=\) \\
\hline Goto & LEN & - & => \\
\hline Gosub & Poke & -- & <= \\
\hline Return & Peek & * & <> \\
\hline Stop & IPoke & 1 & \\
\hline Open & IPeek & And & \\
\hline Close & VARPTR & Or & \\
\hline CLS & CHR\$ & Not & \\
\hline Color & ASC & Xor & \\
\hline Locate & Inkey\$ & Mod & \\
\hline Size & Mid\$ & & \\
\hline Call & Left\$ & & \\
\hline Get & Right\$ & & \\
\hline Put & String\$ & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{For...Next DEF SEG}} \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline End & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Features not implemented in BBC:} \\
\hline Arrays* & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Parenthesized expressions} \\
\hline Mid\$ on left of \(=\mathrm{s}\) & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Sequential files*} \\
\hline Floating-point mat & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Event handling} \\
\hline Bounds checking & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Graphics} \\
\hline While...Wend & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Else clause for If...Then} \\
\hline Sound & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Communications ports} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{*You can implement these without altering BBC.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Features in program Data statements but not implemented:} \\
\hline Run & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Structure} & \\
\hline DIM & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{MEM} & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{LSet} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{RSet} & \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Table. BBC features.} & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Program Listing 1. Bruce's Basic Compiler (BBC).}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 770 & DEFINT A-Z \\
\hline 1669 & DEF FNS \((A)=\operatorname{MID} \$(\operatorname{STR} \$(A), 2)\) \\
\hline 2371 & DEF FNP\$(AS,B\$) =LEFT\$(A\$, INSTR (AS,B\$)-1) \\
\hline 4782 & PRINT"BBC: A BASIC compiler. Copyright 1987, Bruce Tonkin." \\
\hline 3895 & PRINT"34069 Hainesville Road, Round Lake IL 60073" \\
\hline 4454 & PRINT"Portions copyright 1982-1987, Microsoft Corp." \\
\hline 4522 & PRINT"All rights reserved, foreign and domestic." \\
\hline 2969 & DIM R\$ 50\(), \mathrm{L} \$(10), \mathrm{F}(100), \mathrm{V} \$(500)\), LN (500), NXT\$ 9 ) , S (500) \\
\hline 2820 &  \\
\hline 5638 & DATA PRINT, LPRINT, IF, THEN, GOTO, GOSUB, RETURN, INPUT, RUN, STOP, OPEN, CLOSE \\
\hline 4614 & DATA VAL (,STRS 1, INKEY\$,LEN (, POKE, PEEK (, IPOKE, IPEEK (,VARPTR (, CHRS \((, A S C\) \\
\hline & ( \\
\hline 2053 & DATA CLS,COLOR,LOCATE,DEF SEG \\
\hline 4545 & DATA STRUCTURE (,DIM, SIZE (,MID\$ (,LEFT\$ (,RIGHT\$ (,STRING\$ (,CALL, MEM, GET \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```
Listing I continued
    2274 D DATA PUT,LSET,RSET,FOR,NEXT,END
    2961 I=1:WHILE (RS (I-1)<>"END"):READ R$ (I):I=I+1:WEND
    TOKENS=I: U=Ø
    DATA AND,OR,NOT,XOR,MOD
    DATA AND,OR,NOT,AD LS(I):NEXT
    SKIPFLAG=0:F$=COMMANDS:IF F$<>"n THEN SKIPFLAG=1
    IF SKIPFLAG THEN GOTO SKIPENTRYI
    LINE INPUT"Name of program to compile (default type is .BAS): ";F$
    LINE INPUT"Name of desired output file (type will be .ASM) : ";OS
    SKIPENTRY1:
        IF INSTR (F$," . ") <1 THEN F$=E$ +' . BAS"
    IF O$<" n THEN O$=F$
    IF INSTR (OS," .") THEN O$=FNP$ (O$,".")
    O$=OS+".ASM":CALL UPPERC(FS):CALL UPPERC (OS)
    IF SKIPFLAG THEN C$="N":GOTO SKIPENTRY2
    C$=" "
    WHILE CS<>"N" AND C$<>"Y"
        PRINT"Do you want documentation in your assembler output (Y/N)?";
        LINE INPUT C$:CALL UPPERC(C$):IF C$="n THEN C$="N"
        WEND
    GETLIBDR:
        LINE INPUT"Please enter the drive spec for BBC.LIB ";LD$:CALL UPPERC(
        LD$)
        KIPENTRY2:
        OPEN"I",1,F$:I=@
    LINELOOP:
        IF EOP (1) THEN GOTO FIXED:
        LINE INPUT #1,L$:IF VAL(LS) THEN LN(I) =VAL (L$):I=I +1
        GOTO LINELOOP
    FIXED:
        CLOSE 1:LN(I) =32767
        OPEN"I",1,FS:OPEN"O",2,O$
        PRINT $2,T$"title "F$
        PRINT #2,"CODE"T$"SEGMENT"
        PRINT #2,T$"ORG 100H"
        PRINT #2,T$"ASSUME CS;CODE,DS:CODE"
        PRINT #2," START:"T$"PUSH CS"
        PRINT #2,T$"POP CX"CR$T$"MOV 2_ZSG,CX"
        ON ERROR GOTO ABORT 
        GOTO GETLINE 
    STRIPPER:
        IF LEN(US)<1 THEN RETURN
        JX=1:WHILE JX<LEN(US) AND MID$(US,JX,1)<=" ":JX=JX+1:WEND
        IF JX>1 THEN US=MIDS (US,JX)
        IF LEN(US) <2 THEN RETURN
        JX=LEN(US):WHILE JX>1 AND MID$(US,JX,1)<=" ":JX=JX-1;WEND
        IF JX<LEN(U$) THEN U$=LEFT$(U$,JX)
        RETURN
    GETLINE:
        IF EOF (1) THEN GOTO ATEND
        FOR.LOOP=0
        LINE INPUT #1,LS:CALL UPPERC(L$):L1$=""":OLN=LN:LN=VAL (LS)
    IF LN THEN W=1:PRINT #2,"I"FNS$(LN)" : ";
    IF C$="Y" THEN PRINT #2,T$";"L$:ELSE PRINT & 2,"n
    IF LN>0 THEN
        X=INSTR(L$," ") :IF X<1 THEN X=INSTR(L$,CHR$ (9))
        IF X<1 THEN GOTO ABORT:
        LS=MIDS (LS,X) : LZ=LZ+1
        ELSE LN=OLN
        END IF
    IF INSTR(L$,"#ALL") THEN FOR PULL%=0 TO 33:F%(PULL%)=1:NEXT PULL%
    IF INSTR(LS,"#ASM")>0 THEN ASM& =1:GOTO GETLINE:
    IF INSTR(LS,"&ASM")>0 THEN
    IF ASM&<1 THEN GOTO GETL2:
    IF INSTR (L$,"#ENDASM")>0 THEN ASM% = Ø: GOTO GETLINE:
    PRINT #2,L$:GOTO GETLINE:
    GETL2:
    A$=nn
    MULTILINE
        FOR.LOOP=0:L1$="":U$=L$:GOSUB STRIPPER:L$=U$
        IF L$<=" " THEN GOTO GETLINE:
        IF LEFT$(LS,1)="'" OR INSTR(L$,"REM")=1 THEN GOTO GETLINE:
    I=1:WHILE (INSTR(L$,R$(I))<>I AND I<=TOKENS) :I=I+1:WEND
    OK=0:GOSUB GENERATE:IF OK THEN GOTO MULTILINE:
    IF L1$>STRING$(LEN(L1$),32) THEN L$=L1$:GOTO NULTILINE:
    GOTO GETLINE
    GENERATE:
    K1=1:K3=0
    LOOKFORMULTI:
    J=INSTR(K1,L$,":")
    IF J THEN FOR K2=1 TO J:K3=ABS(K3-(MID$(LS,K2,1)=CHR$(34)));NEXT
    IF J>0 AND K 3=1 THEN Kl=J +1:GOTO LOOKFORMULT1:
    IF J THEN Ll$=MID$(L$,J+1):L$=LEFT$(L$,J-1)
    IF INSTR(L$,"PRINT")<>1 THEN IF INSTR(LS,"LPRINT")<>1 THEN GOTO NOTPP
    INT:
    J=6-(INSTR(L$,"LPRINT")=1)
    WHILE MID$(L$,J,1)<=" " AND J<LEN(L$):J=J+1:WEND
    IF MIDS(LS,J,1)<=" " THEN K=J I 1:GOTO FEED;
    IF MID$(L$,J,1) <>CHR$ (34) THEN GOTO NOTQUOTEDSTRING:
    J=INSTR(LS,CHR$ (34)):K=INSTR (J +1,L$,CHR$ (34))
    FEED:
        IF K=J+1 THEN PRINT #1,T$"MOV CX,0" #IF INSTR(L$,"LPRINT")=1 THEN
            PRINT #2,T$"MOV AH,5"}:\mathrm{ GOTO SHORTS:_
            ELSE IF K=J+1 THEN PRINT #2,T$nMOV AH, 2":GOTO SHORTS:
    PRINT #2,T$"JMP I'FNS$(LN) "A"FNS$(W+1)
    PRINT #2,"I"FNS$(LN) "A"FNS$(W)":"T$"DB ";:W=W+1
    FOR L=J+1 TO K-1:PRINT #2,FNS$(ASC(MIDS (L$,L,1)));
    IF (L-J-1) MOD 15=14 AND L<K-1 THEN PRINT #2,"N:PRINT #2,T$"DB ";:
            ELSE IF L<K-1 THEN PRINT #2,",";:ELSE PRINT #2,"n
        EXT
    PRINT #2,"InFNS$(LN) "A"FNS$(W)":"T$"MOV BX,OFFSET I"FNS$ (LN) "A"PNS$(W
                                Listing 1 continued on p. }9
```
need to do two things: insert the routine in the library file, and tell BBC to include it. A number precedes each routine in the library.

Let's say your routine is preceded by the number 57 . When your know your command, operator, or function has been used, you should set the variable \(\mathrm{F}(56)\) to a nor-zero value; that ensures that BBC will taclude routine 57 from the library. (Note that \(\mathrm{F}(56)\) is one less than the number you assigned your routine in the library.) You can use any unassigned number for your routines; there is room for up to 101 assembly routines (1-101) in the library. If you need more routines, change the dimension of the \(\mathrm{F}(\) ) array appropriately.

Adding new data types, arrays, rules for parentheses, and operator precedence is considerably more complex and takes a lot more work. There, you're on your own.

\section*{A Test}

One of the most famous tests of a compiler is a program called the Sieve of Eratosthenes. Though the program isn't really a good benchmark, it has an honored status in the industry; it has been used as an informal yardstick of compiler performance for years.

The Sieve program (see Program Listing 5) supposedly computes the prime numbers from 1 to 16,384 and repeats the procedure 10 times. It then prints the number of primes it found. I say "supposedly computes" because the program incorrectly skips the number 2 as a prime.

Since BBC doesn't support arrays directly, I used a character string 8,191 bytes long for the purpose. Also, the program uses the ++ increment operator in several places. Other than that, it looks very much like standard Microsoft Basic.

Program Listing 6 shows the assembly source code that BBC outputs for Sieve.BAS.

\section*{Conclusion}

BBC is an example of a simple Basic compiler that serves two purposes: to help the beginning or advanced programmer use assembly and to illustrate some simple techniques used in writing a language compiler. The code generated by BBC is smaller than that produced by other language compilers for MS-DOS machines. and you can optimize it further.

I would appreciate hearing from any users who have added features to the language, or who have suggestions for further enhancement.

Bruce Tonkin is an independent software developer and industry critic. Write to him at 34069 Hainesville Road, Round Lake, IL 60073. You can also contact Bruce through Syslink (312-622-4442) and BIX (312-642-6365).

\section*{YES! \\ I want to give a gift that will be opened every month.}

Please send an 80 Micro gift subscription to the person listed below. I'll pay the special holiday rate of \(\$ 24.97\) for 12 issues - a \(48 \%\) savings off the cover price.Payment Enclosed \(\square\) Bill me after the holidays
Please make checks payable to \(\mathbf{8 0}\) Micro.
Please enter a 1 year gift subscription to:
Name \(\qquad\)
Address
City \(\qquad\) State \(\qquad\) Zip \(\qquad\)
My Name \(\qquad\)
Address \(\qquad\)


City \(\qquad\) State \(\qquad\) Zip \(\qquad\)
Canada \(\$ 45.97\) (Canadian Funds). Mexico \$29.97, Foreign Surface \(\$ 44.97\) (US Funds drawn on US Bank). All rates are 1 year only. Foreign Airmail, please inquire. All gift subscriptions will begin with the first available issue in 1988.

\section*{BUSINESS REPLY MAIL}

First Class Permit No. 73 Peterborough, NH 03458

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

\section*{CW Communications/Peterborough 80 Micro PO Box 981}

Farmingdale, NY 11737


\title{
Can we talk? CP/M vs TRSDOS
}

By moving to CP/M on your Model 4 you achieve two things. First you open the door to a wealth of existing software. More 8 -bit software runs under CP/M than any other operating system. This includes virtually all of the "big name" programs which have set the standards by which all others are measured. Programs like WordStar, dBASE II, and Turbo Pascal are available for \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\), but not TRSDOS. Public domain software, almost unknown under TRSDOS, fills hundreds of megabytes of disk space. Valuable public domain programs like the Small C Compiler are just a toll-free phone call away. Most importantly, hundreds of applications programs are available from a multitude of vendors. Many include the source code. Wouldn't you like to be able to choose from scores of Accounts Receivable or General Ledger programs, instead of the meager selection you now have? Circle our special Reader Service number 600 on the Reader Service Card to receive our comprehensive free listing of suppliers of application programs that run under CP/M.
What about the future?
When the time comes to move up to another computer it will almost certainly use MSDOS. That's when CP/M users get a pleasant surprise. Since MS-DOS was a derivative of CP/M it operates in almost the same manner. Even better, most of the same software packages are available in 16 -bit form and they operate in virtually the same way that they did under CP/M.
Is it easy to use?
Montezuma Micro's CP/M has been carefully crafted to present a maximum of features while taking a minimum of memory. It supports all of the standard features of the Model 4/4P/4D computers, as well as most of the optional ones. Our CP/M has been consistently been awarded the highest ratings in industry magazines. It is version 2.2, the most popular and reliable of all the versions of \(C P / M\) produced. Our CP/M has been made as easy to use as possible. All customer-selected features are chosen from simple menus in our CONFIG utility. This includes the ability to configure a disk drive to run like that of scores of other CP/M com-
puters for maximum ease of software portability. Using the unique DBLCROSS program in our Monte's Toolkit utility package you can move files back and forth between CP/M, TRSDOS ( 1.3 and \(6 . x\) ), and MS-DOS.

\section*{Why use Montezuma CP/M?}

We have already told you why our \(C P / M\) is the best for the Radio Shack Model 4 computer. The only question left to answer is "Why buy CP/M at all?" Radio Shack has abandoned TRSDOS - all of their new machines use MS-DOS. Most of the software producers have followed, leaving no new software development and saddling the TRSDOS user with whatever software "leftovers" he can find. Which DOS do you want to head into the future with: the one originally written for the Model I or the one that served as the basis for MS-DOS? Make the right choice right now for just \(\$ 169\).

\section*{If I need support?}

We don't forget you after the sale. If you have a problem you will find our phones are answered by people, not answering machines or hold buttons. Our philosophy is very simple - we want you to be happy and satisfied with your purchase. If you have a problem then we have a problem, and we'll do whatever we can to resolve it.

\section*{Cost to update?}

Our owners are protected against instant obsolescence by our lifetime upgrade policy. At any time you can return your original CP/M disk to be upgraded to the latest version free of charge, except for a small shipping and handling fee. Periodically we publish NEW STUFF, a newsletter for registered users of Montezuma Micro CP/M. This publication carries news about new products, tips for getting more out of \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\), and other valuable information for our users. It is sent free of charge to registered owners.
Can I use a hard disk drive?
CP/M hard disk drivers are available for Radio Shack, Aerocomp, and most other popular brands of hard disk drives. These drivers allow the hard drive to be partitioned into one to four logical drives of varying sizes.

These drives may all be used by \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\), or may be divided between CP/M and TRSDOS. A head-parking utility is included on the driver disk to minimize the risk of damage when the hard disk drive is not in use. Also included at no charge is a utility which will copy, compress, list, print, and delete files with ease. There isn't much you can say about a driver. It either works or it doesn't. Ours works supremely and it only costs \(\$ 30\).

\section*{Hard disk backup?}

Unlike the high-priced, underpowered backup utilities available for backup of TRSDOS hard drives, our CP/M HARDBACK utility makes the backup of a hard disk to floppies quick and painless. Only HARDBACK gives you the choice of backing up the entire drive or only those files which it knows have been changed since the last backup. Daily backup is no longer a chore, since only new data must be copied. With HARDBACK you can quickly restore an entire drive, or only a single file if necessary. Only HARDBACK will perform a complete check of the hard disk drive and lock out tracks which have become flawed to prevent the use of those tracks for later data storage. Add this supreme program to your hard disk for just \(\$ 49\). Isn't your time and data worth it?

\section*{Specs?}

Size of Transient Program Area (TPA): 56,070 bytes in a 64 k system. 55,046 bytes in a 63k system (with optional hard disk driver). CP/M IOBYTE: Fully implemented. Device Drivers: Disk (35, 40, 77, \& 80 track, single/double density single/double sided, 3 , 5 , or 8 inch. (More than 85 disk formats supported) Maximum Disk Capacity: 40T \(\mathrm{SS}=220 \mathrm{k}, 40 \mathrm{~T} D=440 \mathrm{k}, 80 \mathrm{~T} D=880 \mathrm{k}\) RS-232: All word lengths, parity, \& baud rates. Parallel Printer: With or without linefeed and/or formfeed. Video: 24 by 80 with reverse video. Keyboard: Full ASCII with 9 function keys. RAM Disk: 64k, automatic on 128k systems. Hard Disk: Optional drivers available at extra cost for most popular models. Standard CP/M programs included: ASM, DDT, DUMP, ED, LOAD, MOVCPM, PIP, STAT, SUBMIT, SYSGEN, and XSUB.

\section*{Order Information}

Give us a call now with your order and we will ship immediately. Prices include delivery to your door in the lower 48 States including APO/FPO. All others please add an amount commensurate to shipping requested. Any excess will be refunded. Credit cards will not be charged before we ship your order. The suitability of software selected is the responsibility of the purchaser as there are NO REFUNDS ON SOFTWARE. Defective software will be replaced upon it's return, postpaid. Now available at Radio Shack Stores as Express Order Software-Cat. No. 900-0600.

The toll-free lines are for orders only.
Specifications/prices are subject to change without notice.

Montezuma CP/M: Model 4 version 2.32
\$ 169
Hard Disk Driver: Specify exact hard drive ............................................... 30
Hardback: Hard disk backup utility
Monte's BASIC: Converts TRSDOS BASIC to run under CP/M ................ 49
Monte's Toolkit: Doublecross; Freetorm; WSPR; Fllefix; SYS2M; Auto . ................... . 49
Monte's Window: Note pad, appointment calendar, calculator, data base ................ 49

MONTEZUMA MICRO



Tandy Computer Accessories: Because there is no better value."

\title{
Radio Shack has the best of everything.
}


Radio Shack

\section*{TEACH DESKMATE}



Make it perform italics, and underlining, and headers, and. . .

hen I bought my Tandy 1000 SX, I was told that sending printer codes for such essentials as headers and footers, automatic page numbers, italics, and font changes was impossible from Deskmate II. But I've found a way.

You can use LPSetup.COM and LPDRVR.SYS, two programs on your MS-DOS supplement disk, with two programs and a batch file I wrote, to create headers, footers, and other features on any Tandy 1000 and send them to a printer.

Start by booting MS-DOS. Copy LPSetup.COM and LPDRVR.SYS to the

\section*{System Requirements}

Program Listing 1. SETPRN1.BAS, a program for italics, underlining, and special characters.

2752 | 5 REM program name \(=\) setprnl.bas
 \{on ital
5006 | 200 LPRINT CHRS (27); "W";CHR\$ (4);CHR\$(125);CHRS (27);CHR\$ (66);CHR\$(日):REM \}off ital
3892 | 300 LPRINT CHR \(\$(27)\); \(^{n \prime \prime}\); CHR \(\$(2)\);CHR \(\$(91)\);CHR ( 15 ): REM [on ulin
3990 40ø LPRINT CHR\$ (27) \(\mathrm{n}^{\mathrm{n}} \mathrm{W}^{\mathrm{n}}\); CHRS (2);CHR\$(93);CHR\$(14):REM loff ulin
2892 ( 500 LPRINT CHR\$ (27) ; "W";CHR\$ (2) ; CHR\$ (130);CHR\$ (187)

2889 ; 700 LPRINT CHRS (27) ; "W \({ }^{n}\);CHR\$ (2) ; CHR\$ (133);CHRS (161)
2905 | 800 LPRINT CHR\$ (27); "W";CHR\$ (2);CHR\$ (138);CHR\$ (189)
2713 90日 LPRINT CHRS (27) + CHRS (18):REM nlq 10cpi
710 | 100 SYSTEM
system disk from your MS-DOS supplement disk, and enter the following lines:
COPY CON CONFIG.SYS

\section*{DEVICE = LPDRVR.SYS}

Or, you can add LPDRVR.SYS to your existing Config.SYS file. It is the driver that permits conversion of a single code to a series of printer codes. Press F6 or controlZ and the enter key to install the printer driver; when you boot with this system disk, the 1000 automatically installs LPDRVR.SYS.


\section*{Ready, Set, Underline!}

With the following Basic program you can turn underlining on and off using Deskmate and the DMP 130 printer in Tandy mode:
10 LPRINT CHR \$(27):" \(\mathbf{W}\) ";CHR\$(2):CHR\$ (91):CHR\$(15)

20 LPRINT CHR\$(27):" \(W\) "; CHR\$(2):CHR\$ (@3):CHR\$(14)
Run this program, and return to DOS. Install Deskmate, choose Text (Deskmate's text capability), and write a sentence. Write the same sentence again but enclose it in brackets, [ and ]. Now print. The second sentence is underlined.

Notice in lines 10 and 20 that CHR\$(91) is the ASCII code for the left bracket and CHR\$(93) is the code for the right bracket. CHR\$(15) is the DMP 130's code for turning on underlining: CHR\$(14) turns it off.


\section*{Converting Character Sets}

The same conversion command solves another frustration. The Tandy 1000 uses and displays the IBM character set 2 on the screen. To write the word ménage, you would ordinarily use ASCII 130 for the " \(e\) " with the acute accent. Turn on the number lock on the keyboard's number pad, hold down the alternate key, type the number, and the accent appears over the letter " e " on the screen. But when you try to print, you discover that the printer is in Tandy mode and doesn't have a character that corresponds to ASCII 130.

You could enter ASCII 187, the DMP 130 's code for the " e " with acute accent in Tandy mode. It would print correctly, but the character that displays on the screen resembles somebody's elbow instead. Or, you could set the printer for IBM emulation and IBM character set 2 , but IBM mode has no code for italics. Even worse, the conversion command doesn't work in IBM mode. (The DMP 130 manual is incorrect when it states that you can stay in Tandy mode and choose IBM character set 2 . You get character set 1, not 2 .)

The solution is to leave the printer in Tandy mode and type:

\section*{50 LPRINT CHR\$(27):"W";CHR\$(2);CHR\$ \\ (130):CHR\$(187)}

Now when you enter alternate-130 on the number pad, the screen shows your "é," and when the printer receives it, it prints the character it knows as ASCII 187, the "e" with acute accent. Your screen and printed characters are finally the same.

Program Listing 2. SETPRN2.BAS, a program for headers and footers.
```
2753 | 5 REM program name = setprn2.bas
1877 10 LPRINT CHRS(&H1B);CHRS (&H99);'header set
2775 2@ HEAD $="P+= Line 1 of your header n
2605 30 HD 2$=" Line 2 of your header"
    947 | 40 LPRINT HEAD$
    864 | 50 LPRINT HD2$
1786 (60 LPRINT CHR$ (&HD); CHR$(&HA);'1f
1787 | 76 LPRINT CHR$ (&HD); CHR$ (&HA);
1788 80 LPRINT CHR$ (&HD);CHR$ (&HA);
1087 90 LPRINT CHR$(\emptyset);
1933 100 LPRINT CHR$(&H1B);CHR$(&H9A);'footer set
    994 | 110 LPRINT "P+=";'page number
1180 120 LPRINT CHR$(12);'form feed
1130 130 LPRINT CHR$(0);
2418 140 LPRINT CHR$(&H1B);CHR$(&H43);CHR$(34);'1ines per page
2385 158 LPRINT CHR$(&H1B);CHRS(&H9C);CHR$(0);'lf after cr
    668 | 160 SYSTEM
```

With Program Listing 1 (SETPRN1.BAS), you can use italics, underlining, and several special characters and print in near letter quality on the DMP 130-all from Deskmate. Line 500 gives you "é"; line 600, "â"; line 700, "à"'; and line 800, "è." You can add your own program lines for bold, elongation, pitch changes, or whatever you want to send the Tandy-mode printer from Deskmateand let no one say it can't be done.


\section*{Headers, Footers, And LPSetup}

Program Listing 2 (SETPRN2.BAS) puts a two-line header (followed by three line feeds) and a one-line footer on every page printed from Deskmate's Text. It also numbers the pages automatically; in fact, it puts the page number wherever you place \(\mathrm{P}+=\) in the header or footer (see line 20 in Listing 2). Putting \(\mathrm{D}+=\) and \(\mathrm{T}+=\) in the header or footer inserts the date and time, respectively.

An example of a statement that uses all three delimiters is the following:
LPRINT "DATE: \(\mathrm{D}+=\); TIME: \(\mathrm{T}+=\); PAGE:

\section*{P+="}

You need to install LPSetup from MSDOS before you try to do headers, footers, and pagination with Deskmate. (Make sure LPSetup.COM is on your system disk.) The command is:

\section*{LPSETUP SWITCH.PTYPE,PORT[PAGE]}

Switch might be on or off, PType is Tandy or IBM, Port is the printer port, and Page is the starting page number that defaults to 1 if you don't give it a value. For example, typing LPSETUP ON,TANDY, 1,23 makes resident a portion of LPSetup (on), tells the resident portion that the computer is on line to a printer in Tandy mode on parallel port number 1, and that you want to start pagination at page 23.

The following Basic command gives you your header:
LPRINT CHR\$(\&H1B);CHR\$(\&H99):"YOUR
HEADER HERE" : [optional carriage return and line feed codes here];CHR \(\$(0)\)
This next command puts your footer on every page:
LPRINT CHRS(\&H1B);CHR\$(\&H9A):"YOUR
FOOTER HERE"; [code for optional form feed here):CHR\$(0)
Last, set the lines per page and provide

Program Listing 3. A batch file to run SETPRN1 and SETPRN2 and install Deskmate II.
echo off
cls
echo THIS IS ARTNAM.BAT. It sets up the printer and installs DeskMate II in drive B echo for writing articles. Call it from MS-DOS with the command artnam [page].
echo --
echo Be sure printer is on and Deskmate II is in Drive B. When DeskMate II
echo appears, replace system disk with data disk in Drive A.
echo app
pause Press CTRL C for termination option or
basic setprnl.bas
1psetup on,tandy,1
basic setprn2.bas
Ipsetup on,tandy, 1, \%1
b:
dmplus
for a line feed after each carriage return with the following:
LPRINT CHRS(\&H1B):CHR\$(\&H43):CHRS
(number of lines per page)
LPRINT CHR (\&H1B):CHR\$(\&H9C);CHR\$(O)
Determining the number of lines per page to specify in the command above gets tricky because you also designate printed lines per page and total lines per page in Deskmate, and you choose double spacing in Deskmate while the screen is single-spaced; the printout, though, will be double-spaced.

For the Deskmate printer setting (alter-nate-F6), enter 60 for both printed lines per page and total lines per page. This prevents Deskmate from adding its own spaces with a form feed when it thinks it has completed a page. You want to control lines per page with your Basic program. Through trial and error I discovered 34 lines per page worked in Listing 2 (SETPRN2.BAS); with my five-line header (two printed lines and three line feeds), it gives an attractive page layout with 25 lines of text.


\section*{Putting It All Together}

You can create a batch file in MS-DOS by typing COPY CON ARTNAM.BAT and pressing enter. Next enter the commands given in Listing 3. Now type F6 or control\(Z\) and press enter to save your batch file.

The batch file in Listing 3 runs SETPRN1.BAS, turns on LPSetup, runs SETPRN2.BAS, and turns on LPSetup
again to let you specify the starting page number. If Deskmate is in, say, drive B, you could have your batch file switch to that drive and give you Deskmate, as in Listing 3.

What does \(\% 1\) do in the batch file's LPSetup command in Listing 3 ? It is a replaceable parameter: When you call your batch file from MS-DOS with ARTNAM 23 , the 23 replaces the \(\% 1\) and is the beginning page number.

\section*{A Shift}

A slight but noticeable line shift appears when you switch between normal and italics printing with the DMP 130. You can compensate for it by sending the printer a reverse line feed at the same time, but the size of the reverse line feed varies, so you need to experiment.

Otherwise, you are on your way to making Deskmate perform new tricks for you, hardly an impossible task.

You might want to take on two challenges: (1) to make these tricks work with the printer in IBM mode; and (2) to make the conversion codes work with printers that already use CHR\$(27): " \(W\) " for other purposes.

William C. McComas is a free-lance writer and amateur programmer. He has a Ph.D. in psychology and specializes in the field of addictions treatment. He also writes novels under a pseudonym. Write to him c/o 80 Micro, 80 Elm St., Peterborough, NH 03458.


\section*{Disk Series}

\section*{(formerly Load 80)}

The 80 Micro Disk Series gathers together selected programs from this issue of 80 Micro and puts them on a magnetic medium for your convenience. It is available on disk and runs on the Models I, III, and 4.

The 80 Micro Disk Series programs are ready to run and can save you hours of time typing in and debugging listings. The Disk Series also gives you access to

\section*{Reaching the Back Banks}

Article: The Next Step (p. 82).
System: Model 4/4P/4D, LS-DOS \(6.3,128 \mathrm{~K}\) RAM.

A new way to access alternate memory banks.
Language: Basic.
Filespecs: EXMEM/ASM, EXMEM/ BAS, EXMEM/CMD.
assembly-language programs if you don't have an editor/assembler. And it helps you build a substantial software library.
Using the Disk Series is simple. If you own a Model I or III disk system, you boot The 80 Micro Disk Series disk and transfer the files to a TRSDOS system disk according to simple on-screen directions. If you own a Model 4, copy the Model 4 programs from the Series disk to your TRSDOS 6.x disk using the Copy command.
Not all programs will run on your system. Some Model III programs, for instance, will run on the Model 4 in the Model III mode, but not in the Model 4

\section*{Make Graph Paper with Printer}

Article: No More Pencils,
No More Rulers (p. 57).
System: Model 4, 64K RAM,
Epson RX-80 printer.
Make graph paper exactly the
size you need.
Language: Basic.
Filespec: GRAFPAPR/BAS.
\(C M D=\) object code; \(A S M=\) source code; BAS = Basic
See page 6 for details on the quarterly disk series for the Tandy 1000/1200/3000.
mode. You should check the system requirements box that accompanies the article to find out what system configuration individual programs require.

If you have any questions about the programs, call Keith Johnson at 603-924-9471. Yearly disk subscriptions to The 80 Micro Disk Series are \(\$ 149.95\). Individual loaders are available on disk for \(\$ 17.95\), including postage. To place a subscription order, or to ask questions about your subscription, please call us toll free at 1-800-258-5473 24 -hours a day. Or, you can write to The 80 Micro Disk Series, 80 Elm St., Peterborough, NH 03458.

\section*{Bonus Program \\ Filecard 80}

System: Model III, TRSDOS 1.3, 48K RAM.

Keep important names, addresses, and telephone numbers at your fingertips. You can also prepare a set of mailing lists for an entire file.
Language: Basic. Filespecs: MAINMENU/BAS, PERSCARD/BAS, COMMCARD/BAS, MAILLIST/BAS, SLECTADD/BAS, SPLITLST/BAS, INSTRUCT/BAS.

Circle 464 on Reader Service card.

\title{
Grafux Solution"' Save \$150.00 Hi-Resolution Graphics for Mod 4/4D/4P/III
}


Superior Hardware. The Grafyx Solution provides 153,600 pixel elements which are arranged in a \(640 \times 240\) or on the Model III a \(512 \times 192\) matrix. Hundreds of new business, personal, engineering, and educational applications are now possible. The hi-res display can be shown on top of the standard display containing text, special characters, and block graphics. This simplifies program debugging, text labeling, and upgrading current programs to use graphics. The Grafyx Solution fits completely within any tape or disk based Model 4, 4D, 4P, or III. Installation is easy with the plug-in, clip-on Grafyx Solution board.

Superior Basic. Over 20 commands are added to the Basic language. These commands will set, clear or complement points, lines, boxes, circles, ellipses, or arcs. The hi-res screen can be printed on any of 30 popular printers or saved or loaded to disk without leaving Basic. Areas may be filled in with any of 256 patterns. Sections of the screen may be saved and then put back using any of five logical functions. Labels can be printed in any direction. The viewing area can be changed. The entire screen can be complemented or cleared. Graphics Basic provides dot densities of \(640 \times 240,320\) \(\times 240,160 \times 240\), and \(160 \times 120\), all of which can be used in the same display.



Superior Software. The board comes with over 40 programs and files which make it easier to use, serve as practical applications, demonstrate its capabilities, and serve as programming examples. The software works with TRSDOS 1.3, 6.1.2, 6.2; DOSPLUS 3.4, 3.5, 4; LDOS; and Newdos80. The Grafyx Solution is also supported by over 20 optional applications programs: Draw, Bizgraph, xT.CAD, 3D-Plot, Mathplot, Surface Plot, Chess, Slideshow, etc.

The Grafyx Solution package is shipped complete for \(\$ 149.95\) (reduced from \(\$ 299.95\) ). The manual only is \(\$ 12\). Payment may be by check, Visa/MC, or COD. Domestic shipping is free on pre-paid orders. Texas residents add \(6 \% \%\) tax.
Micro-Labs, Inc. 214-235-0915 902 Pinecrest, Richardson, Texas 75080

ORD D RCV D SALE GNT ITEM
DRD 'D FRCV'D SALE
QNT

- Lubricated DM INK EXTENDS

PRINT-HEAD LIFE! Black, blue, brown, red, green, yellow, purple, orange-2 oz. bottle \(\$ 3.00\); pint \(\$ 18.50\). Gold, silver, indelible and OCR inks available. Heat transfer MacInkers and ink available plus a complete range of accessories for special applications.
Top quality, GUARANTEED, double density ribbon cartridges and reloads available.
DEDICATED MAC INKERS AVAILABLE FOR EXTRA LARGE OR SPECIAL CARTRIDGES.

MERCURY MODEM \(\$ 149.00\)

Shipping \(\$ 4.00\)
*100\% Hayes \({ }^{\text {t" }}\) compatible!
- 24 month warranty. ■ Status lights. - Speaker. \(\quad\) n00/1200 baud. Call progress detection.

Quick Link communications software: MS DOS and Macintosh \$29.95with modem \$15.00-Cable \$15.00.
*Hayes is a trademark of Hayes Microproducts.
DATA SWITCHES


Connect up to 4 peripherals!

2 Port-\$46.00 4 Port-\$59.00

Shipping \(\$ 4.00\)
Parallel, serial, 2 or 4 way, crossed, etc.
SPECIAL OFFER:
For orders of \(\$ 100.00\) or more. Say you saw it in 80 MICRO and get a free keychain, beeper and flashlight combined! A \(\$ 15.00\) value!

ORDER TOLL-FREE 1-800-547-3303
In Oregon (503) 626-2291-(24 hour line)
We are and always will be your
 Friends \({ }^{\text {© }}\)
14250 N.W. Science Park Drive Portland, OR 97229, Telex 4949559

Dealer Inquiries Welcome.

Once you mark all the vertical lines, press the C key to move to the next stage, the heading design. A line editor appears directly under the grid layout, and it allows you to type in a header line that appears on the top of the grid when you print the graph. Left- and right-arrow keys allow you to move the cursor and type over characters to make changes in the header. When you are finished with the header, press enter, and the screen is ready for horizontal line selection.

Everything here is the same as with vertical selections, except that with horizontal selections, you cannot adjust the length. Another difference is that when you select horizontal lines, only 20 lines display at a time. To view the remaining lines, use the down arrow key, and the
next 20 lines display. The repeating-patterns feature works the same although you might not see it unless you scroll down the screen.

After you complete the design, the C key presents another menu. Now you can save a graph to a disk file for future use or designate a number of printed copies. If you want to run a test print, select only one copy. When the printer finishes, control is returned to the menu.

John Collicott is a self-taught programmer. He worked for Radio Shack as a computer specialist and is currently involved with the Hutchinson Color Computer Club. You can address questions and comments to him at 201 East Morgan, Inman, KS 67546.

Program Listing 1. Grafpaper lets you create graphs with your printer on the Tandy 1000. See p. 86 for using checksums in Listings \(I\) and 2.


\section*{"ALL" TANDT COMPUTERS from \$1. 60 EPRINTERS EACH}

\section*{10000SX: 384K 2-DISK \(\quad \$ 615.00\) \\ WITH DESKMATE}

\section*{MEMBERS BENEFITS INCLUDE}

Lifetime Membership, until cancelled by either party.
- The lowest prices you can find, anywhere.

Every month - a Special Sale on selected computers, etc.
- Up to 3 weeks advance notice of price reductions.

WE NEVER sell reconditioned or repaired equipment.
- WE NORMALLY ship same day for certified or cashier's check.
- YOU ALWAYS get the Manufacturer's limited Warranty (copy available on request) which will be honored at all Radio Shack Computer Centers in America.

\section*{Wholesaling since 1981-30 Days hardware return, no penalty.} If it's not here please call - we've got it.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Cat. \# & Description & Reg. ea. & 5 or more & 2-4 & Single & Cat. & Description & Reg. ea. & 5 or more & 2-4 & Single \\
\hline 25-1051 & 1000SX 384K 2DD & \$999 & \$615 & \$620 & \$625 & 26-3500 & 1400 Portable 768K 2DD & \$1599 & \$1110 & \$1115 & \$1120 \\
\hline 25-4001 & 3000512 1DD & 2199 & 1233 & 1238 & 1243 & 26-3803 & 102 Portable 24 K & 499 & 346 & 351 & 356 \\
\hline 25-4070 & 3000 HL 512 K 1 DD & 699 & 959 & 964 & 969 & 26-3860 & 200 Portable 24 K & 799 & 463 & 468 & 473 \\
\hline 26-1070 & Mod 4D 64K 2DD & 1199 & 838 & 843 & 848 & 26-1280 & DMP \(130 \quad 100 \mathrm{cps}\) & 359 & 238 & 243 & 248 \\
\hline 25-1020 & VM-4 Monitor & 129 & 91 & 96 & 101 & 26-1277 & DMP \(430 \quad 180 \mathrm{cps}\) & 699 & 479 & 484 & 489 \\
\hline 25-1023 & CM-5 Color Monitor & 299 & 202 & 207 & 212 & 26-2812 & DWP 230 200wpm & 459 & 297 & 302 & 307 \\
\hline 25-1053 & 100HX 256 IDD & 699 & 489 & 494 & 499 & 26-2800 & DWP 520 500wpm & 995 & 681 & 686 & 691 \\
\hline 25-1600 & 1000TX 640 IDD & 1199 & 797 & 802 & 807 & 26-2811 & DMP 2120 240cps & 1599 & 1067 & 1072 & 1077 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{HOW TO ORDER and JOIN}
1. Mail your check, including appropriate shipping charge, or
2. Telephone and use your credit card

8-817-573-0220
National Computer Supply
377 Plaza, Granbury, TX 76048
(9AM-5PM Central Time)
EVERY MONTH "A SPECIAL SALE" - CALL FOR THIS MONTH'S SPECIAL
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l}
2398 & 1289 IF ASC (QS)<32 OR ASC (QS) 122 THEN 1230 \\
&
\end{tabular}


55501110 PRINT \({ }^{n} n^{n}+A 5 \$+B 2 \$+A 5 \$+n \quad{ }^{n}+A 5 \$+B 3 \$+A 5 \$+B 5 \$+A 5 \$+B 2 \$+A 5 \$+n \quad n+A 5 \$+B 1 \$\)
 INT
R T＝1 TO 200日：NEXT T
 \(\begin{array}{ll}134=\text { VERTICAL LINE } & 132=\text { VERTICAL＋RIGHT LIN } \\ 131=\text { VERTICAL＋LEFT LINE } & 137=\text { LOWER LEFT CORNER }\end{array}\)

 \begin{tabular}{l|lll} 
\\
\hline
\end{tabular}
02















‥


－ 0
落 品品


\(2=\operatorname{VAL}(\) R2 \(\$\) ） － STEP R
IF FL＝1 THEN GOSUB 946
IF FL＝2 THEN GOSUB 1060

\({ }^{* * * * R}\) Repeating horizontal lines－screen 2 （ \({ }^{2}\) ．
 SE 2190 n＊n
LOCATE SS，CR：PRINT n＊＂

IF VAL（R2\＄）＜\(\emptyset\) OR VAL（R2\＄）\(>99-2\) THEN R2 \(\$=" n:\) LOCATE \(8,47:\) PRINT＂


1＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊


\section*{}

\footnotetext{
SפNI\＆




 ＂u u S

－Ming
in
－
ì
in 3547 ｜ 60
 80 9

}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{ting 2 Continued} \\
\hline 2182 & 1520 & PRINT \& \((6,30), \mathrm{n} 2)\) PRINT COPIES \\
\hline 2651 & 1530 & PRINT @ \((7,30), 73)\) START OVER \\
\hline 2059 & 1540 & PRINT © \(\left.(8,30),{ }^{\prime \prime} 4\right)\) END PROGRAM" \\
\hline 1211 & 1550 & PRINT @ \((9,20)\) \\
\hline 1884 & 1560 &  \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3269} & 1570 & ON INSTR("12345", QS) GOTO 1710,1590,150,1830:GOTO 1560 \\
\hline & 1580 & '**** PRINTER ROUTINE EPSON RX80 \\
\hline 4034 & 1590 & CLS:PRINT © \((5, \emptyset)\), "HOW MANY COPIES OF THIS GRAPH \({ }^{\text {a }}\) : INPUT N \\
\hline 2506 & 1600 & PRINT @ (10, \()\), "PREPARE PRINTER ..."; \\
\hline 1876 & 1610 &  \\
\hline 1372 & 1620 & LPRINT CHR\$(27)"@"; ' RESET PRINTER \\
\hline 1808 & 1630 & LPRINT CHR\$(27) \(\mathrm{m}^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{CHR}\) (4); ' SELECT GRAPHICS CHARACTE \\
\hline 1444 & 1640 & LPRINT CHR\$(27) "Ul"; ' UNIDIRECTIONAL MODE (SHARPER LINES \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1360} & 1650 & LPRINT CHR\$(27)"1"; ' LINE SPACING SET TO 7/72 INCH \\
\hline & 1660 &  \\
\hline 1767 & 1670 & FOR TT=1 TO N:LPRINT T\$ \\
\hline 2461 & 1680 & FOR T=1 TO 100:LPRINT L\$(T): NEXT T \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3199} & 1690 & FOR G=1 TO 12:LPRINT:NEXT G:NEXT TT:GOTO 1500 \\
\hline & 1760 & '**** DISK SAVE - ADDS EXTENTION / GRP:1 TO FILENAME \\
\hline 3078 & 1710 & CLS:PRINT @ ( 5,0\()\), "ENTER 8 LETTER FILE NAME "; \\
\hline 2101 & 1726 & INPUT FS:IF LEN(F\$) >8 THEN 1710 \\
\hline 1792 & 1730 & F\$=F\$+"/GRP:1":OPEN "O", \(1, \mathrm{~F}\) \$ \\
\hline 2688 & 1740 & CLS:PRINT @ ( \(20, \emptyset\) ), "WRITING TO FILE "FS; \\
\hline 912 & 1750 & WRITE \#1,T\$ \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3599} & 1760 & FOR T=1 TO 100:WRITE \#1,L\$(T):NEXT T:CLOSE \#1:GOTO 1500 \\
\hline & 1770 & 4**** DISK RETRIEVE - ADDS EXTENTION /GRP:l TO FILENAME \\
\hline 3109 & 1780 & CLS:PRINT @ ( 5,0\()\), "NAME OF FILE TO RETRIEVE \({ }^{\text {\% }}\) \\
\hline 2147 & 11790 & INPUT F\$:IF LEN(F\$)>8 THEN 1780 \\
\hline 3254 & 11800 & F\$=F\$+"/GRP:1":PRINT @ (20,0), "RETRIEVING FILE \({ }^{\text {n }}\); F \$ \\
\hline 1694 & 1810 & OPEN "In,1,F\$:INPUT \#1,T\$ \\
\hline 3517 & 1820 & FOR T=1 TO 100:INPUT \#1, L\$(T) : NEXT T:CLOSE: GOTO 1500 \\
\hline 3893 & 11830 & CLS:PRINT @ \((8,26)\), \({ }^{\text {T Thank }}\) you for using GRAFPAPR \({ }^{\text {n }}\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1482} & 1846 & PRINT \& \((16,6), n " ;\) END \\
\hline & 1850 & l**** REPEATING LINES MODULE FOR VERTICAL LINES (SCREEN 1) \\
\hline 3403 & 1860 & RX=X:PRINT @ \(8, \varnothing\) ), "REPEAT LINES OR BLANKS (L/B) "; \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1892 \\
& 4550
\end{aligned}
\]} & 11870 & Q \(\$=1\) NKEY \(\$\) :IF \(Q\) S \(=\) "" THEN 1876 \\
\hline & 11880 &  LSE 1876 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{4202 | 1890} & PRINT @ ( 8,0\()\), "HOW MANY SPACES BETWEEN EACH LINE OR SPACE...?"; \\
\hline 1880 & 1906 &  \\
\hline 1600 & 1910 & IF Q \$ \(=\) CHR \(\$(13)\) THEN 1950 \\
\hline 793 & 1926 & R 2 \$ \(=\mathrm{R} 2\) \$ +Q \$ \\
\hline 5455 & | 1930 &  RINT @ \((8,47), " n ;:\) GOTO 1966 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1448
2463} & | 1940 & PRINT Q\$; GOTO 1906 \\
\hline & 1950 & \(\mathrm{R} 2=\operatorname{VAL}(\mathrm{R} 2 \$): F O R \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{RX}\) TO R-1 STEP R2 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1614} & 1960 & IF FL=1 THEN GOSUB 880 \\
\hline & 1970 & IF FL=2 THEN GOSUB 99ø \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1058
3065} & | 1980 & NEXT \(\mathrm{X}: \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{RX}\) \\
\hline & 1990 & PRINT @(8,0),STRINGS 50,32\()\);:PRINT @ (15,X-1),""; \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3065 \\
& 1360
\end{aligned}
\]} & 2006 & R2= \(6: \mathrm{R} 2\) \$ \(=\) " \({ }^{\text {: }}\) RETURN \\
\hline & 2010 & '**** REPEATING LINES MODULE - HORI ZONTAL LINES (SCREEN 2) \\
\hline 2983 & 2020 & PRINT © (8,0), "REPEAT LINES OR BLANKS (L/B) "; \\
\hline 1870 & 2030 &  \\
\hline 4528 & 2040 & IF \(Q \$=" L "\) OR \(Q \$={ }^{\prime \prime} 1\) " THEN \(F L=1\) ELSE IF \(Q \$=" B "\) OR \(Q \$=" b "\) THEN FL=2 E LSE 2630 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4159
1876} & 12050 & PRINT @(8, 0\(), 0\) HOW MANY SPACES BETWEEN EACH LINE OR SPACE...?"; \\
\hline & 2060 &  \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1587
791} & 2976 & IF Q S=CHRS (13) THEN 2110 \\
\hline & 2080 & R 2 \$ \(=\mathrm{R} 2\) \$ +Q \$ \\
\hline 5421 & 1 2096 &  INT @ \((8,47), 7 n ;\) GOTO 2060 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1435
1276} & 2100 & PRINT QS;:GOTO 2060 \\
\hline & 2110 & \(\mathrm{R} 2=\mathrm{VAL}(\mathrm{R} 2 \mathrm{\$}): \mathrm{RX}=\mathrm{z}\) \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1276 \\
& 1666
\end{aligned}
\] & 2120 & FOR \(\mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{RX}\) TO 99 STEP R2 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1641} & 2130 & IF FL=1 THEN GOSUB 1400 \\
\hline & 2140 & IF FL=2 THEN GOSUB 1450 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1648 \\
& 3139
\end{aligned}
\] & 2150 &  \\
\hline 3583 & 2160 &  \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



\section*{DEALERS SELL}

Selling 80 Micro will make money for you. Consider the facts:

Fact \#1: Selling 80 Micro increases store traffic-our dealers tell us that 80 Micro is the hottest-selling computer magazine on the newsstands.

Fact \#2: There is a direct correlation between store traffic and salesincrease the number of people coming through your door and you'll increase sales.

Fact \#3: Fact \#1 + Fact \#2 = INCREASED \$ALE\$, which means money for you. And that's a fact.

For information on selling 80 Micro, call 1-800-343-0728 and speak with our Direct Sales Manager. Or write to 80 Micro, Direct Sales Dept., 80 Elm St., Peterborough, NH 03458.

\section*{CALL FOR ARTICLES}

Have you written a program or utility that might be interesting to other 80 Micro readers? Do you know a DOS or programming technique that you'd like to share? Then how about sending it in to 80 Micro for possible publication?

We're looking for people with good ideas. In particular, we'd like to see some useful utilities, small-business and personal management programs, tutorials on Basic and Pascal programming for all levels of expertise, and interesting science, math, and hobby applications.

The procedure is simple. Write us a query letter telling us about your proposed article. We'll tell you whether we think your article is appropriate for 80 Micro. We'll also send you a copy of our author's guidelines, which will give you information on manuscript preparation, style, payment rates, and the like.

Send your letter or proposal to:
Submissions Committee
80 Micro
80 Elm St.
Peterborough, NH 03458.
(No phone calls, please.)

\section*{Circle 202 on Reader Service card.}

\section*{SAVE YOUR DATA. . .AND YOUR MONEY WITH OUR UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY}

Forget about power failures when you use our standby power supply. Simply plug your computer into the outlets provided. When power interruptions occur the unit switches to its own internal power source allowing uninterrupted use of your computer during the power outage. (The length of time depends on the actual load.) Plenty of time to choose between continuing to work or going through an orderly shutdown thereby preserving the work performed prior to the loss of line power. Operation is completely automatic with both audible and visual power failure alarms.

This unit is compact, maintenance free and ruggedly constructed to give you years of unattended service. A one year warranty includes both parts and labor. Finally enjoy freedom from worry while inputing your data. Our low price lets you give your data (and wallet) the protection they deserve. Call us toll-free and we will send yours today. Please add \(\$ 23\) for shipping and handling in the lower 48 states.

\section*{\begin{tabular}{|r} 
ORDER TOLL-FREE \\
\(800-527-0347\)
\end{tabular} सF \\ 2544 W. Commerce St. Dallas, Texas 75212 214-637-5400 Fax: 214-634-8303 Telex: 882761 AEROCOMP}



\section*{Model 1000 Multifunction Boards} New!

\section*{4 Megabyte Memory PLUS Card}

For the Tandy 1000, 1000A, 1000SX, 1200, and 1000TX. Expands Memory beyond 640K, to use the Intel/Lotus/Microsoft expanded memory format. Includes a printer spooler, memory disk, and PLUS port for PLUS type expansion boards. Expandable with 1 megabyte chips from the base OK model to 4 megabytes.
4 Megabyte PLUS Card (OK)
\(\$ 199\).

\section*{TanPak \({ }^{\text {tm }}\)}

For the Tandy 1000, 1000A. Seven of the most needed functions/ features have been combined into one package using only one expansion slot. Features include memory up to 512 K , RS232C Serial Port, Clock/Calendar, DMA, Printer Spooler. Memory Disk. and a PLUS expansion port that can use most PLUS cards. TanPak OK
\$179.

\section*{TanPaktm Secondary}

For the Tandy \(1000,1000 \mathrm{~A} .1000 \mathrm{SX}\). If you already have 384 K in your Tandy this board has all of the features of the TanPak listed above except DMA, and allows expansion of another 256 K onboard. TanPak \({ }^{\text {tm }}\) Secondary OK
\(\$ 129\).

\section*{TanPak \({ }^{\text {tm }} \mathbf{S X}\)}

For the Tandy 1000,1000 A. 1000SX. 1000TX. Features a RS232C Serial Port, Clock/Calendar. Printer Spooler. Memory Disk. and PLUS expansion Port.
TanPak \({ }^{\text {tm }}\) SX
\(\$ 119\).

\section*{Memory Plus Expansion Card}

For the Tandy 1000. 1000A. Features DMA. Plus Port and memory expansion up to 512 K OK . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 99\). Clock/Calendar Card for the Tandy 1000. 1000A, 1000SX. 1000TX. 1200 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 29\).
RS232C Serial Card for the Tandy 1000, 1000A. 1000SX, 1000TX. 1200, 3000, 3000HL, 3000HD. 4000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 59\).
Dual RS232C Serial Card for the Tandy 1000. 1000A, 1000SX. 1200, 3000HL
\(\$ 79\).

\section*{PLUS Option Cards}

Piggyback type cards using the PLUS type port available on the TanPak type boards, the Radio Shack PLUS memory cards. Tandy \(1000 \mathrm{EX}, 1000 \mathrm{HX}\), and other boards that configure their expansion port with side A (component side) routing conductors to the top side of the 62 conductor dual row header.
RS232C - Serial PLUS Card . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 49\).
Clock/Calendar PLUS Card ............................. . . . . . 559.
Clock/Calendar, RS232 Serial PLUS Card . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 129\).
Model 3/4 Floppy drive controller board ................ . \(\$ 99\).
Color Computer Floppy drive Controller board . . . . . . . . \(\$ 99\).

\section*{Hard Drives for Your Tandy}

Shop and compare. Hard Drive Specialist has been building hard drive subsystems for years and have sold thousands of subsystems to satisfied Radio Shack/Tandy customers. Our drives all use buffered seek logic and plated media to result in almost one-fourth the average access found on our competitor's drives. Internal drive systems include an interface card and a half-height hard drive that replaces the top disk drive in both size and power consumption. External drive systems also include a power supply and case. Hard cards are a combination of hard drive and controller on a card and are popular because they do not take up a disk drive location.

Tandy 1000, 1000A, \(1000 \mathrm{SX}, 1000 \mathrm{TX}\), and 3000 HL Hard Drives
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 20 Meg Hard Card & 9. 30 Meg Har & \$699. \\
\hline 45 Meg Hard Card & & \$899. \\
\hline 20 Meg Internal & \$479. External & \$629. \\
\hline 30 Meg Internal & \$679. External & \$829. \\
\hline 45 Meg Internal & \$879. External & \$1029. \\
\hline 60 Meg Internal & \$1199. External & \$1349. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Tandy 1000EX, 1000 HX Hard Drives
20 Meg External ...... S729. 30 Meg External . . . . . \(\$ 929\).
45 Meg External . . . . \$1445. 60 Meg External . . . . \(\$ 1645\).
Tandy 3000, 3000HL, 4000 Hard Drives
Hard drives with 16 Bit controllers. Add \(\$ 50\), to the below prices for a controller that will also operate a 1.2 floppy disk drive External units also available
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 20 Meg Internal & \$579. 30 Meg Internal & \$779. \\
\hline 45 Meg Internal & . 9979.60 Meg Internal & \$1299. \\
\hline 30 Meg Hard Card & 16 Bit Controller & 849. \\
\hline Model 1,3,4 H & Drives Model 1 ada 550 & \\
\hline 20 Meg & \$845. \(20+20 \mathrm{Meg}\) & \$1245. \\
\hline 40 Meg & \$1395. \(40+40\) & \$229 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{HARD DRIVE SPECIALIST \\ Order Line}

1-800-231-6671
1-713-480-6000

\author{
16208 Hickory Knoll \\ Houston, Texas 77059
}

\section*{Ordering Information}

Use our WATS line to place your order via Visa. MasterCard. Discover or Wire Transter. Or mall your payment directly to us. Any non-certified funds will be held until proper clearance is made COD orders are accepted as well as purchase orders from government agencies. Most ttems are shipped off the shelf with the exception of hard drive products that are custom built. UPS ground is our standard means of shipping unless otherwise specitied. Shipping costs are availatle upon request

\title{
SAVINGS CERTIFICATE
}

YeS, I want 12 issues of 80 Micro or the low subscription price of \(\$ 24.97\)-a savings of \(48 \%\) off the cover price. \(\square\) Payment Enclosed \(\square\) Bill Me

Please make checks payable to 80 Micro

Name

Address
City State Zip

Canada \(\$ 45.97\) (Canadian Funds). Mexico \(\$ 29.97\), Foreign Surface \(\$ 44.97\) (US Funds drawn on US Bank). All rates are 1 year only. Foreign Airmail please inquire. Please allow \(6-8\) weeks for delivery.

37NB8C



\section*{IIIII}

\section*{NO POSTAGE} NECESSARY
IF MAILED IN THE UNITED STATES

\section*{BUSINESS REPLY MAIL}

First Class Permit No. 73 Peterborough, NH 03458 POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

CW Communications/Peterborough 80 Micro PO Box 981 Farmingdale, NY 11737

\title{
WHEN YOU MAKE COMPUTERS THIS GOOD, THERE'S ONLY ONE WAY TO IMPROVE THEM
}
A. Announce a new computer.
B. Lower the price of existing computers.
C. Offer an expanded line of peripherals.
D. All of the above.

We chose "D"

\section*{YOUR CLONE COMES COMPLETE, READY TO RUN}

These computers are truly IBM MS-DOS compatible and run at a blazing 8 mHz (XT) or 10 mHz (AT). Flight Simulator, one of the classic tests of compatibility, runs perfectly. Lotus 1-2-3 can't tell it's not running on a IBM. In fact, we have not discovered an off-the-shelf MS-DOS software package for the IBM that wouldn't run properly on the Clone.

\begin{abstract}
The Clone comes complete, ready to run, with most every option you would want as standard equipment (except the Basic and Starter Clone). We build the Clone ourselves, right here in Dallas, and we're proud of it. Your computer is subjected to an extensive burn-in and complete functional test before shipping. We include MoneyMaster, a personal financial manager, which lets you keep track of where your money comes from and where it goes: Includes detailed tax-time reports, check writing, property management, portfolio management and much more. Also, a powerful multifunction memory resident utility is included so you can start using your Clone when you receive it. You get an alarm, clock, calculator, notepad, phone dialer, typewriter and access to DOS level commands. The Clone also comes equipped with QModem, the famous modem program which enables you access the world of telecommunications. PC-Write, probably the most famous shareware word processor available, is also furnished. With this array of software, we provide FINDEX, a different and better database. Simple yet powerful, you won't believe it is shareware. We even include utilities for hard drive low-level format, head parking software and timer software for the clock/calendar. Your Clone comes ready to work for you.
\end{abstract}

Can I be happy with a Clone? You bet! But don't take our word for it. Our 30 day Satisfaction Assurance Period (SAP. . .Don't be the one without one) truly removes all the risk from your buying decision. Read our guarantee then order your Clone today. Toll-free of course.

\section*{NO ORPHANED CUSTOMERS}

We have been supplying customers with high quality hardware and software since 1980. Sound engineering, high performance, quality construction, outstanding warranties and a reputation for doing the right thing have been our way of doing business since Day One. As the manufacturer of Clone computers, we stand behind each computer sold with a \(100 \%\) commitment to our customer's satisfaction. Price, Performance, Value. . .Clone is the clear choice for serious computer users. Remember. . .YOUR BEST FRIEND MAY BE A CLONE.

\section*{BUY A COMPUTER WITHOUT LEAVING YOUR CHAIR}

Zero effort required. Just pick up the phone and call us toll- free. Your American Express, MasterCard, Optima and Visa are welcome at no extra charge as well as your check, money order or COD order. Your Clone will be delivered to your door. We sell Clones exclusively by mail. And there is a good reason why. You are buying the Clone computer at wholesale prices, direct from a responsible manufacturer. Your Clone comes with an iron-clad guarantee that exceeds most other manufacturers, and we have been around long enough to enforce it. Our guarantee is backed by a reputation earned during years of experience in the mail order/manufacturing business. Think about it. Repeat orders come from satisfied customers. This makes us work very hard to get it right the first time.


\title{
BASIC CLONE
}

\section*{FEATURES}
\(\bullet 4.77\) - 8 mHz Turbo-speed Mainboard (8088-2)
-256K RAM (Expands to 640K on the Mainboard
- 8087 Socket
- 150 Watt Power Supply
-360K Floppy Drive with Disk Controller
- Color Graphics Adapter or Hercules

Compatible Video Card (Your Choice) \$389

- Parallel Printer Port

Add \(\$ 20\) shipping for ground, \(\$ 40\) for air.
\(\bullet 8\) Slots • Fully Expandable • Mom's ROM BIOS
-FCC Approved
-PC-Write - QModem - Clone Utilities - Findex
-One Year Parts and Labor Warranty

\section*{STARTER CLONE}

\section*{FEATURES}
-4.77-8 mHz Turbo-speed Mainboard (8088-2)
-256K RAM (Expands to 640K on the Mainboard
- 8087 Socket
-150 Watt Power Supply
-360K Floppy Drive with Disk Controller
- Hercules Compatible Video Card
- HiResolution TTL Monitor (Green or Amber)
- Parallel Printer Port
- AT Style Keyboard
-MS-DOS 3.21 with GWBASIC and manuals
- 8 Slots
-Fully Expandable
-Mom's ROM BIOS
-PC-Write - QModem - Findex - Clone Utilities
-FCC Approved
- One Year Parts and Labor Warranty


\section*{TURBO CLONE}

\section*{FEATURES}
\(\bullet 4.77\) - 8 mHz Turbo-speed Mainboard (8088-2)
-640K RAM
-8087 Socket
- 150 Watt Power Supply
-360K Floppy Drive with Disk Controller
- Hercules Compatible Video Card
- HiResolution TTL Monitor (Green or Amber)
-2 - Parallel Printer Ports
-2 - Serial Ports (1 - Optional \$29)
- Game - Joystick Port
- Clock/Calendar with Battery Backup
- AT Style Keyboard
-MS-DOS 3.21 with GWBASIC and manuals
- 8 Slots
-Fully Expandable
- Mom's ROM BIOS
-PC-Write - QModem
Findex - Clone Utilities

-FCC Approved
Add \(\$ 35\) shipping for ground, \(\mathbf{\$ 7 0}\) for air,
- One Year Parts and Labor Warranty


\section*{STANDARD FEATURES}
- Intel 80286 @ 10 mHz - 0 Wait States

6 mHz - 0 Wait States
-1024K 120ns RAM on Mainboard
- 80287 Socket
-1.2MB Floppy Drive
-1.44MB 3.5" Floppy Capability
- 42.8 megabyte Seagate ST251
-Combined Hard/Floppy Controller
- 200 Watt Power Supply
- Dual Fans for Optimum Cooling
- Hercules Compatible Monochrome Card
- HiResolution TTL Monitor (Green or Amber)
\(\bullet\) LED's for Power, Turbo and Hard Disk Access
- Keyboard Lock
-Clock/Calendar with Battery Backup
- Enhanced 5339 Keyboard
-2 - Parallel Printer Ports
-2 - Serial Ports (1 - Optional \$29)
- Game - Joystick Port
- System Hardware Reset Switch on Front Panel
\(\bullet 8\) Slots
-FCC Approved
-Fully Expandable
- Award 3. + BIOS
- Setup in ROM
- Novell Compatible
\(\bullet\) MS-DOS 3.21 with GW BASIC and manuals
-PC-Write - QModem - Findex - Clone Utilities
- One Year Parts and Labor Warranty


\section*{286 \\ K RAM, 42.8MB Hard Drive}


THE CLONE 286
This is the finest AT clone yet, and it's from Clone. It has features like real 10 mHz speed (0 wait state RAM). Boots at 6 mHz or 10 mHz , and you can change speed on-the-fly right from
the front panel. The 42.8 MB hard drive is already formatted and has an average seek time of 28 ms . Dual internal fans with excess capacity keep your Clone cool even when future expansion loads the slots. Our small size case takes much less space than the standard AT. You can own a Clone without risk. Our Satisfaction Assurance Period (SAP) lets you confirm suitability with your own applications, in your own environment.

Add \(\$ 45\) shipping for ground, \(\$ 90\) for air

TTL DISPLAY

\(12^{\prime \prime}\) HiResolution \(1000 \times 350\) dots, 24 mHz , Specify green or amber screen. . \$ 89 \(14^{\prime \prime}\) Flat screen dual-frequency hi-res. Works with either RGB or TTL cards . . . . . . . 129

\section*{RGB DISPLAY}

\(14^{\prime \prime}\) RGB/CGA TTL \(640 \times 200\) resolution. 16 colors. Green text switch. Tilt/swivel base included, 15 mHz
\(14^{\prime \prime}\) RGB/CGA TTL \(640 \times 240\) resolution.
Green text switch. Built-in tilt/swivel base. VCR and audio inputs, 16 mHz .

\section*{EGA DISPLAY}

\(14^{\prime \prime}\) EGARGB/CGA dark non-glare tube .31 mm dot. \(640 \times 350\) resolution. 64 colors, amber text switch. Built in tilt/ swivel stand, 20 mHz
\(14^{\prime \prime}\) RGB/CGA w/non-glare tube .31 mm dot. \(720 \times 350\) res. 64 colors, amber or green text switch, 18 mHz

\section*{MULTI-FREQUENCY DISPLAY}

\(14^{\prime \prime} 926 \times 580\) resolution, 15 kHz to 34 kHz horizontal scan. Digital/analog inputs, audio input, green text switch, tilt/ swivel base, 25 mHz
NEC MultiSync

HARD DRIVES

21.4MB Seagate ST225 kit as shown ..... \(\$ 299\) 32.7MB Seagate ST238 kit as shown .335 42.8MB Seagate ST251 kit as shown . . . . . . 479 65.5MB Seagate ST277 kit as shown ...... 649 80.2MB Seagate ST4096 full size kit . . . . . . . 999 All sizes are after formatting

\section*{FLOPPY DRIVES}


360K 5.25" 40tk TEAC bare drive . . . . . . . \$ 99
720K 5.25" 80tk TEAC bare drive ........ . . 109 \(\dagger\)
1.2M \(5.25^{\prime \prime} 80\) tk 2-speed TEAC bare . . . . . . 119*

360K 3.5" 40tk TEAC bare drive . . . . . . . . . . . 99
720K 3.5" \({ }^{\prime \prime}\) 80tk TEAC bare drive . . . . . . . . . 109 \(\dagger\)
\(720 \mathrm{~K} 3.5^{\prime \prime}\) TEAC but in \(5.25^{\prime \prime}\) bracket . . . . 129 \(\dagger\)
\(1.44 \mathrm{M} 3.5^{\prime \prime} 80\) tk 2-speed TEAC bare. . . 139† \({ }^{*}\)
Dual \(5.25^{\prime \prime}\) drive case/power supply ........ 59
Dual \(3.5^{\prime \prime}\) drive case/power supply
External drive cable for use with 37-pin
external floppy controller port
with 2-......
controller. Plugs into drive " B " connector
inside computer case
Requires an AT type controller
\(\dagger\) Requires DOS 3.2 or later
\(\ddagger\) Requires a compatible BIOS All floppys are half-height


Uses existing floppy controller. Multiple tape capability allows use of any size hard drive. Automatic backup with included software.
Irwin 20MB internal specify XT/AT . . . . . . \$299† Irwin 20MB external specify XT/AT . . . . . . . 449\# Mountain 40MB internal spec XT/AT ....... . 399 Data cartridge, specify 20 or 40MB .......... 22 Adapter cable to use external tape in place of internal floppy drive " B " \(\qquad\)
+ Takes the place of floppy drive " \(B\) ".
\(\ddagger\) For XT/AT with external 37 pin floppy controller port.

\section*{ADD-IN BOARDS}

Herc type graphics card with printer ..... \$ 49 Color graphics card with printer port . . . . . . . . 49 EGA,CGA,HERC, autoswitch with software. . 139 2-drive floppy disk controller with int cable ... 19 4-drive floppy disk controller with int cable ... 29 Multi I/O Par/Ser/Clk/Cal/Game/2-dr FDC .... 69
XT I/O as above except no FDC . . 59
AT I/O Par/2-Ser/Game ports 49
2MB EMS XT Memory Board L-HM OK RAM . 99 2MB EMS AT Memory Board L-I-M OK RAM . 119

\section*{MODEMS}

300/1200 Baud internal with software .... \$89 2400 Baud internal with software . . . . . . . . . . 189

\section*{KEYBOARDS}


IBM AT type layout. 84 keys . . . . . . . . . . \$ 30* *With purchase of our computer, otherwise \(\$ 49\)


IBM AT enhanced style. 102 keys \$ \(49^{*}\)
* With purchase of our computer, otherwise \(\$ 69\)

\section*{STAR PRINTERS}

NP-10 100/25cps NLQ, 2K buffer . . . . . . . . \(\$ 140^{*}\) NX-10 120/30cps NLQ, 5K buffer . . . . . . . . . . 180* NX-15 Wide carriage version NX-10 . . . . . . . 319* ND-10 180/45cps NLQ, 12.6K Buffer . . . . . . 299* ND-15 Wide carriage version ND-10 . . . . . .399* NR-15 240/60cps NLQ, 12.6 K buffer ....... 499* NB-15 300/100cps NLQ, 16K Buffer . . . . . . . \(799^{*}\) NB24-10 216/72 LQ, 24 wire, 5K buffer . . . . 499* NB24-15 Wide carriage version ............ . 699*
- With purchase of our computer

\section*{PRINTER SWITCHES}


2-pos DB-25 input/output connectors ..... . \$ 39 2-pos Centronics input/output connectors .... 39 4-pos DB-25 input/output connectors . . . . . . . . 49 4 -pos Centronics input/output connectors . . . . 49 All connections switched. May be used with multiple computers or printers.

CABLES
\(10^{\prime}\) Centronics Specify M/M or M/F . . . . . . \$ 20
\(10^{\prime}\) Standard IBM printer cable . . . . . . . . . . . . 12
\(10^{\prime \prime}\) DB-25 specify M/M or M/F . . . . . . . . . . . 20
10' Tandy 1000 printer cable(26-1401) . . . . . . 9
\(6^{\prime}\) coiled keyboard extender cable . .......... . 9
\(6^{\prime}\) DB9 M/F video extender cable . . . . . . . . . . . 9
\(6^{\prime}\) Special IBM hooded powerIIEC cable . .... 9
Centronics \(M / M\) gender changer . . . . . . . . . . . 9 DB25 gender changer specify M/M or F/F..... 9 Cables are fully shielded with molded connectors and thumb screws (exc. Tandy)

\section*{ACCESSORIES}

Printer Stand Fits all . . . \$ 9

5.25" Head Cleaning Kit . . . . \$ 6 Disk Storage Box w/Key Lock
\& Dividers holds 100 disks . . . \$ 9
With 100 DSDD disks ...... \(\$ 49\)
Tilt/Swivel Stand for \(12^{\prime \prime}\) monitors \$ 9


\section*{Save Up to 60\%}

\section*{\(\square\) Send me 12 issues of \(\mathbf{8 0} \mathbf{~ M i c r o ~ f o r ~ t h e ~ l o w ~}\) subscription price of \(\$ 24.97\). I'll save \(48 \%\) off the cover price. \\ \(\square 24\) issues \(\$ 38.00\). Save over \(60 \%\) off the cover price!* \\ Payment Enclosed \(\square\) Bill Me \\ Please make checks payable to \(\mathbf{8 0}\) Micro.}

Name
Address
City \(\quad\) State \(\quad\) Zip

- Basic 2 year subscription rate is \(\$ 38.00\).

\title{
BUSINESS REPLY MAIL
}

First Class Permit No. 73 Peterborough, NH 03458
POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE
CW Communications/Peterborough 80 Micro
PO Box 981
Farmingdale, NY 11737


\title{
Functions Defined
}

\section*{Use these DEF FN routines to create functions for your Tandy 1000 or Model 4.}

Last year, 80 Micro asked its readers to submit interesting applications of the DEF FN (define function) command, which most versions of Basic contain. With this feature you can create your own functions and increase the number of your programming tricks. User-defined functions can reduce listing clutter and debugging time while making the program easier to read.

Time passed, and we received many submissions. What follows are several DEF FN routines that some of you sent and probably forgot about (until now).

For a quick review of user-defined functions and how they work, see "What's Your Function?" by Joel M. Hoffman in the October 1986 issue (p. 124).

\section*{A Flock of DEF FNs}

The first submissions came from Frank Yacucci (Austintown, OH). His Military to Civilian Time Changer (see Program Listing 1) has two parts; the first function makes a number two digits long, and the second converts military time to civilian time in the HH/MM/SS _.M. format.

You can use his Phone Number Formatter (Program Listing 2) to print telephone numbers in the (\#\#\#) \#\#\#-\#\#\#\# format from a string of 7 or 10 digits. If you have many numbers from the same area code, replace the first set of "\#\#\#" in the listing with a default area code, and it is inserted automatically. If you use a 10 -character string, the default area code is ignored.

With Program Listing 3, the Special Character Number Cushion, you can create a number of a specific length and pad it with a character that you define. Program Listing 4, the Simple Social Security Separator, prints a social security number in the \#\#\#-\#\#-\#\#\#\# format from a string of 10 digits.
The 7-11 Late-Night Counter Helper (Program Listing 5) automatically computes a person's age from the MM/DD/YY format. It does this according to the date that you \(\log\) in when you initially boot your system. Finally, the No Space, No Muss String Compressor (Program Listing 6) converts a number to a string without a
leading space.
While we're on the subject of compressing, John P. Jones (Fairmont, WV) sent us three functions. He uses the first two extensively for compressing data into character strings for storage in memory or on a machine-read disk file. The third part of his Bonhomme Richard Compressor (see Program Listing 7) justifies the string for easy display.

\section*{A Remainder Returner and a Roman Numeral Translator}

Some computers have a built-in modulus function that allows you to perform modular arithmetic (math that deals with whole numbers where the numbers are re-
placed by their remainders after division by a fixed number). This function is missing on the Model 4, but you can use the Model 4 Remainder Returner that Jack Haren (Strongsville, OH) wrote (see Program Listing 8).

Jamie Reid (Lantzville, British Columbia) wrote a function that converts any number between one and 3,999 to a Roman numeral. The function merges with other programs; the code is compacted and devoid of code that both programs would naturally share, and this lets it run faster. Therefore, make sure you type CLEAR 1000 when using J.R.'s Roman Numeral Translator (see Program Listing 9 ) on the Model III or 4 .

\section*{Program Listing 1. Military to Civilian Time Changer.}
```
10 DEF FNTD$(A)=RIGHT$("\emptyset"+RIGHT$(STR$(A),LEN(STR$(A))-1),2) 'Function to make a
number two digits long.
2g DEF FNCLOCK $(B$) =FNTDS (VAL (B$) + ((VAL (BS)>12)*12)) +MID$(BS,3) +" " +MID$("PA",-(
VAL (B$) <12) +1,1) +",M.n
30 PRINT FNCLOCK$("22:34:24") 'Test line
```

Program Listing 2, Phone Number Formatter.
 +BS,10), 4, 3) \(+^{n}-{ }^{n}+\) MIDS (RIGHTS ( \(n \# \# \# n+\) BS, 10), 7, 4) 20 PRINT FNTELEPHONE\$("1234567890") 'Test line

Program Listing 3. Special Character Number Cushion.
10 DEF FNNUMPADS \((A, B S, C)=\operatorname{RIGHT} \$(\operatorname{STRINGS}(\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{BS})+\operatorname{RIGHT}(\operatorname{STR} \$(\mathrm{~A}), \operatorname{LEN}(\operatorname{STR} \$(\mathrm{~A}))-1), \mathrm{C})\)
20 PRINT FNNUMPADS \((5, n * n, 10)\) Test line
End
Program Listing 4. Simple Social Security Separator.
10 DEF FNSSN \(\$(\mathrm{~B} \$)=\mathrm{LEFT} \$(\mathrm{~B} \$, 3)+^{n}-{ }^{n}+\mathrm{MID} \$(\mathrm{~B} \$, 4,2)+^{n}-{ }^{n}+\) RIGHT \(\$(\mathrm{~B} \$, 4)\)
20 PRINT FNSSN\$("1234567896") 'Test line
End

Program Listing 5. 7-11 Late-Night Counter Helper.
10 DEF FNAGE\% (B\$) \(=(\) VAL \((\) RIGHT \(\$(\) DATE \(\$, 2))-\operatorname{VAL}(\) RIGHT\$ \((B \$, 2)))+(\operatorname{LEFT} \$(B \$, 4)>(\) LEFT \((\mathrm{D}\) ATE \(\$, 2\) ) +MIDS (DATES, 4,2\()\) ))
20 PRINT FNAGE\% ("92-09-61") 'Test line

Program Listing 6. No Space, No Muss String Compressor.
10 DEF FNNOSPACESTR\$ (NUMBER) =RIGHT\$ (STR\$ (NUMBER), LEN (STR (NUMBER)) -1) 20 NUMBER=123:PRINT NUMBER:PRINT FNNOSPACESTR\$(NUMBER) 'Test line

Program Listing 7. Bonhomme Richard Compressor.
10 'Compresses 0-255 to one byte
15 DEF FNMI \$(M1)=CHR\$(M1):DEF FNM1 (M1\$)=ASC (MI\$)
20 'Compress \(0-65535\) to two bytes
25 DEF FNW2\$(W2) =CHRS (INT (W2/256)) \(+\operatorname{CHRS}(\operatorname{INT}(W 2-256 * \operatorname{INT}(W 2 / 256)))\)
30 DEF FNW2 \((W 2 \$)=256^{*} \operatorname{ASC}(\operatorname{LEFT} \$(W 2 \$, 1))+\) ASC (RIGHT\$ (W2\$,1))
35 'Right justifies string to JW spaces for ease of display
45 'Right justifies string to JW spaces for ease of
\(45 \mathrm{Mq}=199: \mathrm{M} \$=\mathrm{FNM} 1 \$(\mathrm{M} \%): W=65432!: \mathrm{W} \$=\mathrm{FNW} 2 \$(\mathrm{~W}): \mathrm{C} \$={ }^{n} 789^{n}: \mathrm{C} \$=\mathrm{FNCO}(\mathrm{C} \$, 9)\)
\(50 \mathrm{M} \%=0: W=0: M \%=F N M 1(M \$): W=F N W 2(W \$): P R I N T\) C \(\$, M \%, W\)

\section*{Program Listing 8. Model 4 Remainder Returner.}
\(10 \mathrm{DEF} \operatorname{FNM}(\mathrm{Ml}, \mathrm{M} 2)=\mathrm{Ml}-(\operatorname{INT}(\mathrm{Ml} / \mathrm{M} 2) * \mathrm{M} 2) \quad\) 'Returns the remainder of Ml divided by M2 \(20 \mathrm{Ml}=100: \mathrm{M} 2=30:\) PRINT \(\mathrm{FNM}(\mathrm{Ml}, \mathrm{M} 2)\) 'Test line

\author{
End
}

\section*{Program Listing 9. J.R.'s Roman Numeral Translator.}

1 DIM RS \((4,9)\) :FOR \(X=1\) TO \(4:\) FOR \(Y=1\) TO \(9: \operatorname{READ} \operatorname{RS}(X, Y): N E X T \quad Y, X: D A T A M, M M, M M M\), \(, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CC}, \mathrm{CCC}, \mathrm{CD}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{DC}, \mathrm{DCC}, \mathrm{DCCC}, \mathrm{CM}, \mathrm{X}, \mathrm{XX}, \mathrm{XXX}, \mathrm{XL}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{LX}, \mathrm{LXX}, \mathrm{LXXX}, \mathrm{XC}, \mathrm{I}, \mathrm{II}, \mathrm{III}, \mathrm{IV}, \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{VI}, \mathrm{VI}\), \({ }^{\prime}\)

 \(\operatorname{R3\% }(\mathrm{N})=\operatorname{VAL}(\operatorname{MID} \$(\operatorname{FNNS}(\mathrm{~N}), 4,1)): \operatorname{DEF} \operatorname{FNR} 4 \%(\mathrm{~N})=\operatorname{VAL}(\operatorname{MIDS}(\operatorname{FNN} \$(N), 5,1)): \operatorname{DEF}\) FNRMS \((\mathrm{N})=\mathrm{R}\) \(\$(1\), FNRI \(\%(\mathrm{~N}))+\mathrm{R} \$(2, \operatorname{FNR} 2 \%(\mathrm{~N}))+\mathrm{R} \$(3\), FNR3\% (N) \()+\mathrm{R} \$(4, \operatorname{FNR} 4 \%(\mathrm{~N}))\) 3 PRINT FNRMS(1987) 'Test line. The result would be MCMLXXXVII

\section*{Program Listing 10. The Accounting Organizer.}

40 DEFDBL B-D,G,T:DEFINT A,E,I-N,R:DEFSTR F,P,S
\(70 \operatorname{DEF} \operatorname{FNAD}(A)=-((A=60)+(A=68) * 2+(A=71) * 3+(A=76) * 4+(A=79) * 5+(A=80) * 6+(A=86) * 7+(A\) \(=104) * 8+(A=123) * 9+(A=140) * 10+(A=E) * 11) \quad\) 'Flag to print totals
\(80 \operatorname{DEF} \operatorname{FNAE}(A)=1-((A>60)+(A>68)+(A>71)+(A>76)+(A>79)+(A>80)+(A>86)+(A>104)+(A>12\) \(3)+(A>14 \emptyset)\) ) 'Direct amount to total buckets
\(90 \operatorname{DEF} \operatorname{FNAF}(A)=-((A=41)+(A=47) * 2+(A=60) * 3)\) 'Flag to print subtotals
190 .
890 'If the summation has been taken care of in another manner you only need FNA \(D(A)\) and \(\operatorname{FNAF}(A)\).
895 'Insert line numbers after each GOSUB to start program code for the routine.
900 ON FNAF (RA1) GOSUB ....... 'Subtotal printing routines
910 ON FNAD (RA1) GOSUB ....... 'Total printing routines
\(920{ }^{\circ}\)
2250 'Below the data stream differs and all three functions are used.
2260 ON FNAE (R1) GOSUB ....... 'Summing routines selector
2270 ON FNAF (R1) GOSUB ....... 'Subtotal printing
2280 ON FNAD (R1) GOSUB ....... 'Total printing

Program Listing 11. The Plurality Checker.
10 DEF FNPLURAL \(\$(N, N \$)=N \$+C H R \$(-(N>1) *(83-(\operatorname{ASC}(\operatorname{RIGHT} \$(N \$, 1))>96) * 32))+\) " \(\quad\) \(100 \mathrm{M}=10:\) PRINT "You have" M ; FNPLURAL\$(M,"missile"); "remaining."

Program Listing 12. Set and Reset Function.
10 DEF FNBITSET \((X, B)=X\) OR \(2^{\wedge}\) B:DEF \(\operatorname{FNBITRES}(X, B)=X\) AND ( \(32767-2^{\wedge}\) B)
20 DEF FNBITEST \((X, B)=-\operatorname{SGN}\left(X\right.\) AND \(\left.2^{\wedge} B\right)\)
\(100 \quad I=\operatorname{FNBITSET}(I, 6): I=\operatorname{FNBITRES}(I, 3): \operatorname{IF}\) FNBITEST\((I, 1)\) THEN 200
200 PRINT "It worked!"

Program Listing 13. Info into Column-Row.
\(10 \operatorname{DEF} \operatorname{FNTABLE}(E, R, C, W)=((E-1) \operatorname{MOD} R) * 80+((E-1) \backslash C) * W\)
100 FOR \(I=1\) TO 10日:PRINT@ FNTABLE (I, 20,5,16), NS(I);:NEXT

Program Listing 14. Header Plus Column-Row.
10 DEF FNTABLE \((E, R, C, W)=((E-1)\) MOD R \() * 8 \emptyset+((E-1) \backslash C) * W\)
100 FOR \(I=1\) TO \(100: \operatorname{PRINT}\) ENTABLE ( \(I, 20,5,10)+3 * 80+15\), NS (I) ; :NEXT

\section*{Accountable Functions}

Robert B. Franke (Reading, PA) sent functions for an accounting program he wrote. His Accounting Organizer (see Program Listing 10 ) uses \(\operatorname{FNAD}(\mathrm{A})\) to permit the printing of totals after groups of accounts such as assets, liabilities, and income. FNAE(A) ensures that each account is added to the proper classification as it is handled. FNAF(A) lets you include a subtotal for grouping of assets.

You must include line 40 of the program to cover the lack of type-declaration flags in the other lines. The tag counts as part of the variable name, so omitting it from each name reduces memory usage and increases the running speed of the program.

\section*{Organizing Your Stuff}

Steve Troxell (Tampa, FL) sent four functions. The first function, his Plurality Checker (see Program Listing 11), returns N \$ with an " s " attached if the value of N is greater than one. It also checks the last character of \(\mathrm{N} \$\) to determine if the " s " should be upper- or lowercase. It adds a space to the end of the string regardless of the value of \(N\) so that you can print CHR \((0)\) without displaying unwanted characters.

His Set and Reset Function performs the Set and Reset operations on the settings of bit B (zero-7) contained within the integer variable X . Bitest is a logical function that returns - 1 (Set) or zero (Reset) if bit B in integer variable \(X\) is set. Program Listing 12 sets bit 6 of \(I\) and resets bit 3 of I. It then tests bit 1 of I.

You can use the next function, Info into Column-Row (see Program Listing 13) to display a list of information into a row-bycolumn format on the Model 4. You should use it within a loop to yield the screen position of each element that you want to print. " E " is the specific element you are concerned with (the loop counter), " R " is the number of rows you want in the table, " C " is the number of columns that you want, and " W " is the width in characters of each data column. Remember to allow for separation between columns when you set column width. The function returns the absolute screen position (zero-1919 for an 80 by 24 display) of the start of text for element E . The example in Listing 13 displays a list of 100 topics in five columns of 20 topics each, with each column 16 characters wide.

If you want to add column headers to this row-by-column format, use the Header Plus Column-Row function (see Program Listing 14). This uses an offset value added to the returned function value, which shifts the table in the desired direction. The example in Listing 14 provides for three lines above the table for headers. Each column is reduced to 10 characters, and the table is centered horizontally with 15 characters on each side.


FOR YOUR SALE PRICE


\section*{CALL}

\section*{GET THE ZUCKERBOARD CURE FOR THE MODEM BLUES!}

Dr. Dr. Zucker gives you the most reliable prescription for your modem blues - a true 1200 baud internal modem!!

For an incredible \$129, the Zuckerboard "nude" modem is stripped down to the bare essential parts, yet still gives you the features you want.
Included are a pulse/tone dialing option, as well as auto dial and auto answer capabilities, a speaker with programmable volume adjustment for line monitoring, as well as dial, busy, and call progress tone detection.

Zuckerboard's half-card is compatible with the IBM PC, XT, AT, the \(150+\) IBM clones, and the Tandy 1000,1000 SX, and 3000. It's fully Hayes-compatible and comes with PC Talk III software. In addition, it works with all standard communications software and meets the Bell 212A/103 and CCITT V. 22 standards.

Not only does Dr. Dr. Zucker give you the best prescription for your modem blues . . . you get it for LESS!

See your local authorized ZUCKERBOARD dealer today or call 1-800-624-4920 (U.S.) or 1-800-458-6200 (CA).

\section*{Its another
}

\author{
ZUCKERBOARD/ATD
}

235 Santa Ana Court
Sunnyvale, CA 94086
(408) 720-1942

\footnotetext{
IBM, PC, AT, and XT are registered trademarks of International Business Machines, Inc.
Tandy and Tandy 1000, 1000SX, and 3000 are registered trademarks of Radio Shack, a Division of Tandy Corporation.
It's another ZUCKERBOARD is a registered trademark of Advanced Transducer Devices, Inc.
}

\title{
I Want to Be Elected
}

Ionce considered a career in politics, and I still get excited about a presidential election. I've followed each one since Humphrey versus Nixon in 1968. I remember staying up late, watching the returns come in, and being outraged upon learning that the number of votes a candidate receives isn't as important as the number of electoral votes won. (Humphrey nearly won the popular vote but lost big on electoral votes.) That was my first lesson in politics; I was 11 at the time.
I've found a program that illustrates the basic dynamics of the electoral process. It offers a great way to introduce your own 10-, 11-, 12-, or whatever-yearolds to our political system.

President Elect, from Strategic Simulations Inc. (SSI, 1046 N. Rengstorff Ave., Mountain View, CA 94043-9986, \$24.95). lets you re-create each presidential election from 1960 to 1984, and it lets you simulate the upcoming 1988 election. You can either run a candidate's campaign yourself or leave it to the computer. Over a nine-week period preceding election night, you must decide how much money to spend and where to spend it, which states to visit, and whether or not you should debate your opponent(s). Other factors you control are the candidates themselves, the vice-presidential candidate's home state, and whether or not you travel abroad.
As a predictor of the outcome, President Elect has its problems. To be fair, asking any program to account for the inevitable unpredictable events that affect election campaigns is unreasonable. Who could have foreseen the fallout over Nixon's 5 o'clock shadow. Carter's handling of the Iran crisis, or Donna Rice?

But that doesn't stop SSI from pushing President Elect as soothsaying software. The packaging states in large type, "After Reagan, who'll be next in ' 88 ? Find out today with President Elect." The documentation, however, makes no such claims. I credit President Elect's author, Nelson G. Hernandez Sr., with this realistic approach.
To successfully play President Elect. you must learn how the different variables are weighted, and there are a lot of them. For example, where should your candidate concentrate his or her campaign? To answer this, you must consider the states' political leanings, the demographic impact of the candidate and his or her running mate, the strengths and

weaknesses of your opponent, and the time and money limitations.
The program has its set of assumptions, but it's up to you to determine what they are. The documentation is quick to point this out, but the game's educational value would be enhanced with a little more information about those assumptions.
Each week, the candidates can debate one another. The debates seem to affect the election only if one candidate clearly outshines the other. Debates consist of dividing your time among four types of response, which include attacking your opponent's position, killing time, and stating your own position. President Elect then scores the debate according to its preset notions of "ideal" answers.

President Elect is a quality simulation. The expertise of the author is evident in the program and documentation, which includes short, interesting synopses of each election since 1960.

The game is fun, too. I played only against the computer, but competing with a person would be better and, I suspect, easier. The computer creamed me.

Most of my complaints are minor. I hate the tinny-sounding version of "Hail to the Chief" that plays at the beginning. The program has data on most of the Democratic and Republican candidates from each election year since 1960. While I am impressed by the thoroughness of the list, the "ratings" the author assigned to their views and personal qualities can only be subjective.

My biggest complaint is that the program seems to be too heavily weighted
to the candidates' personal qualities: speaking ability, magnetism, and poise. I ran myself against George Bush in a simulated 1988 election. The program rated my views somewhere between Joseph Biden and Bruce Babbitt, whom Bush crushed in earlier simulations.

I was generous about my personal qualities, though. I had the speaking ability of Mario Cuomo, the magnetism of Ronald Reagan, and the poise of Lyndon Johnson. I beat Bush 53 to 47 percent taking 458 of 538 electoral votes. Not bad for an unknown from a small town in New Hampshire.

Nevertheless, I can recommend President Elect: its flaws are easily outweighed by its educational and entertainment value.

\section*{Next Month}

I was overly optimistic about having Tandy's new computers on hand in time for this month's column. You have my apologies.

December will be a bit of a mixed bag. I have some new software for the home to discuss, and I'll recommend some reference books to keep by your computer.


MichaelE. Nadeau is 80 Micro's executive editor. He has been editing computer magazinesfor six years, using Tandy equipment all the while. Write to him c/o 80 Micro. 80 Elm St., Peterborough, NH O3458.

\section*{Tandy 1000 Memory Card}
another high quality product from Southwestern Digital

\author{
Why spend a bundle on a Tandy board? Our Board is only \(\$ 135\). \\ Features: \\ - 512 K of Memory \\ - DMA
}
- Expansion Port
- Gold Edge Cards
- Easy Installation
- 30 Day Satisfaction Guarantee Policy

\author{
Multifunction Card for 1000, 1000A \\ Includes 512K, RS232C Serial Port, Clock/Calendar, Plus Expansion Port, RAM Disk, And Printer Spooler \$239.
}

Hard Cards for the 1000, 1000SX, 3000HL
20 Meg \(\$ 479\).
30 Meg \(\$ 629\).
45 Meg \$799.

\section*{Tandy 1000 Add on Boards Serial, Clock, or Both}

Tandy 1000, 1000SX, 1000EX
The Southwestern Digital new Add-On boards were developed for use with the Plus Card Port, ( a piggy-back type, add on port established by Tandy to eliminate the need for an additional card slot ). These cards are fully compatible with the Memory Expansion Plus Card from Southwestern Digital and the Memory Expansion Plus Board from Tandy.

\section*{RS232C PLUS Option Board}

Mounts on a PLUS expansion board, and features selectivity between COM Port 1 and COM Port 2. The RS232C output connector is the standard Tandy female DB25, and is fully compatible with the Tandy output. \$59.

\section*{Clock/Calendar PLUS Option Board}

Mounts on a Plus expansion board, and features selectivity between two ports so that you can run two clocks at one time. The Clock Calendar Board gives you perpetual time/date so that you don't have to re-input time and date into your application programs as part of your power up routine. \$59.

\section*{RS232C-Clock/Calendar PLUS Option Board}

Features options of both of the above boards on just one board. \$129.

Tandy 1000SX Computer System
with 640K, RS232C Serial Port, 20 Meg Hard Drive, (1) 360K Disk Drive, Clock/Calender
\(\$ 1399\).
With a 30 Meg \$1549.


\section*{Ordering Information}

Call us or mail your order in We accept Visa, Mastercard, and Certified Funds for quickest shipment. Personal checks are held for clearance. Add \$5. for ground shipment, or \$10 tor UPS 2nd day air service. All products carry a 30 day satislaction guarantee, and are warrantied for a full

\title{
Hard Disks III:
}

\author{
This Time It's Personal
}

Ihave been discussing organizational tips for disk maintenance and some of the tools that I use to ease my work. Last month, I mentioned several features for maintaining files on your disks and, during the course of this discussion, I alluded to PCTools. Unfortunately, I had not received my upgrade to the latest version yet, so I want to expound on this product's new features and other worthwhile system enhancements.

\section*{PCTools 3.23}

PCTools is a \(\$ 39.95\) utility from Central Point Software Inc.. which produced the CopyIIPC disk-copying program that duplicates almost any type of special disk. This newest release contains the same PCTools utility for file maintenance as the others, albeit improved. What makes this product great are the other programs shipped as part of the basic tool set.

PCTools now supports recovery of formatted disks, as do several other programs on the market. Mirror writes a copy of the file-allocation table (FAT) and the root directory into a protected, hidden file on your disk. It depends on the DOS feature where the formatting operation does not really write to the data areas of the disk but reads the data area scanning for bad sectors. Recovery is simple-Mirror restores the critical DOS file areas from the "mirrored" file contents and returns the disk to its state when you last executed Mirror.

PCTools also contains a Compress utility that reorganizes the files on your disk into contiguous data areas. This enhances your ability to recover files that you inadvertently delete. Another benefit is the overall increased speed that you will realize by minimizing disk-head travel when accessing a file.

The nicest part of this utility set is the excellent DOS backup and restore programs. The only way to really protect your vital information is to back it up to some medium such as floppies. Using the DOS Backup and Restore commands is painful at best. PCBackup and PCRestore use concurrent disk reads and writes to overlap the I/O processing as much as possible. They also use a special formatting procedure that packs the

information onto your drives, and they are fast.

Best of all, the programs create a backup log for each session and remember what you put on the floppy disks. You can then select all files during a restore or restore files individually. Using PCBackup, I selectively archived files to a standard DOS disk in my high-density disk drive ( 1.2 megabytes) using the 720 K 80 -track format. PCBackup put about 800 K onto each of these floppies. You should see about the same performance on the smaller 360 K 40 -track drives. PCTools is a winner in all respects, especially considering its price.

\section*{Other Enhancements}

Not all enhancements require a hard disk; two of my favorite productivity tools fall into this class. The first is a keyboard aid called KBFIX2 that adds several significant features to your computer while taking up only about 2.5 K of memory. You can get this public-domain program from many information services for the cost of downloading it. (See the Table for the publisher's address.)

I use this small program to rid myself of one of the greatest annoyances on an IBM compatible-the 15-key type-ahead buffer. KBFIX2 provides a 128 -key typeahead buffer that I have successfully used with such nefarious programs as Borland's Sidekick. No fuss-no muss.

KBFIX2 also provides a way for you to adjust your keyboard's "typematic" action. Separate controls adjust the timing from the first press of a key to the initial repeat and the repeat frequency of the keys. I "tweak" up my keyboard for use with GEM Desktop, which is mouseintensive but tolerates a keyboard. This helped to make the keyboard a bearable substitute during the period that I did not have a mouse.

Another annoying feature of most compatibles is producing lowercase letters when you have selected caps lock and you press the shift key. KBFIX2 corrects this by letting the shift key work only when you have released the caps lock key.

KBFIX2 can also indicate visually and/or audibly the state of the three major shift keys (caps lock, number lock, and scroll lock) if your system does not have indicators for them. One last feature lets you select scroll lock as a "pause control" similar to the hold key currently on the Tandy 1000's keyboard. You do not lose the normal scroll lock functions-you simply have to press the shift key to actuate them.

\section*{CED-DOS}

\section*{Command-Line Editor}

CED is the public-domain version of a program that has recently gone commercial. I find this small utility almost invalu-
able, and it is so innocuous that it does not interfere with anything else. Most important, CED provides a vast improvement in command-line editing and recall of previously issued DOS commands.

CED also lets you build command synonyms, alternative representations for your DOS commands. These synonyms can include chaining of a series of commands. parameters just like a batch file, and parameter recall from similar commands. You can adjust the buffers' sizes on installation for all functions, and a programmer's facility lets you add new "resident" commands to the DOS command shell.

After you've used the DOS function keys for command-line editing, CED's editor is a welcome change. While you are typing in a command, you can use the arrow keys to move left and right in the command line. Simply type over mistakes or press the insert key to insert characters. The delete and backspace keys work as you would expect for removing unwanted characters. Best of all, the command line is entirely visible for you to see the changes as you make them.

Made a mistake on the last command? Press the up-arrow key (or F3 just like DOS) to recall the last command and edit it. Press enter, and it will execute with the new changes you made. This is equally applicable to any other command already saved on the stack. Simply press the up- or down-arrow keys to get to the appropriate command.

CED maintains two different command stacks by being "aware" of DOS: that is, CED knows when the DOS command processor is active. One stack contains all the commands that you enter while at a DOS prompt. The second con-

Circle 230 on Reader Service card.
TANDY 6000
4 Meq Memary Baard for Xenix Multi-Users
* Increase through put by \(200 \%\) with three to nine users
* Add users without increasing response time
* Eliminate disk thrashing
* 6 or 8 MHz operation
* No wait states

Multi-Meg 4 Boards Available Now dEALER INQUIRIES INVITED

\section*{Circuit Works}

2880 Holcomb Bridge Road - Suite B-9 Alpharetta, GA 30201 • 404/642-0139

CED provides a vast improvement in command-line editing and recall of. . .DOS commands.
tains all parameters that you can enter while running an application that uses the normal DOS "buffered line input" functions. Programs such as Debug and Edlin use this feature, and all of CED's capabilities are available as well.

\section*{Pcall Option}

CED provides a parameter recall, or pcall, option that lets you specify that you would like to use the parameters from a program's most recent invocation. For example, I invoke my programmer's editor to modify a file with the command EDWIN (file name). To edit the file the next time, all I need is the program's name-CED will remember the parameters and supply them.

Command synonyms are particularly valuable. I use Microsoft's Codeview symbolic debugger on a PC/AT with an enhanced graphics adapter (EGA) monitor. The resident program I use to maintain a special character set in the EGA and Codeview do not get along well. I have to switch off the font controller before running Codeview, then turn it back on when I am done.

CEDIOD-The Command-Line Editor
Christopher J. Dunford
10057-2 Windstream Drive
Columbia, MD 21044
Compuserve: 76703,2002
KBFIX2-Keyboard Fixup Utility Skip Gilbrech
90 Lexington Ave., \#10-G
New York, NY 10016
Compuserve: 71445,534 (leave
messages on IBMSW SIG)

\section*{PCTools}

Central Point Software Inc.
9700 S.W. Capitol Highway,
Suite 100
Portland, OR 97219
503-244-5782
\(\$ 39.95\)
Table. Programs mentioned in this column.

This is a perfect application for CED's synonym processing. I define a command called CVF that contains the text "fntoff"cv-f \(-43 \% l^{\wedge}\) fnton." This tells CED to process the command "fntoff," then call Codeview with command-line switches and a parameter option (the program name), and then turn the font back on when I am done. To debug a program, I now type CVF PROGNAME and press the enter key.

Note that the synonym listed above specified multiple DOS commands. This command-chaining feature is available at the DOS prompt; you can type in multiple commands separated by a character that you can redefine.

CED is tolerant of its environment and takes about 16 K to 17 K bytes of memory, depending on the buffer sizes. It traps only DOS function interrupt vector \(\$ 21\) and processes command input from applications that read the keyboard using DOS function \$OA (buffered keyboard input). Other programs that use alternative means to read DOS commands from the keyboard will not have access to CED's features, and CED cannot process commands in batch files.

This program has almost eliminated my need for simple batch files to perform repetitive tasks. The program's author, Chris Dunford, has recently released PCED as a commercial product with significant improvements in all areas.

\section*{Conclusion}

This completes my series on disk organization, maintenance, and productivity. Many of the tips and pointers I have provided are common sense, and a small amount of planning can greatly increase your productivity. These are not the only means of improvement you can use-you have to find the ones that are right for you. Experimentation with various concepts will help you determine your best system configuration.

The public-domain programs KBFIX2 and CED10D listed in the Table are available from most bulletin-board services (BBSes). Compuserve, Delphi, and other national information services. They are also available on 80 Micro's BBS at 603-\(924-6985\) ( \(300 / 1.200\) baud, 8 -bit words. no parity, 1 stop bit) for a limited time.


John B. Harrell III is a naval electronic warfare systems analyst. He programs in Pascal. C, and assembly language. Write to him c/o 80 Micro, 80 Elm St., Peterborough, NH 03458.

\section*{The Business of Life}

Business-type functionality is not just for the office. Managing your home is much easier with the right software. This month's pick of the litter is for public-domain and shareware software for both home and business use. You can use this software to manage your time and your home finances.

\section*{On the Right Track}

Column One Inc.'s Cashtrac, by John MacEvoy, is a personal-finance manager that keeps investment and checking records in a familiar checkbook-register format rather than a spreadsheet or ledger format. Cashtrac can keep track of up to 16 different checking accounts. It keeps an accurate record of deposits and withdrawals, including explanations of purchases and expenses for tax purposes.
You can place entries in one of many categories for easy tabulation or create your own categories. You can also use one of the checking account data bases for your credit purchases.
A function that stores one-time. monthly, and yearly unpaid bills reminds you when they are due. You can transfer the information on them directly to the checking account file when you pay those bills. An investment and savings account program shows where you invested money and how your investments are performing.
You can generate several types of reports for tax and budget purposes. Graphing functions can give you a bar chart of your investment and checking accounts. The program supports check printing that uses form-feed check styles.
This version of Cashtrac is a demonstration program, but it handles 200 transactions in each of the 16 data bases (a total of 3,200 transactions) and 200 investments. If you like the program, you can order the commercial version from Column One (see the Table).
Column One's electronic bulletinboard system (BBS) is available to users who provide support. The phone number is 703-941-2386 (300/1,200/2,400 baud, 8 -bit words, no parity, 1 stop bit).

\section*{Deskteam}

Deskteam, which is similar to Borland International's Sidekick, is a shareware

program from Alternative Decision Soft ware Inc. You can operate it as a standalone or an in-resident program that you can call up with a two-key combination while you are running other programs.
Deskteam has utilities usually found with this type of program including a calculator, calendar, notepad, and phone dialer. Other utilities are an alarm clock, DOS commands for file and disk management, printer control, and typewriter emulation. The printer control utilities can select the printer type and enable or disable the print screen function-good for preventing computer lockup when a printer isn't on and you inadvertently
press the print key.
The calendar function highlights dates on its perpetual calendar that correspond to notes you put in a file relating to that date. It displays one month at a time. The current month appears when you first boot Deskteam, but you can cycle the months or the year. You can load other calendar files and highlight calendar dates specific to a user or topic.

The alarm function, which alerts you to impending tasks, can make your computer hang up if it sounds as you download a program from a bulletin board. This happened twice when I used the Procomm communications program. I

PC-Outline (PCO324.ARC)

\section*{Brown Bag Software Inc.}

File 41719
Box 60000
San Francisco, CA 94160-1719 \(\$ 89.95\)
(\$49.95 for manual and technical support only)

\section*{PC-Tickle}

Buttonware Inc.
P.O. Box 5786

Bellevue, WA 98006
\(\$ 29.95\)
Table. Public-domain and shareware programs by authors who request a donation.
keep the alarm disabled without any detrimental effects to Deskteam.

\section*{PC-Tickle}

PC-Tickle, a shareware program distributed by Buttonware Inc., keeps track of your important events. It is not a resident program and does not have Deskteam's variety of utilities. One feature lets you display or print a calendar for the day, month, or year. You can print your schedules, too.

This scheduling program can read a file that you created and specially formatted with your word processor or the PC-Tickle editor. The editor is much like a subset of Buttonware's PC-Type + program that I described in the May 1987 column (p. 98).

The required formatting is simple. If you specify a date on a line, the program displays the line only if the date matches the date template. You specify the file and a date template in the same command line that you use when you call the PCTickle program. The date template can hold wild-card characters like asterisks (*) so you can easily specify combinations of month, day, and date to display.

You can write your scheduling file to include codes so that a particular entry only displays if it falls on a certain day of the week. PC-Tickle also provides a file that tells you the holidays of the month.

PC-Tickle and Deskteam operate on different principles; one might be better for you than the other; you might want to use both.

\section*{Off to Work}

Brown Bag Software Inc.'s PC-Outline (PCO) is more attuned to the office than the home. I ran out of space last month when I discussed business software, so I'll include it here.

To compose text, you should have a program that outlines. PCO lets you randomly write down your thoughts, plans, and ideas. Then you can organize them by moving text and selectively hiding and unveiling information as you write. Each major and minor heading that you write when you start an outline program is similar to a file within a file. You can open and close several layers of description in a hierarchical structure. Once it's designed, you can use a "hide and unhide" feature to view the level of detail you want. You can look at the most important topics or view all levels of detail.

PCO includes other files not necessarily connected with its outline functions but written by the same people. GOODCLK.COM makes the time display in PCO read the correct time and date with some compatibles. This program verifies that the real time and date are stored in the right place for programs to
read them. I needed this program with my Tandy 1000 and the PBJ multifunction board with real-time clock.

Global.COM performs any DOS function on an entire directory tree at once. You can use CPY.COM to back up a series of files to a floppy. It prompts you when to insert a new disk. DIRS.COM calculates the total disk space occupied by a set of files. It differs from the normal DIR command because it tells the space occupied, not the file size.

\section*{Greynum}

Tandy 1000 users can't use PCO without Greynum. PCO makes extensive use of the gray plus ( + ) and minus ( - ) keys. which the 1000 doesn't have. Greynum is a short resident program that changes the functions of the F11 and F12 keys on the 1000 to act in place of the gray plus (F12) and gray minus (F11) keys. Other programs that make this key conversion can cause problems when you use Deskmate, which needs the F11 and F12 keys with their normal return codes. Greynum is better because the F11 and F12 keys revert to their normal function-key codes when you press the numbers lock key.

With MS-DOS 2.11 or 3.2 you can also use the KEYCNVRT.SYS driver to make the shift-insert and the shift-delete key combinations act as the gray plus and minus keys, respectively. Just include DEVICE \(=\) KEYCNVRT. SYS inside your Config.SYS file.

\section*{Bulletin Boards with Tandy Interests}

I saved space this month to tell you about two BBSes that have Tandy-specific or related topics. The Exclusive-80 BBS and the Tandy Hotline ( \(300 / 1,200\) baud and possibly 2.400 baud) use 8 -bit words, no parity, and 1 stop bit.
Brian Driscoll and Bob Griggs run the Exclusive-80 BBS in Philadelphia, PA (215-739-9512). Its emphasis is shifting to MS-DOS, but Brian and Bob plan to support Radio Shack computers as needed. This BBS uses the TBBS software and supports the Tandy 1000/ \(1200 / 3000\), Models \(I / I I I / 4 / 4 \mathrm{P}\), the Color Computer, Models 100/200, other MSDOS machines, compatibles, and some CP/M computers. Message conferences and download files are available for all of these computers, plus a gamer's conference with downloads.

Selections for all the Tandy computers are plentiful: general utilities, graphics programs, computer-language programs, games, text and screen editors. and files for data-base and spreadsheet programs. This BBS also has high-resolution graphics programs for the Models III and 4.

For MS-DOS, one program adds line
feeds to TRSDOS-generated ASCII files. MS-DOS programs include enhanced graphics and CAD (computer-aided-design) utilities. One program has an EGA (Enhanced Graphics Adapter) driver for Lotus's 1-2-3 version 1A. You can also download MS-DOS games such as Striker and pinball programs.

\section*{Tandy Hotline}

The Tandy Hotline is Collie node no. 2 in net no. 823, which I believe makes it a Fido bulletin board. This system is now acting as the area host for the Northeast region of Collie BBSes. Fido bulletin boards have a tight network across the country and several of them exchange message bases nightly. Getting on a BBS in the Fido network, which includes Fido bulletin boards, Collie, Seadog, Opus, and probably others, usually means that you can access at least one national conference message base and exchange messages across the country. It might take a week or more to get an answer to your message, though. The Tandy Hotline is run by The Tandy Users Group, in Richmond, VA. You can call the Tandy Hotline at 804-358-5824.
The Tandy Hotline supports the Models I/III/4, the Tandy \(1000 / 1200 /\) 2000/3000, the II/12/16/6000, the Color Computers, and the MC-10. Among the on-line program selections are a Model III digital clock and disk-drive timer, a Model 4 file generator and word processor, and a tic-tac-toe game for kids.

\section*{Next Month}

For December, I'll have some programs with a Christmas theme and other odds and ends. All software discussed here will be placed on the 80 Mi cro BBS at 603-924-6985 (300/1.200 baud, 8 -bit words, no parity, 1 stop bit) for a limited time. You can also order each program from me for \(\$ 6\) per disk at my home address. Each major program needs one disk except Cashtrac. Send \(\$ 10\) for Cashtrac because it requires two disks. I'll include Greynum on each disk. The distributors of Deskteam have not yet answered my request for permission to distribute it, so send a self-addressed stamped envelope if you order Deskteam or suggest an alternate program in case I can't honor your request.


Thomas Quindry has written for 80 Micro since 1980. Write Tom at 6237 Windward Drive, Burke, VA 22015. Enclose a stamped. self-addressed envelope for a reply.

\title{
Looking for a Tax Sy
Nail it down!
with
}

\author{
for your TRS-80 and all PC's
}
when looking over the field this little "Help" message may be useful.

HOW TO READ A TAX SYSTEM AD

\section*{THE MAN SAYS:}

We will give you our last year's system free.

We have had our system tested by this giant CPA firm and they just love it.
Our system is 99\% pure.
Don't believe what you read in tax system ads.

\section*{TRANSLATION:}

We didn't get a system out in time to prepare returns. Now we've had six more months to work on it and though it still isn't complete we hope you won't notice.
It hasn't been in use in the field to any extent yet and we are trying to get around this with double-talk.
(Pure what?)
We have found out that most tax systems advertised go bust in a year or two but we are sure we'll make it.

\section*{Now let's talk PC-Tax}

\section*{LET'S TALK PERFORMANCE:}

PC-Tax gives you full screen displays of all forms and schedules. Data-entry is just the same as if you were doing the return with a pencil, only twenty times faster. All calculations are made automatically RIGHT WHILE YOU ARE MAKING ENTRIES! You won't even notice this; it just happens. In fact, once you have turned on your machine and 1040 comes up, you are simply working with a calculator, a master calculator that knows all about tax returns and knows you want one prepared. You enter the figures, PC-Tax prepares the return.

\section*{LET'S TALK FEATURES:}

Want a tax-planner? PC-Tax has had one built-in for years; it is called QUIKTAX. With this function you can tax-plan based on a client's full return (or a short version if you wish). No one has tried to decide for you what is important, leaving out just the item the client needs.
PC-Tax totals W-2 forms, computes the S.S. overpayment, and brings total wages and the overpayment to 1040. Client billing becomes available right after you have printed out the return and you can add "See you next year, Joe.", or whatever you like, to the invoice.

These are only a tiny portion of PC-Tax's special functions. If we listed them all here the type would be so small you couldn't read it.

\section*{LET'S TALK TRACK RECORD: \\ (Ours is eleven years and \(\mathbf{2 0}\) million returns)}

No tax preparation system has been in the field as long as PC-Tax and, for each of those years, we have improved, modified, and fine-tuned until our system is absolutely unique. It is flat-out impossible for any organization to even approach the quality and accuracy of PC-Tax in any conceivable time-frame.

\author{
Manual - "Computerizing the Professional Tax Office" - \$7.50 Demonstration Disk - Specify computer make and model - \$7.50
}

\title{
Reaching the Back Bank
}

In June I wrote about using alternate memory banks in the Model 4 for data storage. I ended by saying that the only practical method that I knew to access the alternate memory banks from Basic and \(C\) programs was to use them as a memory or RAM disk.

Soon after I wrote that column (see "The Rules of Bank Switching," p. 98), a program appeared in the Misosys Guarterly that radically changed my mind. That program and how you can use it in Basic is the topic of this month's column. We reprint it with the permission of Roy Soltoff, the program's author.
Before we get down to the technical nitty-gritty, some review might be worthwhile. The Model 4's Z80 microprocessor has 16 address lines, which means it can access up to 64 K of memory at one time.
However, with the Model 4/4P/4D's design you can install up to 128 K of RAM in the machine. Add-on boards can expand that capability to 1 megabyte ( \(1,024 \mathrm{~K}\) ) of RAM.

All the extra memory (everything above 64 K ) is normally invisible to the Z80 CPU. By setting some hardware switches electronically, the computer can access the extra memory in banks of 32 K each. You can install any 32 K block of memory in the upper or lower half of the Z80's memory space by correctly setting the hardware switches.

The TRSDOS/LS-DOS operating system was originally designed for a machine with up to 288 K of memory. The lower half of "normal" or boot-up memory is inviolate because it holds the operating system itself. The normal upper half of memory is called bank zero. Together, these two sections of 32 K make up the standard 64 K Model 4.
Within the confines of an unpatched version of TRSDOS/LS-DOS 6, you can access a maximum of seven alternate

\author{
System Requirements Model 4/4P/4D 128K RAM LS-DOS 6.3 \\ Editor/assembler, MRAS Basic \\ Available on The Disk Series
}

memory banks through the operating system. With patches from Misosys and some of the memory board suppliers, you can increase this number to 31 . Combining 32 K of permanently resident DOS memory in the lower half of the Z80's memory space, 32 K in bank zero in the upper half of memory, and 31 banks of 32 K controlled by DOS, your Model 4 can have \(1,056 \mathrm{~K}\) of mem-ory-just over 1 megabyte.
You should realize that memory banks controlled by TRSDOS/LS-DOS are always substituted for the upper half of memory. The bottom 32 K is never swapped out because doing so removes TRSDOS and all interrupt and device handling from memory. The actual memory swaps are nearly instantaneous.
A program written in any language that has access to the TRSDOS/LS-DOS supervisory calls (SVCs) can control bank switching if it follows two rules. First, any filter, device driver, or interrupt routine must be resident in low memory or in bank zero because TRSDOS always switches bank zero back into memory during input/output (I/O) and interrupt processing. You could not, for example, tuck a keyboard filter in bank 29 because it would never be in the Z80's memory space when you need it.
The second restriction is more severe. Whenever banks are switched, the stack must be in the lower half of memory. If
the stack were switched out of addressable memory, the system would become completely lost, especially if an interrupt occurred while an alternate bank was in place.

That second restriction essentially eliminates all alternate bank usage from any program except those written in assembly language. Both Basic and C (at least Misosys's MC) have access to SVCs, but both languages keep their stacks near the top of available memory. It might be possible to lower High\$, the top-of-memory pointer, to the boundary between upper and lower memory and run a small C program with access to the back banks. But even that trick won't work for Basic, since the interpreter itself extends past the magic dividing line.

\section*{The Solution}

Program Listing 1 cuts through these restrictions completely and gives every Basic and C program the opportunity to use back banks of memory, at least for data storage. It does this by installing itself in low memory as an SVC, using its own stack area when it is called, and handling all the tricky work of moving data between bank zero and any back bank of memory. Now your Basic and C programs can have almost one million bytes of data-storage area, provided you know how to manage that memory.

The Extended Memory Handler, or EXMEM, in Listing 1 installs a new SVC
in memory called @EXMEM (by convention, all SVC names begin with "@"). Programs can communicate with this SVC, as they do with all others, by loading information into the CPU registers, loading the SVC number into register A, and using an RST 28 hexadecimal (hex) instruction.
© EXMEM supports four subfunctions. It can move a page of memory ( 256 bytes) or a single byte from main memory to a bank or vice versa. The function number is placed in the B register, the bank number is put in C , the address in the bank is stored in HL, and the address in main memory is passed to the SVC in DE.
@EXMEM assumes that the program has access to the bank. Its error checking is limited to ensuring that HL, the bank address, is within range, and it uses the @Bank SVC to ensure that the bank exists. There is both a danger and a power here. You can use @EXMEM to access memory in any existing back bank, which means that you could directly manipulate RAM-disk or printspooler storage from Basic. Obviously, you need to exercise caution in using @EXMEM.

\section*{Understanding the Program}

Roy Soltoff's assembly programs are necessarily concise due to years of stuffing as many functions as possible into a limited number of bytes. But this terse programming style makes Listing 1 more difficult to read and understand than the assembly programs usually seen in this column.

I added the comments in square brackets to the original source code in Listing 1 to make the program easier to read. If you type and assemble the code in Listing 1, please follow Roy's wishes and leave all copyright notices unchanged.

The program begins by defining both the SVCs it will call and a name for the low-memory buffer that it uses to transfer data from one bank to another. TRSDOS uses the page of memory from 2300 hex to 23 FF hex as a disk-sector buffer when it loads its library routines. Other programs can use the page of memory whenever TRSDOS is not loading or writing to a disk. Therefore, @EXMEM should not be called by an interrupt-handling program.

The program displays a copyright message and then uses the ©GTDCB SVC to find the address of the first de-vice-control block (DCB), which is always assigned to the keyboard driver, KI. The 2 bytes preceding the KI DCB contain a pointer to the first unused byte in the low-memory driver area, which is a portion of memory reserved for device drivers such as RAM disks that must be

Program Listing 1. EXMEM/ASM.


\title{
NEW FLOPPY DISK DRIVES For Mod 1-3.4.1000, IBM
}
A. 240 tk DS \(35^{\circ}\) TEAC .......... \(\$ 259\)

280tk DS 3.5. TEAC.............. 289
B. 1401k DS \(3.5^{\circ}\) TEAC............. 159
1.801k DS \(3.5^{\circ}\) TEAC

Bare 40tk DS \(3.5^{\circ}\) TEAC ........ . 109 Bare 80tk DS \(3.5^{\circ}\) TEAC ........ 129 Bare 80tk TEAC in \(5.25^{\prime}\) frame .. 149
D. Extender cable w/ gold
contacts ........................ 10
E IBM external floppy drive
cable . ....................... 40 TRS 80 2drive floppy cable ...... 24 TRS 804 didive floppy cable ....... 34 Disk Operating System Mod 1 TRSDOS 2.3 complete wiman ................ Mod 3 TRSDOS 1.3 complete
wiman .............................. 25 LDOS (specify Mod 1 or 3 ) .............. 45 Mod 4 TRSDOS \(6 \times\) complete W/man ............................ 35


G
H
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{F. \(5.25^{\circ}\) Power supply ......... \(\$ 59\)} \\
\hline G. & 1400k SS 5.25' TEAC.......... 129 \\
\hline & 1400k DS \(5.25{ }^{\text { }}\) TEAC. . . . . . . 139 \\
\hline & 1800k DS 5.25 \({ }^{\circ}\) TEAC......... 190 \\
\hline H. & 2400k SS 5.25' TEAC ......... 219 \\
\hline & 240th DS 5.25* TEAC. ........ 259 \\
\hline & 2800k DS 5.25* TEAC . . . . . . . 299 \\
\hline & Add \$17 for Stainless Ste \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{I.} & Bare 400k SS \(5.25{ }^{\circ}\) TEAC ........ 99 \\
\hline & Bare 400k DS 5.25' TEAC....... 109 \\
\hline & Bare 800k DS 5.25* TEAC 139 \\
\hline & Bare 400k SS TM100-1 ......... 109 \\
\hline & TEAC FDS5ABEF Ser. Man . . . . . 20 \\
\hline & TM100-1/2 Service Manual . . . . . . 20 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Aerocomp continues to lead the way to the BEST value in disk drives and related peripheral products for your computer. Sound engineering, high performance, quality construction, no-risk free trial, outstanding warranty service and a reputation for doing the right thing make your decision to buy AEROCOMP the correct one. Please look over our selection and call our toll-free order number with your selection now. If you are not sure of
what you need just call our technicial assistance number and we'll help you out. All drives are new-not factory blems, seconds, closeouts or defunct manufacturers surplus (MPI, Qume, Shugart, etc). Instruction manuals are included at no extra cost and service manuals are available. We appreciate your business and will do our very best to support you.
Add \(\$ 4\) shipping for non-drive items; \(\$ 6\) for single drives; \(\$ 10\) for dual drives.

\title{
INCREASED DISK STORAGE FOR YOUR MODEL I Add \(80 \%\) more capacity to your disk drives with our Double Density Controller (DDC).
}

Add double density to your TRS-80 Model I by installing our DDC in your expansion interface. Lets talk about density. The Model I was designed to store data on diskettes in single density. Single density refers to the method used to write data to the disk. Your diskette is organized into tracks and sectors. Early Model I's had 35 track drives while later models, and most aftermarket drives,
 had 40 tracks. In single density the tracks on the diskette surface are divided into 10 sectors. Each sector contains 256 bytes of data for a total of 2,560 bytes or 2.5 k per track times the number of tracks your drive is capable of addressing. Double density, on the other hand, allows each track to be divided into 18 sectors. As in single density each sector contains 256 bytes but now there are 18 sectors instead of 10 giving an new storage capacity of 4,608 bytes or 4.5 k per track. The result is \(80 \%\) more data in the same space. You may wonder why Radio Shack did not choose to use double density in the beginning. The reason is simple. It costs more money. Double density disk storage techniques were more expensive to implement back then.
Reliable double density operation required a better disk drive than Radio Shack was furnishing in addition to better quality components and diskettes. Therefore, no double density for the Model I. We went to work and came up with a design that allowed
reliable double density operation on the Model I. In fact, our DDC had a higher probability of data recovery than any other disk controller on the market then or since. Our analog design phase lock loop data separator has a wider capture window than the digital types others use. This allows high resolution data centering. Our "DDC" analog circuit allows infinitely variable tuning with optimum attack and settling times. The oft-stated fears of adjustment problems rumored by digital dilettantes have been proved groundless by thousands of satisfied users the world over. The bottom line is state-of-the-art reliability and performance. TRS-80 Model I disk system owners who are ready for reliable double density operation will get \(80 \%\) more storage per diskette; single and double density operation with far fewer disk I/O errors; single density compatability; simple plug-in operation. You will need a disk operating system that has the necessary double density software driver. All the popular DOS's (except TRSDOS) have the software driver. We have a special combination offer that saves you \(\$ 10\) and includes the LDOS operating system in the event you do not already have a DOS.
DDC by itself
DDC including the latest version LDOS
.139

\title{
LOW COST HARD DISK DRIVES FOR YOUR TRS-80
}



Our hard disk systems provide you with the latest integrated designs, proper controllers and pre-tested drives to ensure no unwelcome surprises. Our systems are engineered to provide years of trouble free service. These systems come complete ready to go to work. There is nothing else to purchase. Your choice of either CP/M, LDOS or TRSDOS software drivers at no charge. Additional drivers may be purchased for \(\$ 30\).

Each unit is guaranteed for one full year, parts and labor, at no additional cost. We provide the little things that are so important to a long troublefree life. Things like state-

\section*{COMPLETE WITH CABLE AND SOFTWARE GUARANTEED ONE YEAR \\ Add \(\$ 20\) shipping Add \(\$ 30\) for Stainless Steel}
of-the-art continuous duty switching power supplies; buffered seek drives; plated media; filtered forced-air ventilation for cool operation and extended life; power line EMI filter; solid steel construction; gold plated connectors; front panel LED indicators for Power-Ready-Select-Read-Write; built-in diagnostics; automatic error correction; provision to add a secondary drive; plus attention to details and a dedication to provide quality service that is unequaled. We are so sure you will be satisfied that we offer a 30 day free

trial. If you are unhappy with your hard drive, for any reason, just let us know within 30 days of your receipt and we will promptly refund your purchase price (less shipping). You can't go wrong. Start enjoying the real power and speed of your computer with one of our hard disk drives. Do it today! Use our toll-free ordering lines now.
\begin{tabular}{ccc}
\multicolumn{3}{c}{ ADDITIONAL SIZES AVAILABLE } \\
& PRIMARY & SECON \\
20 Megabyte & 699 & 599 \\
30 Megabyte & 849 & 749 \\
40 Megabyte & 999 & 999
\end{tabular}


\section*{SAVE YOUR MONEY WITH OUR NEW INTERNAL HARD DISK DRIVES}

Aerocomp continues to lead the way with the best low cost, high quality, fast-access, hard drives for your IBM, Tandy 1000/3000 or Clone compatible computer. Check the specs, then check our prices. Our systems allow you to boot directly from the hard drive. Our hard drive kits come complete with everything you need to install them in your computer. We even provide software to park the heads for maximum drive protection during transit. All connectors and card edges are gold plated to insure trouble-free service. Sizes listed are after formatting. DOS 2.1 or later is required. Tandy 1000 requires DMA and ROM 1.01 .00 or later. Tandy 1000 SX owners can save hundreds by simply remove one floppy and install our high performance, halfhigh, low power consumption 20, 30 or 40 MB drive in its place. Not for Tandy 1000EX. Oneyear warranty.

We promise satisfaction and back it up with a 30 day money-back guarantee. If, for any reason, you are unhappy with your hard drive just let us know within 30 days of delivery and we will arrange the return and a full refund of your purchase price (less shipping).

\section*{ADD DISK DRIVES TO YOUR MODEL \(3 / 4\)}

Convert your cassette Model 3 or 4 to disk operation with one of our easy to install kits. Detailed illustrated instructions are included. All you need is a screwdriver and pair of pliers. Included is our own advanced controller with gold contacts capable of 4-drive operation; plated steel mounting towers complete with RFI shield; power supply plus all the cables and hardware. Choose a 1 or 2 drive system or the basic kit and pick the drives you want and your disk operating system from the list on the opposite page. Give us a call. We are ready to help with the answers to your questions.

Complete system, less drives
\$ 159
1-Drive system
2-Drive system
Substitute DS drives for only \(\$ 10\) each.
Add \(\$ 10\) shipping.
Disk Controller Only.
RS-232 Board complete.


\section*{CALL TOLL-FREE 800-527-0347 USA 800-442-1310 Texas 214-637-5400 \\ Information} charge your card until the day we ship your order. Mail orders are welcome. Money orders are accepted as well as your company and personal checks as long as they are bank printed and have your address and telephone number. We will ship surface COD with no deposit on most items but all COD's require cash or a Cashier's Check on delivery Texas residents add State Sales Tax. No tax collected on out of state shipments. There is a one year warranty on all hardware items agains defects in materials or workmanship. Your satisfaction is guaranteed on all hardware products. If you are not satisfied, for any reason, call product and the cheerful refund of your money (less shipping). All original materials must be intact and undamaged as well as the original shipping container. This offer does not apply to software. Defective software will be replaced. No other software warranty applies. Prices and specifications are subject to change without notice.


2544 West Commerce Street P.O. Box 223957 Dallas, Texas 75212 * TELEX: 882761 * FAX: 214-6348303 * SERVICE: 214-638-8886 (0) 1987 by Aerocomp. All rights reserved.

\section*{How to Use 80 Micro \\ Program Listings}

Basic Program Listings in 80 Micro include a checksum value at the beginning of each line. This value is the sum of the ASCII values of all characters and spaces in the line, excluding remarks. You can use these values to test the accuracy of your typing.
- Type in the program code exactly as listed, omitting the indentations (when program lines continue to a second or third magazine line). Do not type the checksum values at the beginning of each line or the vertical bar (|).
- Save the program in ASCII format with the command SAVE "file name",A.
- Load and run Checksum (see Program Listing; Model 4 changes are below). The program prompts you for the name of the file to be verified and gives you the option of sending the checksum values and program lines to the printer or to the screen.

When printing to the screen, Checksum lists 22 lines and then waits for you to press the enter key. You can change the number of lines displayed in line 190.
- Compare the checksum values with the checksums shown in the listing. Correct errors in lines having checksum values that don't match.
To modify Checksum for the Model 4, make the following changes. Omit line 45. Replace lines 100 and 110 with the lines in the Figure. Replace all occurrences of PRINT\#2, with PRINT.

\section*{-Beverly Woodbury, Technical Editor}

\section*{Program Listing. Checksum for MS-DOS.}

10 'CHECKSUM/BAS revised -- 08/87
3584
358420 CLS:PRINT "PRINT PROGRAM LISTING WITH CHECKSUMS"
4218 | 30 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT "Basic program must be in ASCII."
\begin{tabular}{l|l}
4218 & PRINT:PRINT:PRINT "Basic program must be in ASCII." \\
4015 & 40 PRINT:PRINT:INPUT "Enter name of File to PRINT";F\$
\end{tabular}


\begin{tabular}{l|ll}
3061 & 50 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT "List program to: \\
3124 & 60 PRINT TAB(20) "<P>rinter or \(\langle S\rangle C r e e n ~ ? ", ~\)
\end{tabular}



5529 | 10日 IF PN THEN OPEN "LPT1:" FOR OUTPUT AS 2;GOSUB 480:ELSE OPEN "SCRN:" IF PN THEN OPEN
FOR OUTPUT AS 2
3991 | 110 IF EOF (1) THEN CLOSE:IF PN THEN LPRINT CHRS(12):END ELSE END
\begin{tabular}{r|l}
3991 & 110 IF EOF (1) \\
693 & \(120 \quad \mathrm{X}=0: \mathrm{CS}=\emptyset\)
\end{tabular}
3361 130 LINE INPUT i1, LS: A=VARPTR (LS) : \(\operatorname{GOSUB} 310: Q=\operatorname{PEEK}(\mathrm{A})\)
\(\begin{array}{ll}3361 \\ 3110 & 140 \\ \text { LS }=\text { PEEK }(A+1): M S=P E E K \\ (A+2): A=M S * 256+L S: G O S U B & 310\end{array}\)
3110 LS=PEEK \((A+1): M S=P E E K(A+2): A=M S * 256+L S\) : GOSUB 310
2034150 IF INSTR(L\$, 1 N) THEN GOSUB 330
2944 160 FOR \(K=1\) TO \(\mathrm{Q}: \mathrm{P}=\operatorname{PEEK}(\mathrm{A}): \mathrm{A}=\mathrm{A}+1: \mathrm{CS}=\mathrm{CS}+\mathrm{P}:\) NEXT K
1619 170 \(\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{VAL}(\mathrm{LEFN}(\mathrm{L}, 5): \mathrm{L}=\mathrm{L}+1\)
3301 | 180 IF PN THEN IF L>58 THEN GOSUB 470:GOTO 200 ELSE 200
1854 | 190 IF L>22 THEN L=0: INPUT XY \(\$\)
1463 | 200 IF Q>72 THEN GOTO 240
1126 | 210 IF CS \(=0\) THEN 110
3016 | 220 IF \(\mathrm{X}=2\) OR \(\mathrm{X}=3\) THEN PRINT\#2, " \(\quad\);ES;L\$:GOTO 110
3430 | 230 PRINT\#2, USING "\#\#\#\#\#"; CS;:PRINT\#2, ES;LS:CS= \(\ddagger\) :GOTO 110
2065 | 246 NL=LEN(STR\$(N)) :S1=NL+8:S=NL


2540 : 270 PRINTH2, STRING\$(S1," ");MIDS(L\$,73,72-S)
4046 | 280 IF \(Q>144-S\) THEN L=L+1:PRINT\#2, STRING\$(S1," ");MID\$(L\$,145-S,72-S)
4393 | 290 IF \(Q>216-(S \star 2)\) THEN L=L+1:PRINT\&2, STRING\$(S1," ");MID\$(L\$,217-(S*2) , 72-S)
987 | 300 CS=0:GOTO 110
1865 | 310 IF \(A>32767\) THEN \(A=(65536!-A) *-1\)
\begin{tabular}{r|rr}
661 & 320 & RETURN \\
1756 & 330 & \(\mathrm{I}=\) INSTR
\end{tabular}
1756 330 \(I=I N S T R\left(L S,{ }^{\prime \prime \prime \prime \prime}\right): I Q=I-1: X=1\)
2683 | 340 IF LEN(LS)=INSTR (LS, "'") THEN \(X=2\) :RETURN
2716 i \(350 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{VAL}(\mathrm{LEFT}(\mathrm{L} \$, 4)\) ) \(: \mathrm{N} \$=\operatorname{STR} \$(\mathrm{~N}): \mathrm{LN}=\mathrm{LEN}(\mathrm{N} \$)+2\)
1813 | 360 IF I \(<=L N\) THEN \(X=3:\) RETURN
\begin{tabular}{l:l}
2596 & 370 \\
3168 & 380 \\
\hline 102 & \(=I N S T R(L S, B \$): I F\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1392 - 390 IF \(I=0\) THEN RETURN
2863 - 406 Q3 \(=\) INSTR \((Q 2+1, L \$, B \$): I F \quad Q 3>1\) OR \(Q 3=0\) THEN 430
\(3170 \quad 418 \quad Q 4=I N S T R(Q 3+1, L \$, B \$): I F \quad Q 4\) THEN \(\quad I=I N S T R\left(Q 4, L \$,{ }^{\prime \prime \prime \prime}\right)\)
1386 | 420 IF \(I=0\) THEN RETURN
1484 | 430 FOR \(I=I Q\) TO 1 STEP -1
1265 | \(448 \mathrm{C=ASC}(\operatorname{MIDS}(L \$, I, 1)\) )
1380 | 450 IF C<33 THEN NEXT I
2939 46@ QM=Q:X=4:RL\$=LEFT \(\$(L \$, I): Q=L E N(R L \$):\) RETURN
1182 470 PRINT\#2, CHR\$(12)

2610 | 490 PRINT \(\ddagger 2\), PRINT \(\ddagger 2,:\) PN \(=\mathrm{PN}+1: \mathrm{L}=3:\) RETURN
End
Figure. Replacement lines for the Model 4.
2916 | 100 IF PN THEN SYSTEM"ROUTE *DO *PR" : GOSUB 480
5242 , 110 IF EOF (1) THEN CLOSE:IF PN THEN SYSTEM "RESET *DO":LPRINT CHR\$(12):E ND ELSE END
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Reader Service Number} & ge \\
\hline 82 & Aerocomp & 84 \\
\hline 82 & Aerocomp & \\
\hline 202 & Aerocomp & \\
\hline 302 & Aerocomp & \\
\hline 17 & Alpha Products & \\
\hline 141 & Anitek Software Products & \\
\hline 378 & & 4 \\
\hline 152 & BCCOMPCO & \\
\hline 301 & Big D Computers & \\
\hline 133 & CDA World of Computers & \\
\hline 95 & Center Computer & \\
\hline 230 & Circuit Works & \\
\hline 302 & Clone Computers & -70 \\
\hline 357 & Computer Friends & \\
\hline 18 & Computer Plus & \\
\hline 532 & Contract Services Assoc & \\
\hline 45 & Cornucopia Software & \\
\hline 282 & DFW Computer Center & \\
\hline 40 & Discount Computer Supplies & 100 \\
\hline 204 & DiskCount Data & \\
\hline 85 E & Educational Micro Systems & 111 \\
\hline 549 & Classified Ads & \\
\hline & 80 Micro Disk Series & \\
\hline 358 & Exec-PC & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{NOVEMBER 1987}


\section*{READER SERVICE}

This card valid until January 31, 1988.
A. How would you describe your interest in MS-DOS, IBM Compatible Systems? 1. I own an MS-DOS, IBM compatible system. 3. \(\square\) I'm interested but have no immediate 2. I I intend to purchase.
4. \(\square\) Not interested
B. Which of the following types of MS-DOS products would you like to see reviewed? Check all that 1. \({ }^{\text {apply. }}\)

\section*{. CAD/CAM software}
3. \(\square\) Games
nent software
C. Excluding yourself, how many people read your copy of 80 Micro?
1. Q One 3. Three
own an MS-DOS computer? It so, check all that apt
1. Model 1000
7. Model 1400 LT
8. \(\square\) Model 2000
2. Model 1000 EX
8. Model 2000
3. Model 1000 HX
10. Model 3000 HD
4. Model 1000 SX
10. Model 3000 H.
6. Model 1200
12. I Other MS-DOS
E. Do you own a non-MS-DOS Tandy computer? If so, check all that apply
1. Model II
5.
3. Model 4/4D/4P
4. Small-business software
5. Add-on boards
6. \(\square\) Aeripherals

Do you subscribe to an information utility, such as Compuserve, Dow Jones News Retrieval, etc.?
1. \(\square\) Yes 2. \(\square\) No
within 12 months.
G. Do you plan to purchase another TRS-80/Tandy Computer during the next 12 months? 1. Yes
2. №
3. Don't know
H. Where do you use your TRS-80/Tandy Computer? Check all that apply.
1. At home for pleasure
2. At home for business
2. At home for business
3. At work
4. At school
1. The articles in 80 Micro are:
1. Too simple
2. Too complex
3. Just right
J. How many purchases have you made based on an ad you saw in 80 Micro?
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { 1. } \square 0 & \text { 2. प1-3 }\end{array}\)
K. Which of the following columns do you read? Please rate them on a scale of 1 (seldom read) to 5 (always read).

\section*{2. - Feedback Loop \\ 3. - Pulse Traln \\ 4. - The Next Ste \\ 5. - John's MS-DOS Column}
7. - Reader Forum
8. Reviews
9. - New Products
11. - The Home Computerist
6. - Fine Lines
L. If you are not a subscriber, please circle 500.
M. If you would like a one year subscription to 80 Micro, please circle 501 on the Reader Service Card. Each subscription costs \(\$ 24.97\). (Canada \& Mexico \$27.97, Foreign Surface \(\$ 44.97\), one year only). Please allow 10-12 weeks for delivery.

\section*{READER SERVICE}

This card valid until January 31, 1988.
A. How would you describe your interest in MS-DOS, IBM Compatible Systerns?
1. \(\square\) I own an MS-DOS, IBM compatible system. 3. I'm interested but have no immediate 2. \(\square\) I intend to purchase
4. \(\square\) Not interested.
B. Which of the following types of MS-DOS products would you like to see revlewed? Check all that

\section*{1. CAD/CAM software \\ 2. Personal management software \\ 3. Games}
4. I Smell-business software
5. Add-on boards
6. \(\square\) Perlpherals
C. Excluding yourself, how many people read your copy of 80 Micro?
1. One
2. Two
4. Thre
D. Do you own an MS-DOS computer? If so, check all that apply

7. प Model 1400 L
8. Model 2000
1. Model 3000 HD
12. Model 4000
E. Do you own a non-MS-DOS Tandy computer? If so, check all that apply.
1. Model !
4. Model 100/200
2. Model III
3. Model 4/4D/4P
F. Do you subscribe to an information utility, such as Compuserve, Dow Jones News Retrieval, etc.?
1. Yes
2. No
3. Not now, but intend to
within 12 months.
G. Do you plan to purchase another TRS-80/Tandy Computer during the next 12 months? 1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
H. Where do you use your TRS-80/Tandy Computer? Check all that apply.
1. At home for pleasure
2. At home for business
3. At work
4. At school

The articles in 80 Micro are:
1. \(\square\) Too simple
2. Too comple
3. \(\square\) Just right
J. How many purchases have you made based on an ad you saw in 80 Micro? \(\begin{array}{ll}\text { 1. } \square 0 & \text { 2. } \square 1-3 \\ 4 & \text { 3. } \square \text { or more }\end{array}\)
K. Which of the following columns do you read? Please rate them on a scale of 1 (seldom read) to 5 (always read).

\section*{- Feedback Loo \\ 3. - Pulse Train \\ 3. - The Next Step
5. - John's MS-DOS Column \\ 6. - Fine Lines}

> 7. - Reader Forum 8. Reviews 9. - New Products 11. The Home Computerist 11. Public Works
L. If you are not a subscriber, please circle 500 .
M. If you would like a one year subscription to 80 Micro, please circle 501 on the Reader Service Card. Each subscription costs \(\$ 24.97\). (Canada \& Mexico \(\$ 27.97\), Foreign Surface \(\$ 44.97\), one

Reader Service: To receive more information from any of the advertisers in this issue, circle the number of the Reader Service Card that corresponds with the Reader Service number on the ad in which you are interested. You will find numbers. Complete the entire card, stamp and drop into a mailbox. In 4-6 weeks you will hear from the advertiser directly.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1 & 6 & 11 & 16 & 21 & 151156161166171 & 301306311316321 & 451456461466471 \\
\hline 2 & 7 & 12 & 17 & 22 & 152157162167172 & 302307312317322 & 452457462467472 \\
\hline 3 & 8 & 13 & 18 & 23 & 153158163168173 & 303308313318323 & 453458463468473 \\
\hline 4 & 9 & 14 & 19 & 24 & 154159164169174 & 304309314319324 & 454459464469474 \\
\hline 5 & 10 & 15 & 20 & 25 & 155160165170175 & 305310315320325 & 455460465470475 \\
\hline 26 & 31 & 36 & 41 & 46 &  & \(\begin{array}{ll}326 & 331 \\ 3276341346\end{array}\) & 476481486491496 \\
\hline 27 & 32 & 37 & 42 & 47 &  & 327332337342347 & 477482487492497 \\
\hline 28 & 33 & 38 & 43 & 48 & 178183188193198 & 3283333388343348 & 478483488493498 \\
\hline 29 & 34 & 39 & 44 & 49 & 179184189194199 & 329334339344349 & 479484489494499 \\
\hline 30 & 35 & 40 & 45 & 50 & 180185190195200 & 330335340345350 & 480485490495500 \\
\hline 51 & 56 & 61 & 66 & 71 & 201206211216221 & 351356361386371 & 501506511516521 \\
\hline 52 & 57 & 62 & 67 & 72 & 202207212217222 & 352357362367372 & 502507512517522 \\
\hline 53 & 58 & 63 & . 68 & 73 & 203208213218223 & 353358363368373 & 503508513518523 \\
\hline 54 & 59 & 64 & 69 & 74 & 204209214219224 & 354359364369374 & 504509514519524 \\
\hline 55 & 60 & 65 & 70 & 75 & 205210215220225 & 355360365370375 & 505510515520525 \\
\hline 78 & 81 & 86 & 91 & 96 & 226231236241246 & 376381386391396 & 526531536541546 \\
\hline 77 & 82 & 87 & 92 & 97 & 227232237242247 & 377382387392397 & 527532537542547 \\
\hline 78 & 83 & 88 & 93 & 98 & 228233238243248 & 378383388393398 & 528533538543548 \\
\hline 79 & 84 & 89 & & 99 & 229234239244249 & 379384389394399 & 529534539544549 \\
\hline 80 & 85 & 90 & & 100 & 230235240245250 & 380385390.395400 & 530535540545550 \\
\hline 101 & 106 & 111 & & 121 & 251256261266271 & 401406411416421 & 551556561566571 \\
\hline 102 & 107 & 112 & & 122 & 252257262267272 & 402407412417422 & 552557562567572 \\
\hline 103 & 108 & 113 & & 123 & 253258263268273 & 403408413418423 & 553558563568573 \\
\hline 104 & 109 & 114 & & & 254259264269274 & 404409414419424 & 554559564569574 \\
\hline 105 & 110 & 115 & & 125 & \(\begin{array}{llllll}255 & 260 & 265 & 270 & 275\end{array}\) & 405410415420425 & 555560565570575 \\
\hline 126 & 131 & 136 & & 146 & 276281286291296 & 426431436441446 & 576581586591596 \\
\hline 127 & 132 & 137 & 142 & 147 & 277282287292297 & 427432437442447 & 577582587592597 \\
\hline 128 & 133 & 138 & & 148 & 278283288293298 & 4284334384434488 & 578583588593598 \\
\hline 129 & 134 & 139 & & 149 & 279284289294299 & 429434439444449 & 579584589594599 \\
\hline 130 & 135 & 140 & & 150 & 280285290295300 & 430435440445450 & 580585590595600 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Name Title

Address
City \(\qquad\) State \(\qquad\) Zip
Telephone (

\section*{Bロmicro November 1987}

Reader Service: To receive more information from any of the advertisers in this issue, circle the number of the Reader Service Card that corresponds with the Reader Service number on the ad in which you are interested. You will find numbers. Complete the entire card, stamp and drop into a mailbox. In 4-6 weeks you will hear from the advertiser directly.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & 11 & 16 & & 151
156161186171 & 301306311316321 & 451456461466471 \\
\hline 2 & 7 & 12 & 17 & 22 & 152157162167172 & 302307312317322 & 452457462487472 \\
\hline 3 & 8 & 13 & 18 & 23 &  & 303308313318323 & 453458463468473 \\
\hline 4 & 9 & & & 24 & 154159164169174 & 304309314319324 & 454459464469474 \\
\hline 5 & 10 & 15 & 20 & 25 & 155160165170175 & 305310315320325 & 455460165470475 \\
\hline & 31 & 36 & 41 & & 176181181819196 & 326331336341346 & 476481486491496 \\
\hline 27 & 32 & 37 & 42 & 47 & 177182187192197 & 327332337342347 & 477482487492497 \\
\hline & 33 & & & & 178183188193198 & 328333338343348 & 478483488493498 \\
\hline & 34 & 39 & 44 & 49 & 179184189194199 & 329334339344349 & 479484489494499 \\
\hline 30 & 35 & 40 & 45 & 50 & 180185190195200 & 330335340345350 & 480485490495500 \\
\hline 51 & 56 & & & & 201206211216221 & 351356361366371 & 501506511516521 \\
\hline 52 & 57 & 62 & 67 & 72 & 202207212217222 & 352357362361372 & 502507512517522 \\
\hline & 58 & & & & 203208213218223 & 353358363368373 & 503508513518523 \\
\hline 54 & 59 & 64 & 69 & 74 & 204209214219224 & 354359364369374 & 504509514519524 \\
\hline & 80 & 65 & 70 & 75 & 205210215220225 & 355360365370375 & 505510515520525 \\
\hline 76 & 81 & 86 & 91 & & 226231236241246 & 376381386391396 & 526531536541546 \\
\hline & 82 & 87 & & & 227232237242247 & 377382387392397 & 527532537542547 \\
\hline 78 & 83 & 88 & & & 228233238243248 & 378383388393398 & 528533538543548 \\
\hline 79 & 84 & 89 & & & 229234239244249 & 379384389394399 & 529534539544549 \\
\hline 80 & 85 & 90 & & 100 & 230235240245250 & 380385390395400 & 530535540545550 \\
\hline & 06 & 111 & 116 & & 251256261266271 & 401406411416421 & 551556561566571 \\
\hline 102 & 107 & 112 & 117 & 122 & 252257262287272 & 402407412417422 & 552557562567572 \\
\hline 103 & 108 & 113 & & & 253258263268273 & 403408413418423 & 553558563568573 \\
\hline 104 & 109 & 114 & & & 254259264269274 & 404409414419424 & 554559564569574 \\
\hline 105 & 110 & 115 & 120 & 125 & 255260265270275 & 405410415420425 & 555560565570575 \\
\hline & 31 & 136 & 141 & 146 & 276281286291296 & 426431436441446 & 576581586591596 \\
\hline 127 & 132 & 137 & 142 & 147 & 277282287292297 & 427432437442447 & 577582587592597 \\
\hline 128 & 133 & 138 & 143 & 148 & 278283288293298 & 4284334384443448 & 578583588593598 \\
\hline 129 & 134 & 139 & 14 & 149 & 279284289294299 & 429434439444449 & 579584589594599 \\
\hline & 135 & 140 & 145 & 150 & 280285290295300 & 430435440445450 & 580585590595600 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Name
Title

\section*{Address}
City \(\qquad\) State \(\qquad\) Zip

Telephone (
8Dmicro November 1987

\section*{80 Micro}

\section*{P.O. Box 306 \\ Dalton, MA 01227}

\section*{80 Micro}
P.O. Box 306

Dalton, MA 01227

\section*{80 Micro SAVINGS VOUCHER}

\section*{SAVE UP TO 63\% OFF THE COVER PRICE}

\section*{Name}

\section*{Address}
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\hline City & State \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mail this Savings Voucher today, and you'll get 80 MICRO for as little as \(\$ 1.47\) an issue saving up to \(63 \%\) off the \(\$ 4.00\) cover price. Just select the term you prefer.
\(\square 3\) YEARS
at \(\$ 1.47\) an issue
I save \(63 \%{ }^{*}\)
(36 issues for \(\$ 53\) )2 YEARS at \(\$ 1.58\) an issue I save \(60 \%\) *
(24 issues for \(\$ 38\) )1 YEAR
at \(\$ 2.08\) an Issue
I save 48\%*
(12 issues for \$24.97)
Choose one: \(\square\) Payment enclosed \(\square\) Bill me later

For even faster service call this toll-free number: 1-800-227-5782 (in NH call 1-603-924-9471)
- Off the \(\$ 4.00\) cover price. Basic 2 year rate is \(\$ 38\). Basic 3 year rate is \(\$ 53\). U.S. funds on U.S. banks only.

37NB8L

PLEASE SAVE THIS
RECEIPT FOR
YOUR RECORDS

80 MICRO COVER PRICE \(\qquad\)

HOME DELIVERY


\section*{RECEIPT}

RETAIN FOR YOUR RECORDS

\section*{BUSINESS REPLY MAIL}

First Class Permit No. 73 Peterborough NH 03458
NOTE: Your 80 Micro subscription may be taxdeductible if you're ordering 80 Micro for business or investment purposes

\section*{Chull Shaith}

Frank S. Smith
Circulation Director


POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

CW Communications
80 Micro
P.O. Box 981

Farmingdale, NY 11737

placed in low memory. Several other device drivers, including the TRSDOS COM/DVR and most hard-disk drivers, place themselves in low memory if there is room instead of taking space in high memory.

The program loads the low-memory pointer into the DE register pair and saves it for later use. (In Roy's comments, p/u means "pick up" or retrieve a value from memory.) Next, the program takes the length of the actual @EXMEM routine, adds it to the current low-memory pointer, and compares the result to 1300 hex, the first address above the low-memory area. If there isn't enough room, the program jumps to a routine to print an error message and abort back to LS-DOS.

If there is room for @EXMEM in low memory, the program adds its length to the low-memory pointer and then calls the RELO routine to relocate the jump and call addresses inside @EXMEM.

To ensure the integrity of its small internal stack, @EXMEM operates with interrupts disabled. To keep interrupts turned off for the shortest time possible, it takes a shortcut in the standard pro-gram-to-TRSDOS interface. When a program invokes an SVC, DOS must use the value in the A register as an index to a table of addresses, select the correct address, and then jump to that location. If the SVC routine is in one of the system overlays, the SVC handler must also ensure that the overlay code is in memory.

Because TRSDOS switches bank zero back to main memory for every I/O request, the code for the banking routines is in the core of DOS memory, which is always present and never overlaid by other routines. The address of the @Bank SVC never moves while the computer is running, so you can eliminate the time required for the TRSDOS SVC to look up the address of that code if the @EXMEM program looks up that address itself.

The section of the installation routine labeled "Fixup @EXMEM's calls to @Bank" uses the @Flag\$ SVC to find the address of the SVC table and then finds the address of the @Bank SVC within that table. Finally, it puts that address inside the @EXMEM SVC so that calls to @Bank can be made directly instead of through the normal DOS SVC handler.

Although the SVC handler is efficient, each call to @EXMEM must invoke the @Bank SVC twice, and this shortcut saves a small but appreciable amount of time.

You might wonder about the program's use of expressions like "LD DE, \$ - \$" at the label LCPTR. The dollar sign (\$) in assembly means "the current


Listing 1 continued
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Listing 1 continued} \\
\hline 02010 & & PUSH & BC & ; Save previous bank \# \\
\hline 02020 & & LD & BC, 256 & ; Page length \\
\hline 02030 & & LDIR & & ; Move page into bank \\
\hline 82040 & & POP & BC & ; Recover previous bank \# \\
\hline 02050 & RXB5 & JP & @BANK & ;Reinstall previous bank \\
\hline 82060 & \(;^{\star}=\star=\star\) & & & \\
\hline 02070 & & Routine & common to page I/O & \\
\hline 82080 & \(;^{*}=\) * \(=\) * & & & \\
\hline 02090 & MOVMEM & PUSH & BC & ; Save previous bank \# \\
\hline 02100 & & PUSH & DE & ; Save UBUFF or offset \\
\hline 02110 & & LD & DE, BBUPF \$ & ; Our buffer to DE \\
\hline 02120 & & PUSH & DE & ; [Save it] \\
\hline 02130 & & LD & BC, 256 & ;Move page to our space \\
\hline 02140 & & LDIR & & \\
\hline 02150 & & POP & HL & ; Our buffer to HL \\
\hline 02160 & & POP & DE & ; UBUFF or offset to DE \\
\hline 02170 & & POP & BC & ; Recover previous bank \# \\
\hline 02180 & @BANK & LD & A, C & ; Simulate SVC handling \\
\hline 02190 & & JP & \$-\$ & ;Reinstall previous bank \\
\hline 02200 & SVC102 & EQU & \$-2 & ; [Linkage to @Bank routine] \\
\hline 02210 & ; \({ }^{\text {a }}\) * \(=\) * & & & \\
\hline 02220 & & Routine & to switch to our stack & \\
\hline 02230 &  & & & \\
\hline 02240 & MOVSTAK & DI & & ; Interrupts off \\
\hline 02250 & & LD & (HLSAV), HL & ; Save reg_HL \\
\hline 02260 & RX06 & EQU & \$-2 & \\
\hline 02270 & & POP & HL & ; Get RET address off of stack \\
\hline 02280 & & LD & (SPSAV), SP & ; [Save current stack addr] \\
\hline 02290 & RX07 & EQU & \$-2 & \\
\hline 02300 & & LD & SP,STACK & ; Set to new stack \\
\hline 02310 & RX08 & EQU & \$-2 & \\
\hline 02320 & & PUSH & HL & ; Set RET to MOVSTAK caller \\
\hline 82330 & & LD & HL, \$-\$ & ;Restore reg_HL \\
\hline 02340 & HLSAV & EQU & \$-2 & \\
\hline 02350 & & RET & & ; Back to MOVSTAK caller \\
\hline 82360 & & DC & 16,0 & ;Stack area \\
\hline 02376 & STACK & DW & RESTORE & ; Point to restore code \\
\hline 02380 & RX09 & EQU & \$-2 & \\
\hline 02390 & RESTORE & LD & SP, \$-\$ & ;Restore old stack \\
\hline 02400 & SPSAV & EQU & \$-2 & \\
\hline 82410 & & EI & & ; Interrupts on \\
\hline 02420 & & RET & & ; Return to exXMEM caller \\
\hline 02430 & MODEND & EQU & \$ & \\
\hline 02440 & & & & \\
\hline 02450 & RELTAB & DW & RX01, RX02, RX03, RX04, RX0 & 5, RX06, RX07, RX08, RX09, RX10 \\
\hline 02460 & & DW & \(\mathrm{RX} 11, \mathrm{RXB} 1+1, \mathrm{RXB} 2+1, \mathrm{RXB} 3\) & +1, RXB4+1, RXB5 \(+1,0\) \\
\hline 02476 & & END & BEGIN & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Program Listing 2. EXMEM/BAS. See p. 86 for information on using checksums.


16 -bit contents of the assembler's program counter." Therefore, "\$-\$" means "subtract that 16 -bit value from itself." It is just another way of writing a zero.

However, DE will not be loaded with a value of zero in that instruction. An earlier instruction places the value in the code. Therefore, " \(\$-\$\) " now means "a value determined while this program is running." A zero has the same effect as far as the assembler is concerned but is more difficult for humans to understand when they read (and debug) a program.

When the program reaches the next section of the installation routine, all of its checks have been passed and all internal memory references have been adjusted. The portion of code beginning with the label MOVMOD simply moves the @EXMEM SVC into the low-memory driver area, places its address in the SVC table, and returns to TRSDOS with a success message.

The last section of the installation program is the subroutine that adjusts the absolute addresses inside the @EXMEM SVC. It is similar to the relocation routines I often use in this column and shouldn't require any explanation besides the comments in the code.

\section*{@EXMEM Routines}

The @EXMEM SVC is entered with a function number in the \(B\) register, a bank number in the C register, and an address in that bank in HL. If you move a full block of 256 bytes, the address of the user's main-memory buffer is in DE. Otherwise, the E register sends a single byte to a bank. If a single byte is read from a bank, it is returned in the A register. This allocation of registers is consistent with the convention established by other SVCs.

The SVC begins with a standard TRSDOS/LS-DOS memory header: a relative jump to the actual routine entry point followed by the previous memory pointer and the module name. If you use a utility that maps modules in high and low protected memory, @EXMEM appears as "\$XM."

To keep relative jumps in the program within the +127 to -128 byte range allowed by the Z80, the actual entry point to @EXMEM is in the middle of the module at the label EXMEM@. There, the high bit of the address in HL is set to ensure that it points to a location in banked memory. Then the function number in B is parsed with a series of DEC (decrement) and JR Z (jump to a relative location if the zero flag is set) instructions. If the value in B was not a valid function number, the rcutine loads A with the code for an SVC error and returns to the calling program.

\section*{TANDY COMPUTERS}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
1000 EX 256 K 1-5 \(1 / 4^{\prime \prime}\) DRIVE & 470.00 \\
1000 HX 256K 1-3 1/2" DRIVE & 535.00 \\
1000 SX 384K 1-5 1/4" DRIVE & 630.00 \\
1000 TX 640K 1-3 1/2" DRIVE & 875.00 \\
3000 1.2M DRIVE 1M.EG RAM & 1500.00 \\
3000HL 512K 5 1/4" DRIVE & 1110.00 \\
4000 3 1/2" DRIVE 1MEG RAM & 1930.00 \\
1400LT 768K 2-3 1/2" DRIVES & 1215.00 \\
COLOR COMPUTER 3 128K & 165.00 \\
102 PORTABLE COMPUTER 24K 375.00 \\
200 PORTABLE COMPUTER 24K 640.00
\end{tabular}

\section*{TANDY PRINTERS}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
DMP-106 DOT-MATRIX & 150.00 \\
DMP-130 DOT-MATRIX & 255.00 \\
DMP-440 DOT-MATRIX & 595.00 \\
DMP-2120 MATRIX & 1325.00 \\
DWP-230 DAISY WHEEL & 315.00 \\
DWP-520 DAISY WHEEL & 730.00 \\
LP-1000 LASER PRINTER & 1635.00 \\
PC-695 PLOTTER & 610.00
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{c}{ DRTVES } \\
\hline & \\
5 1/4 EXTERNAL 1000EX/HX & 180.00 \\
3 1/2 EXTERNAL 1000EX/HX & 200.00 \\
3 1/2 INTERNAL 1000SX/TX & 155.00 \\
360K DRIVE TANDY 3000 & 140.00 \\
1.2 MEG DRIVE TANDY 3000 & 215.00 \\
COLOR COMPUTER DRIVE 0 & 220.00 \\
PORTABLE DRIVE (100/102/200) & 155.00 \\
TANDY 20 MEG HARDCARD & 595.00 \\
SEAGATE ST-225 20 MEG H.D. & 265.00 \\
SEAGATE ST-251 40 MEG H.D. & 590.00 \\
SEAGATE ST-238 30 MEG H.D. & 280.00 \\
MINISCRIBE M3053 40 MEG H.D. 685.00 \\
AT HARDRIVE CONTROLLER & 200.00 \\
AT RLL HD CONTROLLER & 215.00
\end{tabular}

\section*{ZUCKER PRODUCTS}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
OK BOARD FOR 1000 & 45.00 \\
S12K BOARD FOR 1000 & 109.00 \\
S12K MFB FOR 1000 & 169.00 \\
256K MFB FOR 1000-SX & 170.00 \\
SERIAL BOARD FOR 1000/SX & 45.00 \\
CLOCK OPTION KIT & 30.00 \\
CLOCK BOARD FOR 1000/SX & 37.50 \\
20 MEG HARDCARD 1000/SX & 445.00 \\
20 MEG HARDCARD 3000/4000 & 445.00 \\
MONO GRAPHICS CARD & 105.00 \\
300/1200 BAUD MODEM CARD & 75.00
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{c}{ MEMORY CHIPS } \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
\(64 \mathrm{~K} 150 \mathrm{SS}(\mathrm{EACH})\) \\
26 K \\
\hline \(150 \mathrm{NS}(\mathrm{EACH})\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
2.00 \\
\hline 4.00 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{c}{ EPSON PRINTERS } \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
LX-800 DOT-MATRIX & 195.00 \\
FX-86E DOT-MATRIX & 360.00 \\
FX-286E DOT-MATRIX & 520.00 \\
EX-800 DOT-MATRIX & 425.00 \\
EX-1000 DOT-MATRIX & 585.00 \\
LQ-800 24PIN MATRIX & 390.00 \\
LQ-850 24PIN MATRIX & 520.00 \\
LQ-1050 24PIN MATRIX & 715.00 \\
LQ-2500 24PIN MATRIX & 940.00 \\
GQ-3500 LASER & 1430.00 \\
LQ-800 TRACTOR FEED & 50.00 \\
LQ1000 TRACTOR FEED & 59.50 \\
EX800/1000 COLOR KIT & 68.00
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{lr}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{c}{ MICE } \\
\hline MICROSOFT BLS & 125.00 \\
MICROSOFT SERIAL & 135.00 \\
MOUSE SYSTEMS BUS & 115.00 \\
MOLSE SYSTEMS SERIAL & 140.00 \\
\\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{c}{ MONITORS } \\
\hline & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{c}{ VM-4 MONO GREEN } \\
CM-5 COLOR RGB & 95.00 \\
CM-1 COLOR RGB & 220.00 \\
EGM-1 COLOR EGA & 335.00 \\
CM-8 COLOR (COLOR 3) & 240.00 \\
AMDEK 410 MONO & 160.00 \\
AMDEK 722 EGA COLOR & 485.00 \\
NEC MLLTI-SYNC COLOR & 550.00 \\
EPSON MONO GREEN & 115.00 \\
EPSON COLOR RGB & 400.00 \\
\end{tabular}

\section*{VIDEO CARDS}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
TANDY DUAL DISPLAY & 160.00 \\
TANDY EGA CARD & 235.00 \\
VIDEO 7MONO/GRAPHICS & 135.00 \\
VIDEO 7 VEGA/DELUXE & 405.00 \\
HERCULES GRAPHICS CARD & 200.00 \\
EPSON MONO CARD & 100.00 \\
EPSON COLOR CARD & 115.00 \\
ZUCKER MONO/GRAPHICS & 105.00 \\
PARADISE COLOR EGA 350 & 250.00 \\
PARADISE COLOR EGA 480 & 345.00
\end{tabular}

\section*{EXPANSION BOARDS}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
MEMORY PLUS/1000 & 155.00 \\
MEMORY PLUS/EX 128K & 110.00 \\
PBJ OK MFB FOR 1000 & 145.00 \\
PBJ 512K MFB FOR 1000 & 209.00 \\
MINI I/O SERIAL/CLOCK & 80.00 \\
MINI I/O SERIAL & 65.00 \\
PBJ S12K COCO 3 & 95.00 \\
TANDY 512K COCO 3 & 127.50
\end{tabular}

\section*{OKIDATA PRINTERS}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
LASERLINE 6 LASER & 1840.00 \\
ML-182 DOT-MATRIX & 250.00 \\
ML-192 DOT-MATRIX & 370.00 \\
ML-193 DOT-MATRIX & 550.00 \\
ML-292 DOT-MATRIX & 555.00 \\
ML-293 DOT-MATRIX & 705.00 \\
ML-294 DOT-MATRIX & 1110.00
\end{tabular}

\section*{PANASONIC PRINTERS}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
KX-P1080I DOT-MATRIX & 220.00 \\
KX-P1091I DOT-MATRIX & 285.00 \\
KX-P1092I DOT-MATRIX & 365.00 \\
KX-P1592 DOT-MATRIX & 430.00 \\
KX-P1595 DOT-MATRIX & 515500 \\
KXP3131 DAISY WHEEL & 295.00 \\
KX-P3151 DAISY WHEEL & 430.00 \\
& \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{c}{ MODEMS } \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{c}{ TANDY PLUS 300 BALD } \\
TANDY PLUS 1200 BAUD & 155.00 \\
HAYES 1200 BAUD & 295.00 \\
HAYES 2400 BAUD & 445.00 \\
PRACTICAL 1200 1/2 CARD & 115.00 \\
PRACTICAL 1200 & 140.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{EPSON COMPUTERS}

EQUITY I +640 K 2 DRIVES \(\quad 870.00\) EQUITY I +640 K 20 MEG HD \(\quad 1140.00\) EQUITY II 640K 1 DRIVE 870.00 EQUITY II 640K 20 MED HD 1205.00 EQUITY III + 640K 1 DRIVE 1675.00 EQUITY III + 640K 40 MEG HD 2345.00

SEND FOR COMPLETE CATALOG
This ad produced with Ventura Publisher Software and printed on an Epson GQ-3500 Laser Printer.

Technical Questions and Information CALL 1-517-625-4161. FOR ORDERS ONLY CALL 1-800-248-3823. Monday thru Friday 9 am-5 pm Perry Computers 124 S. Main St. Perry, Mi. 48872

All prices and offers may be changed or withdrawn without notice. Advertised prices are cash prices.
C.O.D. accepted add 2\% (minimum charge \$10.00). MC \& VISA add 2\%.

Each of the four function routines begins by calling MOVSTAK, which must be read before the function routines to understand exactly how @EXMEM works. MOVSTAK begins by disabling interrupts and then saves the current value of HL into the program code. Next, the return address (a return to a section of @EXMEM) on the top of the stack is moved into HL and then the stack pointer is saved, again into a later section of code. When the stack pointer is saved, the top address on the stack is the return to the original calling program.

The stack is moved to @EXMEM by loading the stack pointer with the address labeled Stack. The value there is the address of a short routine called Re store, which loads the original address
back into the stack pointer and returns to the calling program. Here, if you execute a Return instruction, control returns to the program that called the @EXMEM SVC.

Finally, the return address to an @EXMEM function, which was in the HL register, is pushed onto the local stack, and HL is again loaded with its original value. Now a Return instruction sends control back to one of the @EXMEM function routines. In 24 bytes plus 8 bytes for a local stack, you accomplished a great deal of work. If you have trouble following the MOVSTAK routine, try drawing a picture of both stacks and the values in HL as you trace through it. You can learn a great deal about programming in these 24 bytes.
```
Listing 2 continued
2240 1 1100 SVC = USR11(VARPTR(RG(RG.AF))) 'Ca11 @BANK SVC
3135 (1110 IF (RG(RG.AF) AND 64)=64 THEN GOT. BANK = TRUE
6141 | 1130 IF GOT.BANK = FALSE THEN PRINT "No available back banks of memory"
3275 | 1140 PRINT "Using bank"; BANK;"for storage"
1024 | 1150 FOR I = 0 TO 9 % Get ready to store 10 messages
2742 | 1160 LSET BUFF$ = STRING$(240,MID$(STR$(I),2))
1143 | 1170 RG(RG.AF) = 108 '@EXMEM SVC number
1833 1180 RG(RG.BC)=FN B2W(4,BANK) 'Func 4: put page in bank
1638 : 1190 RG(RG.DE)=VARPTR(#1) Tl)
1883 1200 RG(RG.HL) = FN B2W(&H80+I,0) 'Store at 8000h, 8100h, 8200h, etc.
2210 1 1210 SVC = USR11(VARPTR(RG(RG.AF))) 'Cal1 @EXMEM
4964 | 1220 IF (RG(RG.AF) AND 64) <> 64 THEN PRINT "@EXMEM ERROR":CLOSE: GOS
                    UB 5000: END
654 1 1230 NEXT I
        1240 1*************
        1250 ' Now set the screen for scroll-protect and move the
        1260 ', cursor to the first line after the protected area
        1270 '************
1030 | 1280 RG(RG.AF) = 15
1030 1280 RG(RG.AF) = 15 B2W (7,4) '@VDCTL SVC
1542 | 1290 RG(RG.BC) = FN B2W (7,4) 'Protect 4 lines
2146 : 1300 SVC = USR11(VARPTR(RG(RG.AF))) 'Do it 
1050 1310 PRINT @(4,0),;
4980 1320 PRINT "Everything is ready .... press any key to start"
1645 1330 WHILE INKEYS = "N: WEND
    712 1340 RETURN
        1995 '*************
        | 1996 ' Use the last digit of time$ to index a message in our
        1997 ' bank, save the cursor, display our message, and restore
        1998 t the cursor.
    | 1999 '*************
902 2000 PRINT @0,;
1073 - 2010 RG(RG.AF) = 108 '@EXMEM SVC
1762 2020 RG(RG.BC)=FN B2W(3,BANK) 'Get a page
1568 \ 2030 RG(RG.DE) = VARPTR(#1) Use disk buffer
2988 2040 RG(RG.HL) = FN B2W(&H80+VAL(RIGHTS(TIMES,1)),0)
2149 - 2050 SVC = USRII(VARPTR (RG(RG.AF)))
988 2060 PRINT BUFFS
'Display the message
1160 2080 PRINT CHRS(31);; 'Erase to end of the screen
715 | 2090 RETURN
        2090 RETURN
        2995 1************
        2996 Print the current time until it changes
        2997 1*************
1220 - 3000 WHILE T$ = TIMES
2036 : 3010 PRINT "The time is ";T$
    531 | 3020 WEND
    814 - 3030 T$ = TIME$
    711 3040 RETURN
        3995 1************
        3996 i***********
        3997 1************
2183 | 4000 IF INKEY$ <> m" THEN DONE = TRUE
        4010 RETURN
        4995 1***********
        4996 : Clean up -- turn off scroll protection and release
        4996, Clean up our memory bank
        4998 '*************
1024 | 5000 RG(RG.AF) = 15
1532 - 5010 RG(RG.BC) = FN B2W (7,0)
2149 - 5020 SVC = USRII(VARPTR(RG(RG.AF)))
1072 - 5030 RG(RG.AF) = 102
lol
    609 5050 SVC = USR11(VARPTR(RG(RG.AF)))
    1032 ( 5070 KILL "DUMMY"
    717 | 5080 RETURN
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 2240 & 1100 & SVC \(=\) USR11(VARPTR(RG(RG.AF))) 'Call @BANK SVC \\
\hline 3135 & 1110 & IF (RG(RG.AF) AND 64) \(=64\) THEN GOT. BANK \(=\) TRUE \\
\hline 530 & 1120 & WEND \\
\hline 6141 & 1130 & ```
IF GOT.BANK = FALSE THEN PRINT "No available back banks of memory"
:CLOSE: END
``` \\
\hline 3275 & 1140 & PRINT "Using bank"; BANK; "for storage" \\
\hline 1024 & 1150 & FOR I = 0 TO 9 'Get ready to store 10 messages \\
\hline 2742 & 1160 & LSET BUFF \({ }^{\text {a }}=\operatorname{STRING} \$(240, \operatorname{MID} \$(\operatorname{STR} \$(1), 2)\) ) \\
\hline 1143 & 1170 & RG(RG.AF) \(=108\) (9EXMEM SVC number \\
\hline 1833 & 1180 & \(\mathrm{RG}(\mathrm{RG} . \mathrm{BC})=\mathrm{FN}\) B2W (4, BANK) 'Func 4: put page in bank \\
\hline 1638 & 1190 & RG(RG.DE) \(=\) VARPTR(\#1) 'The file buffer holds our data \\
\hline 1883 & 1200 & \(\mathrm{RG}(\mathrm{RG} . \mathrm{HL})=\mathrm{FN}\) B2W ( \(8 \mathrm{H} 80+\mathrm{I}, 0)\) 'Store at \(8000 \mathrm{~h}, 8100 \mathrm{~h}, 8200 \mathrm{~h}\), etc. \\
\hline 2210 & 1210 & SVC \(=\) USR11 (VARPTR(RG(RG.AF))) 'Call @EXMEM \\
\hline 4964 & 1220 & IF (RG (RG.AF) AND 64) <> 64 THEN PRINT "@EXMEM ERROR":CLOSE: GOS UB 5000: END \\
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{654} & 1230 & NEXT I \\
\hline & 1240 & 1*********** \\
\hline & 1250 & Now set the screen for scroll-protect and move the \\
\hline & 1260 & cursor to the first line after the protected area \\
\hline & 1270 & '*********** \\
\hline 1030 & 1280 & RG(RG.AF) \(=15\) '@VDCTL SVC \\
\hline 1542 & 1290 & RG(RG.BC) \(=\) FN B2W (7,4) 'Protect 4 lines \\
\hline 2146 & 1300 & SVC \(=\) USRII (VARPTR(RG(RG.AF))) 'Do it \\
\hline 1050 & 1310 & PRINT @ 4,0\()\); 'Move cursor out of protected area \\
\hline 4980 & 1320 & PRINT "Everything is ready .... press any key to start" \\
\hline 1645 & 1330 & WHILE INKEY\$ \(=\) " \({ }^{\prime \prime}\) : WEND \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{712} & 1340 & RETURN \\
\hline & 1995 & 1*********** \\
\hline & 1996 & Use the last digit of time§ to index a message in our \\
\hline & 1997 & ' bank, save the cursor, display our message, and restore \\
\hline & 1998 & the cursor. \\
\hline & 1999 & '*********** \\
\hline 902 & 2000 & PRINT @ 0, ; \\
\hline 1073 & 2010 & \(\mathrm{RG}(\mathrm{RG} . \mathrm{AF})=108\) (@EXMEM SVC \\
\hline 1762 & 2020 & \(\mathrm{RG}(\mathrm{RG} . \mathrm{BC})=\mathrm{FN} \mathrm{B2W}(3, \mathrm{BANK}) \quad\) 'Get a page \\
\hline 1568 & 2030 & RG(RG.DE) \(=\) VARPTR (\#1) 'Use disk buffer \\
\hline 2988 & 2040 & RG(RG.HL) \(=\) FN B2W ( \(\&\) H8 0 +VAL (RIGHT\$ (TIME\$, 1\()\) ), \(\emptyset\) ) \\
\hline 2149 & 2050 & SVC \(=\) USR11 (VARPTR (RG(RG.AF) ) ) \\
\hline 988 & 2060 & PRINT BUFF§ 'Display the message \\
\hline 1054 & 2070 &  \\
\hline 1160 & 2080 & PRINT CHR\$(31); 'Erase to end of the screen \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{715} & 2090 & RETURN \\
\hline & 2995 & '*********** \\
\hline & 2996 & , Print the current time until it changes \\
\hline & 2997 & 1*********** \\
\hline 1220 & 3000 & WHILE T\$ = TIMES \\
\hline 2036 & 3010 & PRINT "The time is ";T\$ \\
\hline 531 & 3020 & WEND \\
\hline 814 & 3030 & T\$ = TIMES \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{711} & 3040 & RETURN \\
\hline & 3995 & 1*********** \\
\hline & 3996 & 'Has the user pressed a key? If so, we're done \\
\hline & 3997 & 1*********** \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{799} & 4000 & IF INKEY\$ <> \({ }^{\text {n }}\) ( THEN DONE \(=\) TRUE \\
\hline & 4010 & RETURN \\
\hline & 4995 & 1*********** \\
\hline & 4996 & , Clean up -- turn off scroll protection and release \\
\hline & 4997 & our memory bank \\
\hline & 4998 & '*********** \\
\hline 1024 & 5000 & RG (RG. AF) \(=15\) ' \({ }^{\text {OVDCTL SVC }}\) \\
\hline 1532 & 5010 & \(\mathrm{RG}(\mathrm{RG} . \mathrm{BC})=\) FN B2W \((7,0) \quad\) 'Protect 0 lines \\
\hline 2149 & 5020 & SVC \(=\) USRII (VARPTR (RG(RG.AF)) ) 'Do it \\
\hline 1072 & 5030 & RG(RG.AF) \(=102\) 'GBANK SVC \\
\hline 1765 & 5040 & RG(RG.BC) = FN B2W (1, BANK) 'Unreserve bank \\
\hline 2152 & 5050 & \(\mathrm{SVC}=\operatorname{USR11}(\operatorname{VARPTR}(\mathrm{RG}(\mathrm{RG.AF})))\) 'Give it back \\
\hline 609 & 5060 & CLOSE \\
\hline 1032 & 5070 & KILL "DUMMY" \\
\hline 717 & 5080 & RETURN \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

After MOVSTAK, the function routines are almost anticlimactic. Except for the fourth routine, Putpage, each begins by calling the @Bank SVC (the previously described shortcut to @Bank).
Because the B register is already set to zero after the parsing section of the program, and the C register contains the selected bank, no further register manipulation is needed before @Bank is called. And since @Bank always sets the B and C registers correctly to swap banks back to their previous configuration, B and C won't need changing before @EXMEM finishes.

The GETCHAR and PUTCHAR routines manipulate a single byte, flip the banks back, and are done. The page functions call MOVMEM to move a 256 byte block of code from the user's buffer or banked memory into @EXMEM's lowmemory buffer. Like MOVSTAK, MOVMEM is another fine example of tight coding. It falls into the @Bank routine, so the page functions don't need a separate call, and the @Bank routine (like all SVCs) returns to the last address on the stack, which is in the middle of one of the page functions.

\section*{Using @EXMEM}

I used much space describing how @EXMEM is written, partly because it is not an easy program to understand (it was written for compactness, not clarity), and partly because so much can be learned about tight programming by studying @EXMEM in detail.

If you have enough free low memory, run EXMEM and it installs itself. If you don't, you must reboot your computer. In my case, rebooting and running EXMEM puts the program nicely into low memory and forces into high memory a device driver that normally installs low from my start-up JCL program.

On your computer, however, low memory might be filled while the system configuration is installed. In that case, you have to reboot again while pressing the clear key to disable automatic configuration, install @EXMEM, and then reinstall all the device drivers that you sysgened. If you want @EXMEM available every time you boot, sysgen your system again once you reinstall everything.

Program Listing 2 is a Basic program that demonstrates how to use @EXMEM for back-bank storage. It scroll-protects the top of the screen and then pauses occasionally to get a string from a storage bank and write that string on the top of the screen. In the demonstration program, the messages change based upon the computer's clock, but you could use the same techniques to display help screens for each subsection of a program
or pop-down menus.
Listing 2 doesn't do much, but it demonstrates how to use @EXMEM and other SVCs from Basic. It begins by declaring all unmarked variables as inte-gers-if you leave out line 110 , be sure that you always refer to the register array as \(\mathrm{RG} \%\) () or else Basic reports an "Illegal function call" error and stops.

The array RG() holds register values for calls to Basic's USR11()/SVC function. As I've said before, a special feature of the LS-DOS enhancements to Basic is that this array must have a two-character name. If you give it a longer name, USR11() always reports an error.

Lines 130 and 140 establish some constants that are used throughout the program. Those in line 130 are the positions in the RG() array that hold values for each of the \(Z 80\) registers when USR11( ) is called. Those in line 140 are Basic's logical true and false values, which I find easier to use than -1 and zero, their numeric equivalents.

The two user functions in lines 150 and 160 help simplify later parts of the program. The first, FN B2W (bytes to word), takes 2 -byte values-integers between zero and 255 -and combines them into a full 16 -bit integer. It does the

\title{
@ EXMEM uses about 250 bytes of precious low-memory space.
}
same as " \(\mathrm{A} * 256+\mathrm{B}\) " but the function doesn't report an overflow error if A is greater than 127. The second function, FN SADDR (string address), finds the address of a string in memory and returns it as an integer.

You need a 256 -byte buffer to perform data swaps with a back bank. You can create such a buffer in at least two ways. The program could define an array of 128 in tegers with a DIM statement and use it, but an easier method is to open a dummy file and use Basic's file buffer. If a file is opened for random access without a specified length, Basic allocates a 256 -byte buffer to that file. By using an appropriate Field statement, it is easy to associate one or more strings with the buffer.

The first subroutine called, in line

1000 , sets up the system and stores 10 pages of text in a back bank. It begins by using the @GTMOD SVC to determine if @EXMEM was loaded. The @GTMOD SVC requires DE to point to the module name, which is terminated by any control character. The definition of the string XMOD\$ in line 1000 ends the string with a carriage return, CHR\$(13).

If @GTMOD succeeds, it sets the CPU's Z flag. In Basic, you can test the Z flag after an SVC call by performing a logical And of 64 and the value in the AF register position in the array. If the result is 64 , that is, if the \(Z\) flag was set, @GTMOD was successful. Otherwise, the result of the And operation will be zero.

Beginning in line 1050, the program uses a While. . .Wend loop to look for an available memory bank. If it finds one, its number is stored in the variable bank. and the program posts the bank number on the screen.

Once a bank is found, the program creates 10 strings of 240 bytes and saves each of them in that memory bank. Instead of calling @EXMEM 240 times to save each byte individually, the program makes a single call to store the entire file buffer in memory. The extra 16 bytes are ignored.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NEW PRINTERS ADDED! FIND YOURS BELOW. Good This Month & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{} & \multicolumn{5}{|r|}{EXACT REPLACEMENTS} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
PRINTER \\
MAKE, MOOEL NUMBER \\
Contact us if your printer is not Ilsted. We have many more in stock. We can probably RELOAD your old cartridges.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
RIBBON SIZE \\
inches by Yards
\end{tabular} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
NEW CARTRIDGES \\
From the vanous manutacturers or made in our own shop Ready to use.
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{RELOADS You SEND your used CARTRIDGES to us. WE put OUR NEW INSERTS in them} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{INSERTS EZ-LOADtm DROP \(\mathbb{N}\), NO WINDING EXACT REPLACEMENTS made in our own shop. Cartroges NOT induded} \\
\hline C TOH Prowriter 1550-8510, NEC 8023-80 & \(1 / 2 \times 18\) & \$15/2 & \$42/6 & \$78/12 & \$7/1 & \$6 ea 2 or more & \$15/3 & \$54/12 & 288/72 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{ll} 
IBM PROPRINTER (Standard Paper) & (4201) \\
IBM PROPRINTERXL & (4202) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7 / 16 \times 20 \\
& 7 / 16 \times 27 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \$18/2 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 51 / 6 \\
& \$ 51 / 6 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 96 / 12 \\
& \$ 96 / 12 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \$8/1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\$ 7\) ea 2 or more \\
\(\$ 7\) ea 2 or more
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 18 / 3 \\
& \$ 18 / 3 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 66 / 12 \\
& \$ 66 / 12
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 360 / 72 \\
& \$ 360 / 72 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline RADIO SHACK-TOSHIBA-COMMODORE-PANASONIC-RICOH & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\(5 / 16 \times 145\)} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{RS LP-I-II-IV, CENTRON} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{730-737-739-779 (ZIP PACK)} & 12/3 & \$45/12 & 252/72 \\
\hline Carbon Film - DWP 210, DIABLO HYTYPE II Black (1445) & & \$18/3 & \$60/12 & \$342/72 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\$5 ea 3-11
\(\$ 5\) ea 3-11} & \$4 ea 12 or more & \$24/6 & \$42/12 & \$234/72 \\
\hline DW II, DWP 410-510, RICOH 1200-1300-1600 Black (1419) & \(1 / 4 \times 145\) & \$18/3 & \$60/12 & \$342/72 & & \$4 ea 12 or more & \$24/6 & \$42/12 & \$234/72 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Red, Green, Blue, Brown
Fabric (Long Life), DWP 210, DIABLO HYTYPE III
Colors (1419)
Black (1458)} & \(1 / 4 \times 130\) & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\$21/3
\(\$ 18 / 2\)} & \$72/12 & \$41472 & \$6 ea 3-11 & \$5 ea 12 or more & \$30/6 & \$54/12 & \$234/72 \\
\hline & SOTEX170 & & \$ 51/6 & \$ 96/12 & \$8/1 & \$7 ea 2 or more & \$21/3 & \$78/12 & \$432/72 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{DW II, DWP 410-510, RICOH 1200-1300-1600 Black (1449) DMP - 100, LP VII, COMMODORE 1525, GCRILLA BANANA (1424)} & & \$18/2
\(\$ 18 / 2\) & \$51/6 & \$ 96/12 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\$8/1} & \$7ea 2 or more & \$21/3 & \$78/12 & \$432/72 \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Inker Loop \(1 / 2 \times 20\)} & & \$51/6 & \$ 96/12 & & . .1.................... & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} \\
\hline DMP - 200, 120, 130 (430 INSERTS \& RELOADS) (1483) & & \$18/2
\(\$ 20 / 2\) & \$ 57/6 & \$108/12 & \$7/1 & \$6 ea 2 or more & \$15/3 & \$54/12 & \$288/72 \\
\hline DMP - 400-420, LP VI-VIII, PANASONIC KXP-130-1093 (1418) & \(5 / 16 \times 14\) & & \$ 42/6 & \$ 78/12 & & \$6 ea 2 ormore & \$15/3 & \$54/12 & \$288/72 \\
\hline DMP - 500 & \(1 / 2 \times 20\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 15 / 2 \\
& \$ 22 / 2
\end{aligned}
\] & \$ 63/6 & \$120/12 & \$7/1 & \$6 ea 2 or more & \$15/3 & \$54/12 & \$288/72 \\
\hline DMP - 2100, TOSHIBA P1340-1350-1351-351 & \(1 / 2 \times 20\) & & \$ 42/6 & \$ 78/12 & \$7/1 & \$6 ea 2 or more & \$15/3 & \$54/12 & \$288/72 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
DMP - 2200, C ITOH 3500 \\
LP III-V, CANON A 1200 (New Only) ( \(1 / 2 \times 5\) )
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1 / 2 \times 52 \\
& 1 / 2 \times 15
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\$ 15 / 2\)
\(\$ 35\)
\(\$ 15 / 2\)} & GENERIC & \$30 & \$18/1 & \$16ea 2 or more & \$30/3 & \$ \(57 / 6\) & \$108/12 \\
\hline & & & \$42/6 & \$78/12 & \$7/1 & \$6 ea 2 or more & \$15/3 & \$54/12 & \$288/72 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{STAR MICRONICS RADIX 10
STAR MICRONICS RADIX 15} & \(1 / 2 \times 55\) & \$18/2 & \$ 51/6 & \$ 96/12 & \$7/1 & \$6 ea 2 or more & \$15/3 & \$54/12 & \$28872 \\
\hline & \(1 / 2 \times 25\) & \$19/2 & \$54/6 & \$102/12 & \$8/1 & \$7ea 2 or more & \$18/3 & \$66/12 & \$360/72 \\
\hline EPSON LQ 1000 & \(1 / 2 \times 18\) & \$22/2 & \$ \(63 / 6\) & \$120/12 & \$8/1 & \$7 ea 2 or more & \$18/3 & \$66/12 & \$360/72 \\
\hline MX-FX-RX 70-80-85, LX \(80-90\) ( \(5 / 16 \times 7\) ) & \(1 / 2 \times 20\) & \$14/2 & \$ 36/6 & \$ 66/12 & \$7/1 & \$6 ea 2 or more & \$15/3 & \$54/12 & \$288/72 \\
\hline MX-FX-RX 100-185-286, LQ 800 ( \(1 / 2 \times 18\) ) LQ 1500 ( \(1 / 2 \times 14\) ) & \(1 / 2 \times 30\) & \$18/2 & \$ 51/6 & \$ 96/12 & \$8/1 & \$7 ea 2 or more & \$18/3 & \$66/12 & \$360/72 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{EPSON LQ 2500 (INSERTS \& RELOADS ONLY) DX 20-35 Carbon Film (Multistrike), OLIVETTI ET-121-221} & \(1 / 2 \times 15\) & & & & \$7/1 & \$6 ea 2 or more & \$15/3 & \$54/12 & \\
\hline & \(5 / 16 \times 290\) & \$21/3 & \$7212 & \$414/72 & (Call for Cor & -orrectable Prices) & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} \\
\hline NEC Spinwriter-Carbon Film - 2000-3500 (Reloads BCCOMPCO Only) & \(5 / 16 \times 145\) & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 18 / 3 \\
& \$ 18 / 3
\end{aligned}
\]} & \$60/12 & \$342/72 & \$5 ea 3-11 & \$4 ea 12 or more & \$24/6 & \$42/12 & \$234/72 \\
\hline -5500-7700 (Can Reload Most Types) & Morticke & & \$60/12 & \$34272 & \$5 ea 3-11 & \$4 ea 12 or more & \$24/6 & \$42/12 & \$234/72 \\
\hline PC PR 103/105A & 1/2×13 & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{COMING SOON} & \$7/1 & \$6 ea 2 or more & \$15/3 & \$54/12 & \$288772 \\
\hline Pinwriter P1-P2-P6, P-5 (1/2 \(\times 14\) ) & \(1 / 2 \times 20\) & \$25/2 & \$ 69/6 & \$126/12 & \$7/1 & \$6 ea 2 or more & \$15/3 & \$54/12 & \$288/72 \\
\hline P3-P7 & \(1 / 2 \times 27\) & \$30/2 & \$84/6 & \$156/12 & \$8/1 & \$7 ea 2 or more & \$18/3 & \$66/12 & \$360/72 \\
\hline COMREX 420 Fabric (INSERTS \& RELOADS ONLY) & \(5 / 16 \times 52\) & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \$9 ea 2 or more & \$30/3 & \$57/6 & \$108/12 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\left.\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { DX-15, II } \\ \text { BROTHER HR-15-25-35 }\end{array}\right\} \quad \begin{array}{l}\text { Fabric } \\ \text { Carbon }\end{array}\right]\)} & \(5 / 16 \times 17\)
\(5 / 16 \times 82\) & \$15/2 & \$42/6 & \$78/12 & & & & & \\
\hline & \(5 / 16 \times 82\) & \$18/3 & \$60/12 & \$342/72 & & & & & \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1 / 2 \times 100 \\
& 7 / 8 \times 28
\end{aligned}
\]} & \$20 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{EACH} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\$20/1} & \$18ea 2 or more & \$36/3 & \$132/1 & 0/72 \\
\hline Microline 293-94 & & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\$30/2
\(\$ 2012\)
\(\$ 21 / 6\)} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 84 / 6 \\
& \$ 57 / 6 \\
& \$ 36 / 12
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
\$156/12 \\
\$108/12 \\
\$198/72
\end{tabular}} & & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{SEND CHECK, MONEY ORDER, OR C OD. TO.} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Microline 182-183-192-193 292 (7/8 \(\times 16\) ) ML-80-82-83-92-93 (Call for ML-84 Prices)} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Inker Loop } \\
1 / 2 \times 16 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\]} & & & & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
BCCOMPCO \\
800 South 17 Box 246
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline MANNESMAN-TALLEY MT-160, RITEMAN INFORUNNER (Inker Loop) & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
\(9 \mathrm{~mm} \times 11\) \\
\(9 \mathrm{~mm} \times 13\)
\end{tabular}} & \$19/2 & \$ \(54 / 6\) & \$102/12 & & & & & \\
\hline MT-180-290 & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 20 / 2 \\
& \$ 22 / 2
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 57 / 6 \\
& \$ 63 / 6
\end{aligned}
\]} & \$108/12 & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{Summersville, MO 65571 • (417) 932-4196 WE PAY UPS GROUND SHIPPING On PREPAID ORDERS. PLEASE INCLUDE STREET ADDRESS for UPS DELIVERY FOREIGN ADD \(15 \%\) U.S. FUNDS. MISSOURI RESIDENTS ADD 5\% SALES TAX}} \\
\hline RITEMAN 15 & & & & \$120/12 & & & & & \\
\hline SPIRIT 80 (SP80) COMMODORE 1526 (Multistrike) & \(1 / 2 \times 35\) & \$16/2 & \$45/6 & \$ 84/12 & & & & & \\
\hline PANASONIC KXP-1080-1090-1091-1092-1592-1595 & Inker Loop & \$16/2 & \$45/6 & \$ 84/12 & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

One final SVC is used, starting in line 1280, to scroll-protect the top four lines of the screen. Then the subroutine positions the cursor below those lines, prints that it's ready, and waits for you to press a key before it returns.

The second subroutine, beginning in line 2000, positions the cursor to the top of the screen. Then it uses @EXMEM and the last digit of the current Time\$ string to select one of the 10 data pages in the storage bank. With a call to @EXMEM, that block of data moves into the disk buffer. The data prints to the protected area at the top of the screen and then the cursor moves below the protected area and the screen is cleared from that location to the end.

The final three subroutines are simple. The routine at 3000 prints the current time until the last digit changes. The routine following it checks to see if you pressed a key. The final routine calls \(@\) @DCTL to turn off scroll-protect, calls @Bank to release the storage bank for the next program that wants to use it, and closes and erases the dummy file.

\section*{Final Thoughts}

Listing 2 shows how you can use the (a)EXMEM from Basic, but perhaps does
not give a clear idea of the uses of this new SVC. A number of ideas come to mind immediately. You could use one or more back banks as room for screen buffers (using the page get and put @EXMEM functions, a bank has room for 16 full screens). Those screens could contain help information, menus, and blank forms.

You could also use a back bank to store program data temporarily. The advantage of managing banks yourself rather than using a RAM disk is that no room is lost to boot or directory sectors, and access is generally faster than with a RAM disk because the system does not have to calculate the sectors to read. I imagine that sorting data-base records in a bank managed with @EXMEM could be much faster than the same sort using records held in a RAM disk.

If you program in C, the advantages of manipulating bank storage directly should be even more apparent since C avoids Basic's system overhead that is involved in interpreting lines of code and watching for the break and pause keys.

About the only thing that you can't do with @EXMEM is keep parts of a program, especially a Basic program, in a memory bank. It might be possible to
use a bank to contain an overlay, but unless you know a great deal about the inner workings of Basic, it is difficult to load the overlay into main memory and make Basic recognize it.

The one drawback that I see with (@EXMEM is it uses about 250 bytes of precious low-memory space. Since much of @EXMEM duplicates the bank switching done by Memdisk, it is possible to free some of that space by writing a new RAM disk based on @EXMEM's services. Such a program could be shorter than the present Memdisk driver, reside in high memory instead of the low-memory area, and thus free plenty of low-memory space for other programs. But that is a project for another day.


Write Hardin Brothers at 280 N . Campus Ave., Upland, CA 91786. Enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope for a reply. You can also contact Hardin on Compuserve's WESIG (PCS-117).

Circle 188 on Reader Service card
New Model 4 \& MS/DOS Stuff! Qembrandt \({ }^{839995}\)
Complete Business Graphics Toolkit Automatically chart spreadsheet files or -for the Model 4 using either TRSDOS or CP/M!
REMBRANDT is the only graphic software you'll ever need for your Model 4 computer. Hi-Res board not required! Freehand drawing: Draw lines, boxes, circles, and write on the screen in large characters. Full block operations are supported - move, fill, copy and more! Business graphics: Create horizontal and use hand-entered data.
Slide shows: Sequence your graphics on-screen using eleven cinematic special effects like wipes, fades and spirals.
Hard copy: Print your graphic screens on most dot-matrix and daisy wheel printers. REMBRANDT is only \(\$ 39.95\) and is available for the Model 4 (specify TRSDOS or CP/M when ordering). SPECIAL OFFER: get both the CP/M and TRSDOS versions for just \(\$ 59.95\)
vertical bar charts, pie charts and \(x y\) plots.

\section*{UD!}

Two great pieces of software at one low price! LONG lets you print out your spreadsheets (or any file) sideways on your dotmatrix printer. No more cutting and pasting to put together a fragmented output. LOUD prints giant banners in letters from two to eight inches high using five special type styles. Supports most printers including Anadex, Apple, C. Itoh, Centronics, DEC, Data Products, Epson, HP, IBM, IDS. MPI, NEC, Mannesman Tally. Okidata, Radio Shack, Smith Corona, Toshiba Smith Corona, Toshiba
and more. Write for list!
 TE CHNO LO GIES INC.
22458 Ventura BIVd., Suite E
Woodland Hills, CA 91364 Woodland Hills, CA91364


SHOUT YOUR
MESSAGE IN A BANNER!
 for just \$49.95 We accept VISA, MasterCard and American Express and personal or company checks. Order by mail or call our 24 hour toll-free order line from the US or Canada: 800-628-2828 (Ext. 918) Technical questions, catalogs, orders call 818-716-1655 (9-5 PST) Add \(\$ 4\) per order postage. Overseas \(\$ 12\)

Circle 178 on Reader Service card.


EZTax-PREP is a comprehensive, professional-level tax preparation package. Toll-free customer support is included free. It has every feature you want:
"The features leader." Infoworld
"Everything about (it) . . . inspires confidence." Macazine
"Excellent support." I.N., IA.
"One of the user-friendliest programs I have encountered." F.S.B., TX.
"This is the third year I've used EZTax-PREP and I think it's better than ever." H.G.S., FL.
Try it yourself. For just \$15.00, we'll send you a copy of EZTaxPREP to try out on your ' 86 returns. That \(\$ 15.00\) will be credited to the EZTax-PREP package available in January for \(\$ 130.00\).
To order: Call toll-free. Use VISA, MasterCard or American Express; or send a check for \(\$ 15.00+\$ 3.00\) shipping/handling. (Add 6\% sales tax in PA) Please specify computer and spreadsheet you use.
After just a few minutes with EZTax-PREP, you'll wonder how you managed without it.


EZWare Corporation
(in PA 215-667-4064)
Dept.
29 Bala Avenue
Bala Cynwyd. PA 19004

VISA

－1）
\(W=W+1\)
PRINT 12，T\＄＂MOV CX，＂FNS（K－J－1）；PRINT 12，TS＂MOV AH，＂；
IF INSTR（LS，＂LPRINT＊）
PRINT 12, TS＂CALL PSTR＊ HORTS：
IF INSTR（K，LS，＂；＂）＜1 THEN PRINT 12, T\＄＂CALL PLNE＂
F（ 0\()=1\) I：RETURN
OTQUOTEDSTRING；
PRINT A2，TS；：IF INSTR（1，LS，＂\＄＂）＜1 THEN GOTO NUMERICPRINT：

PRINT 12，TS＂MOV BX，OFFSET \(2{ }^{2} L 2 \$\)
PRINT 12，TS＂INC BX＂CRSTS＂INC BX＂
PRINT 12，TS＂MOV BX，（BX）
PRINT \(12, \mathrm{TS}{ }^{n}\) MOV AH
PRINT 12，TS＂MOV AH，

PRINT \(12, T S^{*}\) CALL PSTR＂：IF INSTR（J，LS，＊＂，＂）THEN RETURN
NUMERICPRINT：
WHILE（MIDS（LS，K3，1）＞＝＂A＊AND MIDS \(\left.(L \$, K 3,1)<a^{*} 2^{*}\right)\)
OR（MIDS（LS，K3，1）＞＝\({ }^{*} 0^{*}\) AND MIDS（LS，K3，1）＜＝＂ \(\left.9^{*}\right)+\)
\(L 2 \$=L 2 S+M \operatorname{LD}(L S, K 3,1), K 3=K 3+1\) ，WEND
 ELSE PRINT ：2，＂MOV CX，2＂L2
PRINT 42，TS＂MOV AH，
IF INSTR（LS，
＂LPRINT＂

F（1）\(=1\) ；PRINT 12, TS＂CALL PNUM＊
IF INSTR \(\left(0, L S,{ }^{*} ;^{n}\right)<1\) THEN PRINT 12, TS＂CALL PLNE
NOTPRINT：
IF ICSTORENS THEN GOTO NOTASSIGN：
If INSTR（LS，＂＋＋＂）＝1 THEN PRINT 12，TS＂INC 2＂MIDS（LS，3）：RETURN


WHILE（VS（J）くゝ AND VS（J）＜SVS AND J SMAX）\(+J=J+1\) ：WEND
If INSTR（VS，＂S＂）THEN GOTO STRASSIGNMENT：
\(J=1\) NSTR（LS：＂\(=\)＂）+1 ：US＝MID（LS，J）：COSUB STRIPPER：V1 \(\$=U 5\)
IF V1 \(\$>={ }^{*} A^{n}\) AND V1S＜＝＊2n THEN GOTO NUMEXPRESSION：

OR NOOP THEN PRINT I2 TS＂MOV AX＂V1S
IF FOR．LDOP THEN PRINT \(12, T S^{\prime M}\) MOV AX，＂V1S
PRINT
NUMEXPRESSION：
YES＝0：GOSUB ISKEYWORD：IF YES THEN RETURN
EX＝0：
\(\underset{\mathrm{K}=1}{\mathrm{NUHEXP}}\)

NUMEVAL：
HERE：
NUMPASSES＝NUMPASSES +1
IF K1＜＝LEN（V1 \(\$\) ）THEN IF MIDS（V1 \(\$, K 1,1)<=^{*}\)＂THEN K1 \(=K 1+1\) ：GOTO HERE：

 ELSE PRINT 12．TS＂HOV AX，＂VAL（V1\＄）
\(\mathrm{V} 3=0 \div 1 F\) OF＝0 AND EX MOD \(2=0\) AND（MIDS（V1S， 1,1\()==^{*}-{ }^{*}\) ）THEN V3 \(=1 \div \mathrm{V} 2=2\)
If OP＝0 AND EX MOD \(2=0\) AND 1 NSTR（Y1S；＂NOT＂）\(=1\) THEN V \(3=1\) ：V2 \(=7\)
CONT1：
IF OFTD AND V3＜＞1 THEN
IF NUMPASSES 1 THEN PRINT 12 ，TS＂MOV CX， \(2^{\text {n LEFTS }}(\mathrm{V} 1 \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{~K}-1)\) ：－

\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { END } 1 F \\
& \mathrm{~V} 3=1 \mathrm{TH}
\end{aligned}
\]
\(1 \mathrm{~F} V 3=1\) THEN \(V 3=0 ; V 4=1: K=R 1+\mathrm{V} 2 \backslash 2: \mathrm{K} 1=\mathrm{R}:\) GOTO HERE：
EX＝EX＋V4＋IF EX MOD \(2<>1\) THEN COTO CONTA：
IF V2＝1 THEN PRINT \(12, T \$^{n}\) ADD AX，\(C X^{n}\) ：GOTO
IP V2 \(=2\) THEN PRINT 12，TS＂NEG CX＂CRSTS＂ADD AX，CX＂：COTO CONT
IF V2＝4 THEN PRINT I2，TS＂CWD＂CR\＄TS＊IDIV CX＂：GOTO CONTD：
IF V2＝5 THEN PRINT 12，TS＂AND AX，CX \({ }^{n}\) GOTO CONTR：

IF V2＝8 THEN PRINT 12，TS＂CWD＊CRSTS＂IDIV CX＂CRSTS＊MOV AX，DX＊

IF V2S＞＂＂THEN V2＝INSTR（＂+ －＊／＂，V2
IF V2＜1 THEN Lel
WHILE L＜6 AND \(\overline{\mathrm{V}} 2<1: \mathrm{V} 2=1\) NSTR（US，LS（L））\(: \mathrm{V} 2=-(\mathrm{L}+4) *(\mathrm{~V} 2=1): \mathrm{L}=\mathrm{L}+1:\) WEND
IF V2＜1 AND V2S＞＊＊THEN GOTO ABORT：

V1 \(\$=\) MIDS \((\mathrm{V} 1 \$, K): K=1: K 1=1\)
CONT2
IF EX MOD \(2=0\) THEN \(E X=E X+1\) LEN（V1S）＞0 THEN
WHILE VND 1 M
IF VND 1 IF \({ }^{1 /}\) ．THEN GOTO NUMEXP2：
MAYBEDONE：
IF V1S＞STRINGS（LEN（V1S），＂＂）THEN GOTO ABORT：


1F K＞TOKENS THEN RETURN
\(Y E S=1\)
IF RS（R）＝＂VAL（＂THEN GOTO 1SVAL：
IF RS（K）＝＂STRS（＂THEN GOTO ISSTRING：

IF R\＄（K）＝＊IPEEK（＊THEN GOTO ISIPEEK
IP RS \((\mathrm{K})=\)＂VARPTR（＂THEN GOTO ISVARPTR：
IF RS \((K)=\)＂CHRS（＂THEN GOTO 1SCHR：
IF RS \((K)=\) ASC
IF RS \((K)=\)＂ASC（＂THEN GOTO ISASC：
IF RS \((\mathrm{K})=\)＂LEFTS（
IF RS \((\mathbb{K})=\)＂LEFTS（＂THEN GOTO ISLEPT：
IP RS \((K)=\) RIGHTS（＂THEN GOTO ISRIGHT：
If RS \((K)=\)＂RIGHTS（＂THEN GOTO ISRIGHT：
IF RS \((X)=\) MIDS
THEN GOTO ISMID：
If RS \((\mathrm{K})=\)＂INKEY§＂THEN GOTO ISINKEY：
YES＝2，RETURN
ISINKEY：
PRIMT \(12, T \$\)＂HOV DL， 0 OFH＂CRSTS＂MOV AH， 6 ＂CRSTS＂TNT \(21 H^{*}\)
PRINT 12，T\＄＊MOV \(2^{n}\) V\＄n，\({ }^{n}\)

INTERNALJUMP \(=\) INTERNALJUMP +1
PAINT 12，TSNJZ IJ＂FNSS（INTERNALJUMP）
PRINT 12，TS＊MOV BX，OFFSET \(z^{*}\) vs
PRINT 12，TS＂INC BX＂CRSTS＂INC BX＂

PRINT ：12；＂IJNFNSS（INTERNALJUMP）\(n_{2}\)＂
RETURN

PRINT 12，T5＊MOV CX， \(2^{*}\) V2S
PRINT 12，TS＂HOV BX，ORESET \(2^{2 * V 2 S}\)
PRINT 12，TS＂INC BX＂CRSTS＂INC BX
PRINT 12，TS＂INC BX＂CRSTS＂INC BX

PRINT 12，T\＄＂MOV \(2^{*} V \$^{*}, A X^{n}\) ：RETURN
ISSTRING：
\(\left.F(31)=1: V 2 S=M 1 D \$(\mathrm{~V} 1 \$, 6): U \$=F N P \$\left(\mathrm{~V} 2 \$,{ }^{*}\right) *\right):\) COSUB STRIPPER：V2 \(\$=\mathrm{US}\)
PRINT 12, TS＂MOV BX，OFFSET \(2^{\prime \prime} V S\)
PRINT
12，TS＂MOV AX
PRINT 12, T\＄＂CALL STR＊：RETURN
 PRINT \(42, T\) ™ \(^{* M O V}\) AX， \(2^{*}\) V2\＄
PRINT \(12, T S^{n} M O V 2^{*} V \$^{*}, A X^{n}:\) RETURN

PRINT 12，TS＂MOV CX， 2 2SG＊

ELSE PRINT 12，T\＄＂MOY BX， \(2^{n}\) V2
PRINT \(12, T \$^{* M O V}\) AX， \(\mathrm{Q}^{*}\) CRSTS＂MOV AL，（ES：BX）
ISIPEEX： 2,15 MOV 2 US IAX IRETURN

PRINT 12，T5＂MOV CX，z＿2SG
PRINT 12, TS＂MOV ES，CX

ELSE PRINT \(12, T \$^{n} M O V\) BX，\(Z^{*} V 2 \$\)


PRINT 12，TS＂MOV DX，OPFSET \(Z^{*} V 2 \$\)
ISCHR：
V2\＄＝MIDS（V1\＄，6）：US＊FNP \((V 2 \$, *) "\) ）GOSUB STRIPPER：V2S＝US IF MIDS（V2\＄，1，1）＜＝＂9n AND MID（V2 \(\$, 1,1) \geqslant=^{n} 0^{*}\) THEN RINT 12, T\＄＂MOV AL，＂V2s
END 1 IF
PRINT 12，T5＊MOV AX， \(2^{n} \mathrm{~V} 2 \mathrm{\$}\)
SCHR2：

PRINT 12, TS＂INC BX＂CRST\＄＂INC BX＂

PRINT
RETURN
1SASC

PRINT 12，TS＂MOV BX，OFPSET \(2^{n} \mathrm{~V} 2 \$\)
PRINT 12，TS＂ 1 NC
BX＂CRSTS＂INC BX
PRINT \(12, T \$\)＂MOV BX，（BX）．

SLEFT +12, Ts＂MOV \(2^{n}\) vs＂，AX＂：RETURN
V2 \(=M 1 D \$(V 1 \$, 7): U S=F N P S(V 2 \$, *) ")\) I GOSUB STR1PPER：V2S \(=U S\)



PRINT O2，TS＂MOV \(2^{*}\) VS \({ }^{\prime}\) ，CX
IF V \(\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{V} 3 \$\) THEN RETURN
PRINT \(12, T S^{* M O V}\) BX，OFFSET \(2^{n}\) VS
PRINT 12, TS＂INC BX＂CRSTS＂INC
PRINT I2，TSNMOV DI，IBXI：INC BX
PRINT 12, TS＊MOV BX，OFFSE
PRINT I2，T\＄＂INC BX＂CRST\＄＂INC BX＊
PRINT 12，TS＂MOV SI，（BX）＂CRSTS＂PUSH DS＂CRSTS＂POP ES＂
PRINT \(12, T \$^{*}{ }^{\text {CLD }}\)＂CRSTS＂REP MOVSB＂
SRETGHT：
V2 \(\$=\) MID \(\$(V 1 \$, 8): U \$=P N P \$\left(V 2 \$,{ }^{\circ}\right)\)＂）：GOSUE STRIPPER：V2 \(\$=U \$\)

US＝V4S：GOSUB STRIPPER：V4S＝US：US＝V3S：GOSUB STRIPPER：V3S＝US
IF V4S＜＂A＂THEN PRINT 12，TS；NMOV CX，V4S：

PRINT 12，TS MOV 2 ， CX
PRINT 12，TS＂MOV AX， \(2^{n}\) V3S
PRINT 12, TS
n MOV BX，OFPSET
\(z^{n} V 3 S\)
PRINT 12，TS＊INC BX＂CRSTS＂INC BX＊
PRINT 12，TS＊MOV SI，（BX）
PRINT \(12, T S^{* N D D ~ S I, ~ A X " ~}\)
PRINT 12, TS＂ADD SI，AX＂
PRINT
2，TS＂SUB SI，
PRINT 12，TSN 1 PRINT 12，TS＂MOV D1，｜BXI＂CRSTS＂PUS甘 DS＂CRST\＄＂POP ES＂
SMID：

If \(\mathrm{V} 4=\mathrm{E}\) THEN GOTO 1 SMID2；
\(\mathrm{V} 3 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{LEFTS}(\mathrm{V} 2 \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{~V} 3-1)\) ）V4S＝MIDS（V2S，V3＋1，V4－V3－1
V5S－MIDS（V2S，V4＋1）：US \(=\mathrm{V} 3 \$\) ：GOSUB STR1PPER
V3§eU§：US＝V4\＄：GOSUB STRIPPER：V4S＝US：US＝V5S：GOSUB STRIPPER：V5S＝US PRINT \(12, T \$^{n N O V}\) BX，OFFSET \(2^{* V} V: P R I N T ~ 12, T \$^{n} I N C\) BX＂CRSTS＂INC BX＂ PR1NT 12，TS＂MOV DI，（BX］
PRINT 12，TS＂MOV EX，OPPSET \(2^{* V} V 3 \$: P R I N T\) 12，TS＂INC BX＊CRSTS＂INC BX＊ PRINT \(1 P\) V4S＂A＂THEN PRINT \(12, T 5^{* M O V} A X, " Y 4 S\) ，
ELSE PRINT 12，T\＄＂MOV AX， \(2^{\text {＂V4 }} 4\)
PRINT 12，T\＄＂ADD S1，AX＊

ELSE PRINT 12，TS＂MOV CX， \(2^{*} \mathrm{~V} 5 \mathrm{~S}\)
PRINT \(12, T 5^{* M O V} 2^{*} \mathrm{~V} \$^{*}, \mathrm{CX}\)
PRINT \＆2，TS＂PUSH DS＂CRST\＄＂POP ES＂CR\＄T\＄＂CLD＂
PRINT \(12, \mathrm{TS}\)＂REP MOVSA＊
TURN
V3 \(\$=L E F T S(V 2 \$, V 3-1): V 4 \$=M 1 D \$(V 2 \$, V 3+1) \div U \$=V 3 \$\) ：GOSUB STRIPPER V3 \(=\)＝US：US＝V4S；GOSUB STRIPPER \(2 V 4 S=U S\)



\section*{Listing I continued}

N
1654
2549
1979
1970
1428
1428
1578
2238
1578
2238
1595
2725
1595
2725
1496
－वity N
PRINT 12, TS＂HOV SI，［BX］＂
TF V4Sく＂A＂THEN PRINT \({ }^{2} 2, T S\)＂MOV AR，＂V45：＿
ELSE PRINT \(\# 2\), TS＂MOV AX，\(Z^{" V} 4 S\)
PRINT ：2，TS＂MOV \(\mathrm{CX}, 2^{n} \mathrm{~V} 3 \mathrm{~S}\)
PRINT \(\ddagger 2\) ，TS＂SUB CX，AX＂CRSTS＂INC CX

PR1NT 12，TS＂PUSH DS＂CRSTS＂pOP ES＂CRSTS＂CLD＂ PRINT 12，TS＂REP MOVSB＂
RETURN
\(\mathrm{V} 2 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{MIDS}(\mathrm{V} 15,9): \mathrm{V} 3=\) INSTR \(\left(\mathrm{V} 2 \mathrm{~s},{ }^{*}, "\right): \mathrm{V} 3 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{MIDS}(\mathrm{V} 2 \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{~V} 3+1)\)
V2S＝LEFTS（V2S，V3－1）：US＝V2\＄：GOSU日 STR1PPER：V2\＄＝US


PRINT i2，TS＂MOV BX，OFFSET \(2^{*}\) VS
PRIVT \(\ddagger 2,1 \$^{n}\) INC BX ＂CRSTS＂TNC BX＂
PHINT \(\$ 2, T S^{\circ}\) MOV D1，［BX］
IF V3S \(>=\)＂A \(^{\circ}\) THER PR1NT \(12,25^{\circ}\) MOV AX， 2 ＂V3s：

PR1NT \(\% 2, \mathrm{TS}^{*}\) CLD＊\({ }^{\text {P }}\)
PRINT 12 ，TS＂RER STOSB＂；RETURN
STRASSIGRMENT：
J＝1NSTR（L\＄，n＂＂）＋1：1F J THEN VIS～MIDS（LS，J）：ELSE GOTO DETOUR． OS＝V1S：GOSU日 STRIPPER：V1S＝DS：YES＝C：COSU日 ISKEYWORD＋IF YES THER NETUUR
\(J=1\) NSTR（LS，CHR \(\$(34))+1: K=1\) NSTR（ \(3, L\) LS，CHAS（34））-1


PRINT 22, TS＊MOV \(2^{n} \mathrm{~V} \$^{*},{ }^{-} ;\)K－， \(1+1\)

FOR \(L=J\) TO K；PRINT 12 ，TS＂MOV AL，＂FNSS（ASC（MIDS（LLS，L，1）） PRINI
STRASSIGNMENT2．
 \(\mathrm{K}=1\) NSTR \((\mathrm{V} 2 \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{"} \$\)＂）：V3S＝LERT\((\mathrm{V} 2 \$, K): V 2 \$=M 1 \mathrm{D} \$(\mathrm{~V} 2 \$, \mathrm{~K}+1)\)
UF V3S：GOSUE STRIPPER：V3S＝US：US＝V2S：COSUR STRIPPER：V25＝US
1F V3 \(=\mathrm{V}\) S THEN GOTO STRASSIGRMENTH：
PRINT \＄2，TSNMOV BX，OFPSET 2＂Y35


PAINT \(82, T S^{\prime \prime}\) NC BX＂CRSTS＂1NC EX


IF V2S \(<=S T R 1\) NGS（LEN（V2\＄），32）THEN BETURN
US＝V2S：GOSUB STR1PPER；V2S＝US：IF LRETS \((V 2 S, 1)\) 6）＂+ ＂THEN GOTO ABORT
 US \(=V 2 S, C O S U B\) STRIPPER \(V 2 S\) US US＝V2S：GOSUB STRIPPER：V2§oUS
PR1NT 12 ，TS＂MOV CX，｜BX｜＂
PRINT \({ }^{2} 2\), TS＂INC BX＂CRSTS＂INC BX＂
PRINT 72, TS＂MOV SI，｜BXI＂
PRINT
PRINT ：2，TS＂NOV AX，2＂Vs
PRINT 12，T5＂PUSH AX＂
PRINT \(\because 2, T S^{n M O V} 2^{n}\) VS＂，AX＂
PRINT \＃2，TS＂MOV BX，OFYSET \(2^{\circ} \mathrm{V}\)
PRINT \(\$ 2, T S^{n} I N C\) BX＂CRSTS＂INC EX＂
PAINT 42, TS＂MOV DI，IBXI＂
PRINT ：2．TS＂POP AX＂
PRINT \(\ddagger 2\), TS＂ADD DI，AX＂
PASSIGNMENT
IF V25）STRINGS（LEN（V2\＄），32）THEN GOTO CATEMATE：
NOTASSIGN
IF INSTR（LS，＂SI2E（＂） 1 THE
\(V 2 \$=M 1 D S(L S, 6)=U S=F N P S(V 2 \$, ", ")\) COSUE STBIPPEN
UV \(=\operatorname{VAL}(\) MIDS \((L S, 1 N S T R(L S, n, ")+1)): J=0\)
WHILE（VS（J）＜
1F VS \((J)={ }^{\prime \prime \prime}\) THEN VS \((J)=0 S: S(J)=U V\)
RETURN
IF 1NSTR（LS，＂CLS＂）\(=1\) THEN F（2）\(=1\) ：PHINT \(12,75^{\text {＂CALL CLS＂}}\) ：RETURN
IF INSTR（LS，＂COLOR＂）\(=1\) THEN
IF V＜1 THEN GOTO ABORT：
V1S＝FNP \((V 4 S,=, \cdots): V 4 \$=M I D S(V A S, V+1)\)

IF V THEN V3 \(\$=\) M1D \(\$(V 45, V+1) \div V 2 \$=L\) EPTS \((V 4 S, V-1)\)
USeV1S：GOSUB STRIPPER：V1S＝US
\(U S=V 2 \$: G O S U B ~ S T R I P P E R ; V 2 S=U S\)
\(\mathrm{U}=\mathrm{V} 3 \mathrm{~S}: \mathrm{GOSUB}\) STRIPPER：V3S＝US
IF V1Sく＂A＂THEN PRINT 12, TS＂MOV AX，＂V1§：
ELSE PRINT 12，TS＂MOV AX，2＂V1\＄
IF V2Sく＂ \(\mathrm{A}^{n}\) THEN PRINT \(12, T \$^{n}\) MOV BX，＂V2S
EF ELSE PR1NT \(\$ 2\), TS MOV BX，\(z^{\circ}\) V2S

PRINT ELSE PRIN＂SHL BX 1 ＂CRST5 \(^{\circ}\) SHL BX

If V2S＜＞\({ }^{\circ}\) THEN PRINT \(12, T S^{n}\) OR AL，BL，＂
IP V3Sく＞＂．THEN PRINT i2，TS＂MOV AH，CL＂
PRINT \(\left\{2, T \$^{*}\right.\) MOV \(2_{-}\)ZATTR，AX＂\(=\)RETURN
islocate：
IE INSTR（LS，＂LOCATE＂）\(=1\) THEN




IF V1S＜＂\(h^{n}\) THEN－PRINT \(\$ 2, T S^{\prime \prime}\) MOV AX，＂V15：




END IF
IF INSTR（LS，＂DEF SEG＂）THEH
USMMTDS（LS，
US＝MIDS（LS，INSTR（LS，＂\(=\)＂）+1 ），GOSUB STRIPPER：V \(\$=\) US

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Listing 1 continued} \\
\hline 672 & Return \\
\hline 582 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
END IF \\
PRINT 12,TS"CALL "VAL(NIDS(L\$,XP)):RETURN
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
2663 \\
6.87
\end{array}
\] & \\
\hline 2529 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{```
IF INSTR(LS,"OPEN*) < S1 THEN GOTO RGET:
F(28)=1:XP=5
```} \\
\hline 893 & \\
\hline 3598 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 681 & \\
\hline 2962 & \\
\hline 2062
2094 & 1F XP=LER(LS) THEN GOTO ADORT: \\
\hline 2094
3324 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
XP2=1NSTR \(\left(L S,{ }^{*},{ }^{*}\right):\) IF XP2 THEN XP2 \(2=1\) NSTR (XP2 \(\left.2+1, L \$, ", "\right)\) \\
IF XP2 THEN F1LLNS=MIDS(LS, XP2+1) :US=FILLNS:GOSUB STR1PPER:FILLN\$=US
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline 4532 & \\
\hline 66 & XP= =1NSTR(LS,***)+1 \\
\hline 2798
4311 &  \\
\hline 4311
2558 & \\
\hline 2141 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{PRIMT 22, TS"PUSH DS"CRSTS"POP ES"} \\
\hline 2146 & \\
\hline 2023
1654 &  \\
\hline 3821 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 2239 & \\
\hline 2833 &  \\
\hline 2891 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 2884
529 & \\
\hline 2726 & ROPENS: \\
\hline 2279 &  \\
\hline \({ }_{761}^{4166}\) & WHILE MIDS (LS, XX,1)<>CHRS (34) :PRINT 12,MIDS(LS, XX, 1) ; :XX \\
\hline 2555 &  \\
\hline 2901 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 2119 & \\
\hline 3041 &  \\
\hline 2558 &  \\
\hline 2833
3144 &  \\
\hline 3872 & PRIMT 12, TS*MOV DX, DI *CRSTS*CALL ROPEN*: RETURN \\
\hline 364 & RGET: \\
\hline 3997 & IF INSTR(LS, "GET") <>1 AND INSTR(LS, "PUP*) <>1 THEN GOTO RCLOSE: \\
\hline 3359
3862 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\mathrm{F}(28)=1: \mathrm{FIL}=\mathrm{VAL}(\operatorname{MID}(\mathrm{LS}, 4)): 1 \mathrm{~F}\) FIL=0 THEN GOTO ABORT: \\

\end{tabular} \\
\hline 3056 &  \\
\hline \({ }_{4}^{4133}\) &  \\
\hline \({ }_{2294}\) &  \\
\hline 2571 &  \\
\hline 1375 & PRINT \({ }^{\text {P2,7S }}\) NADD \(\mathrm{BX}, 33^{\text {n }}\) \\
\hline 2627 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline \({ }_{1233}^{2010}\) & \\
\hline 1653 & PRINT t2,TS*MOV [EX), \(\mathrm{cx}^{\text {a }}\) \\
\hline 4181 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 2573 & \\
\hline 2481
514 &  \\
\hline \% 514 & OSE: \\
\hline 2846
463 & IF 1 ISSTR (LS, "CLOSE") <>1 THEN GOTO PORL \\
\hline 2936 &  \\
\hline 2573 &  \\
\hline 2071
603 & PRINT 32 ,TS"CALL PCLOS":RETURM \\
\hline 2781 & LLOOP: \\
\hline 797 &  \\
\hline 4027 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 3322 & \\
\hline \({ }_{2} 1926\) & \[
\mathrm{XP} 1=1 \mathrm{NSTR}\left(\mathrm{LS},{ }^{\prime S} \mathrm{STEP}{ }^{n}\right): \mathrm{NX}=\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{N}-1
\] \\
\hline \({ }^{2026}\) &  \\
\hline 1511 & GOSUB STRIPPER:ZSNUS \\
\hline 652 & FORLOOP1: \\
\hline 3312 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 3467 & \\
\hline 1854 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1F XPI THEN COTO FORLOOP3:} \\
\hline 3502 & \\
\hline 2499 & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{PRINT 12, TS \({ }^{\circ}\) JMP NXT*PNSS(U)} \\
\hline 1788 & \\
\hline 2264 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 2943
3950 & \\
\hline 654 &  \\
\hline 3578 &  \\
\hline 2447 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 3502 & \\
\hline 2499 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 1788 & \\
\hline 2264
2038 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 2038
988 & \\
\hline 4556 &  \\
\hline 550 &  \\
\hline 925 & IF 2 S< "An THEN \\
\hline 4466 &  \\
\hline 550
3002 & \({ }_{\text {END }}^{\text {a }}\) IF \({ }^{\text {a }}\) \\
\hline 3082
655 &  \\
\hline 3582 & PRINT 12,TS"CMP AX, BX \({ }^{\text {a }}\) INTERNLLJUMP \(=\) INTERNALJUMP +1 \\
\hline 2498 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline \({ }^{1788}\) & \\
\hline 2264 & PRINT 12, IJ \({ }^{\text {PFNSS (INTERNALJUMP) "; }}\) \\
\hline 2338 &  \\
\hline 9888
3459 &  \\
\hline 550 & END 17 \\
\hline 925 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 3369
558
58 & \\
\hline 3082 &  \\
\hline  &  \\
\hline 2922 & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\(\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N}+1: \mathrm{PR1NT} ; 2\), \(\mathrm{NXTS}(\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{N}):\) RETURA} \\
\hline 2134 & \\
\hline 744
576 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{TEMPABORT:} \\
\hline 576
434 & \\
\hline 434
3978 &  \\
\hline 422 & \begin{tabular}{l}
ATEND: \\
PRINT 12,*132767:"TS"INT 201"
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 1743 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{PRINT 12,"132767:"TS"INT 204" GOSUB RESOLVECALLS:TOT \(=0 \geq J=0\)} \\
\hline 2978
9
972 & \\
\hline 3555 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \\
\hline 1698 & \\
\hline 1116 & \\
\hline 1469
2265 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```
            ELSE PRINT $2,"Z"VS(J)TS"DW 0*
            J=J+1
    WERD
    IFF(28) THEN
        PRINT 12,"FCB"FNSS(J)":*TS"DB ";
            FOR TOT=1.TO 36:PRINT 12,*口,":2NEXT TOT
        PRINT 12,
        NEXT J
    PRINT 12,"Z_ZATTR"T$"DW 7*
    PRINT 12,nz zSGnTS"DW 日n
    PRINT 22,"SAREA"TS"DW g"
    PRINT ;2,TS"END START":CLOSE:END
REsOLVECALLS:
    OPEN* I*,1,LDS+"BBC.LIB*
    IF F(1) THEN F(0) =1
    IF F(13) THEN F(30)=1
    IP F(17) THEN F(15)=1
    FOR I=& TO 33,IP F(I) THEN A=1 & 1:GOSUB READLIBRARY,
    FOR I=B T0 33:IF F(I) THEN A=1*1;GOSUB READLIBRARY:
READLIBRARY:
    WHILE VAL(AS) <A:LINE INPUT 11,AS:WEND
    IF EOF (1) THEN GOTO LIBERROR:
    If C$=*N* THEN
            IF X THEN AS-LEFTS(AS, X-1)
                X=1:WHILE }X<LEN(AS) AND MIDS (AS, x,1)<=* *: X = X + < :WEND =_
            IF X=>LEN(AS) THEN AS=**
            IF VAL(AS) <1 AND AS<>"* THEN PRINT 12,A$
        1F END IF IF
    WEND
OPENERROR:
    PRINT"ERROR: LIBRARY (BBC.LIB) NOT FOUND1"
    PRINT"Correct your library drive spec (now "LDS"): ":{1NPUT LDS
    GOTO RESOLVECALLS:
LIBERROR:
    PRINT*FATAL ERROR: unexpected end of library (EBC.LIB)":END
SUB UPPERC(X$) STATIC EXIT SUB
    FLAG=0
    FOR I=1 TO LEEN(XS); X=ASC(MIDS(X$,1,1))
        IF X=34 THEN FLAG=ABS(FLAG-1)
        (x)
    NEXT I
```

Program Listing 2. BBC.LIB.


\section*{Listing 2 continued}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & MOV DX,OPESET SAREA \\
\hline & INT 21H \\
\hline & MOV BX,OPFSET SAREA \\
\hline & MOV \(\mathrm{CX},[\mathrm{BX]}\)
MOV CL, \\
\hline & MOV \(\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{O}\) \\
\hline & INC BX \\
\hline & INC BX \\
\hline & CALL ASCBIN \\
\hline & PUSH AX \\
\hline & MOV Ah, 2 \\
\hline & MOV DL, 13 \\
\hline & INT 21 H \\
\hline & MOV DL, 10 \\
\hline & INT 218 \\
\hline & POP AX \\
\hline & RET \\
\hline \multirow[t]{8}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
\[
15
\] \\
GETSTR:
\end{tabular}} & \\
\hline & MOV AX, \({ }_{\text {MOV }}(\mathrm{BX} 1, \mathrm{AX}\) \\
\hline & MOV \([\mathrm{BXX}, \mathrm{AX}\) \\
\hline & PUSH BX \\
\hline & INC BX \\
\hline & 1 NC BX \\
\hline & MOV DI, [BX] \\
\hline & mov CX, DI \\
\hline \multirow[t]{19}{*}{GETS \(:\)} & MOV AH,7 \\
\hline & INT 21 H \\
\hline & CMP AL, 13 \\
\hline & 32 GETSF \\
\hline & CMP AL, 10 \\
\hline & J2 GETSF \\
\hline & CMP AL, 8 \\
\hline & JNZ GETS2 \\
\hline & CMP DI, CX \\
\hline & JBE GETS1 \\
\hline & DEC DI \\
\hline & MOV DL,AL \\
\hline & MOV AH,2 \\
\hline & INT 21H \\
\hline & MOV DL,32 \\
\hline & 1 NT 21H \\
\hline & MOV DL, B \\
\hline & 1NT 21H \\
\hline & JMP SHORT GETSI \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{GETS 2 :} & MOV [DI],AL \\
\hline & MOV DL, AL \\
\hline & MOV AH,2 \\
\hline & INT 21H \\
\hline & INC DI \\
\hline & JMP SHORT GETS 1 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{9}{*}{GETSF:} & SUB DI, Cx \\
\hline & POP BX \\
\hline & MOV [ \(\mathrm{BX}^{\text {] }}\), DI \\
\hline & MOV AH, 2 \\
\hline & MOV DL, 13 \\
\hline & 1NT 21H \\
\hline & MOV DL, 10 \\
\hline & INT 21H \\
\hline & RET \\
\hline \multirow[t]{14}{*}{16} & \\
\hline & MOV AX, \(\mathrm{BX}^{\text {c }}\) ] \\
\hline &  \\
\hline & JNZ SFALSE \\
\hline & MOV DX, AX \\
\hline & INC BX \\
\hline & INC BX \\
\hline & INC CX \\
\hline & INC CX \\
\hline & mov S1, [Bx] \\
\hline & MOV DI, [CX] \\
\hline & PUSH DS \\
\hline & POP ES \\
\hline & CLD \\
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{SC1:} & OR DX, DX \\
\hline & 32 Strue \\
\hline & CMPSB \\
\hline & JNZ SFALSE \\
\hline & JMP SBORT SCl \\
\hline Strue: & MOV Ax, -1 \\
\hline & RET \\
\hline SFALSE: & MOV AX, 0 \\
\hline 17 & \\
\hline SC5: & mov \(\mathrm{AX},[\mathrm{BX}]\) \\
\hline & MOV DX, [CX] \\
\hline & TNC BX \\
\hline & INC BX \\
\hline & INC CX \\
\hline & INC CX \\
\hline & NoV S1, [BX] \\
\hline & MOV DI, \((\mathrm{CX})\) \\
\hline & PUSH DS \\
\hline & POP ES \\
\hline & nov Cx, AX \\
\hline SC51: & JCXZ SCAT5 \\
\hline & \\
\hline & JZ SCAF5 \\
\hline & CMPSB \\
\hline & JG SCAF5 \\
\hline & JB SCAT5 \\
\hline & DEC CX \\
\hline & DEC DX \\
\hline & JMP SHORT SC51 \\
\hline SCAF5: & MOV AX,0 \\
\hline & RET \\
\hline SCAT5: & mov Ax, -1 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{SC4
S} & RET \\
\hline & CALL SC \\
\hline & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { XOR AX,-1 } \\
& \text { RET }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 19 & & & MOV AH,9 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{11}{*}{SCA:} & MOV \(A X,[B X]\) & & INT 21H \\
\hline & MOV DX, [CX] & FCLOSG: & RET \\
\hline & INC BX & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{FCERR DB 'Error reported i n closing file', 0dh,0ah,'\$'}} \\
\hline & INC BX & & \\
\hline & INC CX & & \\
\hline & INC CX & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{31} \\
\hline & MOV SI, [BX] & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{ASCBIN:} & MOV AX, \({ }^{\text {a }}\) \\
\hline & MOV D1, [CX] & & INC CX \\
\hline & PUSH DS & & DEC BX \\
\hline & POP ES & & MOV DX, 0 \\
\hline & MOV CX, AX & & PUSH DX \\
\hline \multirow[t]{9}{*}{SCA 1:} & JCXZ SCAF & \multirow[t]{9}{*}{ASCL:} & DEC CX \\
\hline & OR DX, DX & & INC BX \\
\hline & J2 SCAT & & JCXZ ASCDON \\
\hline & CMPSB & & MOV DL, [BX] \\
\hline & JG SCAT & & CMP DL, \({ }^{-1}\) \\
\hline & JB SCAF & & JZ ASCL 2 \\
\hline & DEC CX & & CMP DL, '+' \\
\hline & DEC DX & & J2 ASCL3 \\
\hline & JMP SHORT SCAI & & CMP DL, '0' \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{SCAF:} & MOV AX, 0 & & JB ASCL \\
\hline & RET & & CMP DL, 'g' \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{SCAT:} & MOV AX, -1 & & JG ASCDON \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{RET} & & JMP SHORT ASCL4 \\
\hline 20 & & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{ASCL2:} & POP DX \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{SC8:} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{CALL SC5 XOR AX,-1 RET} & & MOV DX, -1 \\
\hline & & & PUSH DX \\
\hline & & & 1 NC BX \\
\hline 21 & & & JMP SHORT ASCL4 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{SC9:} & CALL SCA & ASCL 3 : & INC BX \\
\hline & XOR AX, -1 & & DEC CX \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{9}{*}{RET} & & JCXZ ASCDON \\
\hline 22 & & ASCL 4 : & MOV DL, [BX] \\
\hline 23 & & & CMP DL, '0' \\
\hline 24 & & & JB ASCL3 \\
\hline 25 & & & CMP DL, '9' \\
\hline 26 & & & JA ASCDON \\
\hline 27 & & & PUSH CX \\
\hline 28 & & & PUSH DX \\
\hline 29 & & & MOV CX, 10 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{12}{*}{ROPEN:} & PUSH AX & & CWD \\
\hline & MOV AH, OFH & & MUL CX \\
\hline & INT 21H & & POP DX \\
\hline & OR AL, AL & & POP CX \\
\hline & J2 POPENG & & MOV DH,0 \\
\hline & POP AX & & SUB DX, 4B \\
\hline & INT 21H & & ADD AX, DX \\
\hline & OR AL, AL & & JMP SHORT ASCL3 \\
\hline & J2 ROPENC & ASCDON: & POP DX \\
\hline & MOV DX, OFFSET RERR & & OR DX, DX \\
\hline & MOV AH,9 & & J2 ASCFIN \\
\hline & INT 21H & & NEG AX \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

ASCFIN: \({ }^{\text {NEG } A X}\)

32
PUSH
INC
INC
INC BX
INC BX
MOV DX, [BX]
MOV BX,DX
MOV [BX], 32
MOV CX, 1曰e日e CWD
IDIV CX
CMP AH, 128
JB STR2
\(\operatorname{MOV}[B X],{ }^{\prime}-1\)
STR2: INC BX
ADD AL, 48
MOV (BX),AL
MOV AX,DX
AND AX, 7FFFH
CWD
DIV CX
ADD AL, 48
MOV [BX], AL
INC BX
MOV AX, DX
MOV \(\mathrm{CX}, 100\)
CWD
D1V CX
ADD \(A L, 48\)
ADD AL, 48
MOV [BX],AL
INC BX
INC \(B X\)
MOV \(A X, ~\)
MOV AX, DX
MOV CX 10
CWD \(\mathrm{MO}, 10\)
CWD DIV
ADD AL, 48
MOV [BX],AL
MOV [BX
INC
BX
MOV (BX)
MOV [BX], DL
POP CX
MOV DX, CX
MOV AX, BX
MOV BX,CX
INC BX
INC \(\mathrm{BX},[\mathrm{BX}]\)
SUB \(A X, C X\)
MOV BX,DX
\(\operatorname{MOV}_{\text {RET }}(\mathrm{BX}), \mathrm{AX}\)
33
34
; EXPANSION AREA

Program Listing 3. A sample program to assemble, link, and convert an ASM file to a COM file.
```
MASM MYPROG,MYPROG,MYPROG,MYPROG
LINK MYPROG,MYPROG,MYPROG;
EXE2BIN MYPROG.EXE MYPROG.COM
DEL MYPROG.EXE
```

Program Listing 4. Compile.BAT.
```
MASM 81,81,81,81
LINK \(81,81,81\);
EXE2BIN \%1.EXE \&1.COM
DEL 81.EXE
```

Program Listing 5. The Sieve of Eratosthenes in Basic.
```
391 1 10 AS=" "
'C IS THE LOCATION WHERE AS STORAGE BEGINS
2067 ) B=VARPTR(AS):++B:++B;C=IPEEK (B)
    PRINT"10 ITERATIONS"
    FOR M=1 TO 10
    COUNT=\emptyset
    A$=STRING$ (8191,1)
    80 FOR I=0 TO 8190
    90 D=C +I: B=PEEK (D) :IF B=0 THEN GOTO 170
    1 0 0 ~ P R I M E ~ = I + I + 3
            K=PRIME +I
        120 IF K>8190 THEN GOTO 160
    130 D=C+K:POKE D, D
            K=K+PRIME
                        GOTO 120
        160 ++COUNT
        178 NEXT
        180 NEXT 
    200 END
```

Program Listing 6．The assembly source code BBC outputs for the Sieve．

CODE title C：SIEVE，BA
ORG 100H
ASSUME CS：CODE，DS：CODE
＿START：
PUSH CS
POP CX
MOV Z ZSG，CX
MOV BX，OFFSET ZAS
MOV ZAS， 1
INC BX
INC BX
MOV DI，［BX］
CLD
MOV AL， 32
STOSB
；＇C IS THE LOCATION WHERE AS STORAGE BEGINS
B＝VARPTR（AS）：＋＋B：＋＋B：C＝1PEEK（B）
OV DX，OFFSET ZAS
MOV \(2 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{DX}\)
INC ZB
MOV \(\mathrm{Cx}, z_{-}\)zSG
MOV ES，\({ }^{\text {M }}\)
MOV ES，CX
MOV BX，2B
MOV \(\mathrm{BX}, 2 \mathrm{~B}\)
MOV \(\mathrm{AX},[E S: B X]\)
MOV \(\mathrm{ZC}, \mathrm{AX}\)
；PRINT＂ 10 ITERATIONS＂
JMP Il0A2
I18A1：DB \(49,48,32,73,84,69,82,65,84,73,79,78,83\)
MOV BX，OFFSET I10AI
MOV CX， 13
MOV AH， 2
CALL PSTR
CALL PLNE
；FOR
\(\mathrm{M}=1\) TO 10
mov AX， 1
MOV \(\mathrm{ZM}, 1\)
FOR1：MOV BX， 10
CMP AX，BX
JBE IJI
JMP NXT1
IJ1：
；COUNT＝0
MOV ZCOUNT， 0
ív AS＝STRING\＄\((8191,1)\)
MOV CX， \(2 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{CX}\)
MOV BX，OFFSET ZAS
INC BX
INC BX
MOV DI，［BX］
MOV AX，1
PUSH DS
POP ES
REP STOS
180：\(\quad ; 80\) FOR \(\mathrm{I}=0\) TO 8190
MOV AX，
MOV ZI，
FOR2：MOV BX， 8190
CMP \(A X, B X\)
JBE IJ2
JMP NXT2
IJ2：
IJ2
90：
MOV AX，ZC
MOV CX，ZI
ADD \(A X, C X\)
MOV ZD，AX
MOV CX，Z＿ZSG
MOV ES，CX
MOV BX，ZD
MOV AX， 0
MOV AL，［ES：BX
MOV \(2 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{AX}\)
MOV AX，2B
MOV BX，\(\square\)
CMP AX，BX
JZ IJ3
JMP I100
IJ3：
1100：；100 PRIME＝I＋I＋3
MOV AX， 2 I
MOV CX，ZI
ADD AX，CX
MOV CX， 3
ADD AX，CX
MOV ZPRIME，AX

MOV AX，ZPRIME
MOV CX， 21
ADD AX，CX
MOV ZK，AX
I120：；120 IF K＞8190 THEN GOTO 160
MOV AX，2K
MOV BX， 8190
CMP \(A X, B X\)
JG IJ 4
JMP I130

JMP I160
I130：；130 D－C＋K：POKE D， 0
MOV AX，ZC
MOV CX， 2 K
ADD \(A X, C X\)
MOV \(2 \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{AX}\)
MOV SI，2D
MOV CX，\(\quad\)
MOV AX，Z＿2SG
MOV ES，A \(\bar{X}\)
MOV［ES：SI］，CL
；\(K=K+\) PRIME
MOV AX，ZK
MOV CX，2PRIME
ADD AX，CX
MOV \(2 \mathrm{~K}, \mathrm{AX}\)
；GOTO 120
I160；；160＋＋COUNT
INC ZCOUNT
1170：； 170 NEXT
MOV AX， 21
INC AX
MOV 2I，AX
JMP FOR2
NXT2：
I180：；180 NEXT
MOV AX，ZM
MOV AX，
INC AX
INC \(A X\)
MOV
\(Z M\)
JMP FOR1
NXT1：
I190：；190 PRINT COUNT；：PRINT＂PRIMES．＂
MOV CX，ZCOUNT
MOV AH， 2
CALL PNUM
JMP I190A2
I190A1：DB \(32,80,82,73,77,69,83,46\)
I190A2：MOV BX，OFFSET I190A1
MOV CX， 8
MOV AH， 2
CALL PSTR
CALL PLNE
I200：\(\quad 200\) END
20ん
132767：INT 20H
PSTR：；Routine to print a string． BX points to string， CX has the
inumber of characters to print，AH contains the DOS function cod
e．
JCXZ PSTRF
MOV DL，［BX］
INT 21H
INC BX
LOOP PSTR
PSTRF：RET
；End of print string routine
PLNE：；Routine to print a new line．AH contains the DOS function code
MOV DL， 13 ；Send a carriage return to output
INT 21H
MOV DL， 10 ；And now a line feed
INT 21H
RET
PNUM：；Routine to print a number．AH contains the DOS function code，
；CX contains the number to print
MOV BX，OFFSET SAREA ；BX now points to 256 －byte work area
MOV SAREA， 32 ；put space in for sign
PUSH AX ；Save AX
MOV AX，CX ；Put number into AX
CMP AX， 8000 H ；Is it negative？
JB PNUMI ；No
NEG AX iYes
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { NEG AX } & \text { iYes } \\ \text { MOV SAREA，＇－＇} & \text { iPut in the sign }\end{array}\)
PNUMI：MOV CX，10日曰 ；；irst divisor
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { MOV CX，} 10000 & \text { ；first divisor } \\ \text { MOV DX，} & \text { ；Convert } A X+D X \text { to doubleword without sign extens }\end{array}\)
ion．
DIV CX ；Pirst division．Quotient in AX，remainder in D
X ．
OR AL，AL
JZ PNUM2 ；Skip if leading zero
INC BX
ADD AL， 48 ；Get ready to move to temporary area
MOV［ \(B X\) ］，AL ；Done，now for next digit．
PNUM2：MOV AX，DX ；remainder to \(A X\)
MOV CX，10日0 ；Second divisor
CWD
DIV CX
MOV CX，OFFSET SAREA ；Where are we？
CMP BX，CX ；If still at start，check for leading ze
ro．
JNZ PNUM3
OR AL，AL
JZ PNUM4 ；Still at start，still all zeros
PNUM \(3:\)
INC BX
ADD AL， 48
MOV［BX］，AL
PNUM 4：MOV AX，DX
MOV CX， 100
CWD
DIV CX
MOV CX，OFFSET SAREA
CMP BX，CX
JNZ PNUM5
OR AL，AL
JZ PNUM6


\section*{KEYBOARD PROTECTOR}

Finally! A keyboard cover that remains in place during use!
SafeSkin prevents damage from liquid spills, dust, ashes, paper clips, staples, etc. This custom fit cover is made of ultra-thin, ultra-tough, clear flexible plastic, molded to fit every key and contour, allowing normal key response and feel. Available for the Model 100, Tandy 1000/2000, Model 3 \& 4, IBM-PC, AT, Apple, DEC, Wyse and many others. Send \(\$ 29.95\), Check or M.O., Visa \& MC include expiration date. Specify computer type. Dealer inquiries invited. Free brochure available.

Merritt Computer Products, Inc. 4561 South Westmoreland Dallas, TX 75237 (214) 339-0753

Circle 225 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Live One}

Sexual Fantasy After Another!


\section*{Listing 6 continued}
```
PNUM5: INC BX
    ADD AL,48
    MOV [BX],AL
    PNUM6: MOV AX,DX
    MOV CX,10
    CWD
    DIV CX
    MOV CX,OFFSET SAREA
    CMP BX,CX
    JNZ PNUM7
    OR AL,AL
    JZ PNUM8
PNUM7: INC BX
    ADD AL,48
    MOV [BX],AL
    PNUM 8: ADD DL,48
    INC BX
    MOV [BX],DL ; Last digit of the number.
    MOV CX,OFFSET SAREA
    SUB CX,BX
    NEG CX
                                    Count of characters to print, less one
    INC CX
    MOV BX,OFFSET SAREA ;Address of number to print is in BX agai
    POP AX ; Restore DOS function code
    CALL PSTR
    ;Print it
    RET
    AS DW @,SAREA+10
    2AS DW g
CD D
ZCOUNT DW O
2I DW 0
DI DW g
DW \emptyset
ZPRIME DW g
DW 0
*
Z_ZSG DW Ø
SAREA DW O
CODE ENDS
    END _START
```

\footnotetext{
Circle 38 on Reader Service card.
}

\section*{THE 80 MICRO TRS-DOS DISK SERIES}

YES!I want to save money and be more productive! Send me the following:

One year ( 12 issue) subscription for the TRS-DOS version of the \(\mathbf{8 0}\) MICRO DISK SERIES for only \$149.95
\(\square\) Nov. ' 87 TRS-DOS single issue for \(\$ 17.95\) each

Back issues of the TRS-DOS version at \(\$ 17.95\) each
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\hline month & year \\
\hline month & year
\end{tabular}

Payment Enclosed
\(\square\) MasterCard \(\square\) American Express \(\square\) VISA

Card \#
Exp. Date
Signature
Name
Address
City
State
Zip
Prices include postage and handling. Please allow 4-6 weeks for delivery. Foreign Airmail, please add US \(\mathbf{\$ 1 . 5 0}\) per disk. US funds drawn on US banks only.

\section*{8ロmicro 80micro 80micro} \(8 \square_{87 N T S S}\)
\(81=0\)

\section*{TYE 1 M MROMS-DDS ISMSERES}
\(\square\) Payment Enclosed

MEII I want to save money and be more productive! Send me the following:
\(\square\) Oct./Nov./Dec. '87 MS-DOS version at \(\$ 17.95\) each
\(\square\) Back issues of the MS-DOS version at \(\$ 17.95\) each
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\hline month & year \\
\hline month & year
\end{tabular}MasterCard \(\square\) American Express
\(\square\) VISA

Card \#
Exp. Date

\section*{Signature}

Name
Address

\section*{City}
State Zip

Prices include postage and handling. Please allow 4-6 weeks for delivery. Foreign Airmail, please add US \(\mathbf{\$ 1 . 5 0}\) per disk. US funds drawn on US banks only.

\section*{BUSINESS REPLY MAIL}

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

CW Communications/Peterborough 80 MICRO DISK SERIES
80 Elm Street
Peterborough, N.H. 03458-9988



NO POSTAGE NECESSARY
IF MAILED IN THE
UNITED STATES

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

CW Communications/Peterborough 80 MICRO DISK SERIES
80 Elm Street
Peterborough, N.H. 03458-9988

\section*{MS-DOS}

\section*{Designing in 3D}

Drafix 3D Modeler by Foresight Resources is a three-dimensional design and drafting tool that works with Drafix 1 Plus or Drafix 1 , Foresight's two-dimensional CAD programs. You can transfer any view of a threedimensional image into either program for enhancements or printing.
A three-dimensional data base lets you view models from any perspective, even from inside. Drafix 3D Modeler's line-removal algorithm removes obstructed lines from view, instead of masking them. You construct models from an array of design tools, including curved surfaces, spheres, cones, ellipses, and Bezier patches. Also, you can use the program's automatic wall generation for architectural applications.

A math coprocessor is recommended. Drafix 3D Modeler sells for \$295 from Foresight Resources Corp., 932 Massachusetts, Lawrence, KS 66044, 913-841-1121.
Circle 551 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Create Interactive Graphics}

You can use the Artpak Demonstrator Language to create context-sensitive tutorials or demonstrations that include text, animated graphics, and sound effects. Recommended applications are sales, marketing, and educational presentations.

ADL comes with a mousedriven drawing board, a charting function, a text and music editor, a run-time command interpreter, and a library of over 170 drawings. You can use graphics from other programs. It can perform high-speed animation and has 37 text fonts in various sizes. Your ADL presentation can accept input and


Drafix 3D Modeler adds new dimension to graphs.
execute branches.
ADL's introductory price is \$299. Contact MaddisonCrosse Associates Inc.. 1543 W. Olympic Blvd., Penthouse, Los Angeles, CA 90015, 213 -387-4044.
Circle 552 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Word Processing}

The Dac-Easy Word II word processor features a pulldown menu screen, a 32,000 record limited data base, a flexible mail-merge template, access to four documents via multiple windows, and a 90,000-word dictionary. Export and import commands let you export Dac-Easy Word II files to ASCII or import ASCII, paragraph-delimited ASCII, and Dac-Easy Word I text files.
The program supports more than 200 printers and includes a 12 -lesson tutorial set. Dac-Easy Word II is available for \(\$ 49.95\) from Dac Software Inc., 4801 Spring Valley Road, Building 110 B , Dallas, TX 75244, 214-458-0038.
Circle 558 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Spreadsheet Compiler}

With @Liberty (pronounced "At Liberty") you can create a spreadsheet application or template by using Lotus's 1-2-3 or a compatible program and then distribute executable run-time files for
as little as \(\$ 10\) per user. End users can run the @Libertycompiled spreadsheet without the original program. You can also export data to the original program.
For @Liberty's introductory price of \(\$ 99.95\), you can distribute compiled spreadsheets and documentation to up to 10 end users. For an additional \(\$ 99.95\), you can purchase a refill pack and license another 15 end users. You can send an unlimited number of spreadsheet applications to an end user. Contact Softlogic Solutions Inc., 1 Pe rimeter Road, Manchester, NH 03103, 800-272-9900; in New Hampshire, 603-627. 9900.

Circle 553 on Reader Service card.

\section*{New Language}

Structured Programming Language, a block-structured free-format alternative to Pascal and C. is available as shareware from its developer, Dennis Baer.
SPL supports mathematics, string handling, random/ sequential I/O, graphics, and structured programming features such as procedures and begin blocks. Baer is offering SPL translator software that implements the language by translating SPL programs into GW-Basic, Quick Basic, or BasicA. The translator is available from the developer
and from several BBSes, including one in New York (516-334-8221) under the file name SPLLIB.ARC. A \(5 \frac{1}{4}\) inch formatted disk and stamped self-addressed envelope must accompany all orders. Donations between \(\$ 50\) and \(\$ 100\) are requested. Contact Dennis Baer, 25 Miller Road, Farmingdale. NY 11735, 516-694-5872.
Circle 555 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Graphics Card}

The VGA Supreme graphies card gives you reduced display-memory access time, enhanced display quality, 256 K of on-board RAM, and EGA/VGA and System/2 compatibility. It features the Interlink Business Network (Brea, CA) BIOS.
The VGA Supreme displays 16 colors with 640 by 480 resolution: resolution is 720 by 400 in alphanumeric mode. It provides monochrome dual scanning of 200 line modes. An auto-emulation feature adjusts display modes as the software requires. The VGA Supreme costs \(\$ 149\) from IBS Research Inc., 2700 E. Imperial Highway, Building A, Brea, CA 92621, 714-579-0680.
Circle 560 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Home Finance}

MVP Software's Home Management II package is a financial planning aind management system for the home user. Its five modules are Personal Budget Planning, a recursive budget-planning utility; Budget, a checkbook and income-tracking tool; Stock Broker, a securitiesanalysis program: Quik Loan. a loan-amortization program; and Typewriter, a basic word processor for such tasks as filling out forms and addressing envelopes.
Home Management II sells for \(\$ 59.95\), MVP Software, 1035 Dallas SE, Grand Rapids, MI 49507, 616-245-8376. Circle 564 on Reader Service card.

\section*{SAVE HUNDREDS!!!}

CONVERT YOUR OLD PRINTER TO
AN IBM COMPATIBLE WITH ''PRINT-COMMANDER" Order Today ONLY \$39.95*
- PRINT-COMMANDER converts IBM print codes (character \& font) for your non-compatible printer. - Includes a modifiable printer setup string. - Selectable configuration files can be stored on disk and loaded in a matter of seconds. - Select between printer ports 1 \& 2. - Turns on and off at a keystroke. - Pop-up menu driven. - Use PRINT.COMMANDER to access other characters your printer is capable of printing, such as foreign language or scientific characters ETC. . . - Memory resident (less than 35 kb of ram needed). - Will operate on an IBM PCIXT/AT or compatibles.
- \(\$ 4.50\) for \(\mathrm{S} \& \mathrm{H}\) (Pa. residents add \(6 \%\) sales tax.)
\(\$ 5.50 \mathrm{~S}\) \& H Canada \& Mexico. Foreign orders \(\$ 12.00 \mathrm{~S}\) \& H .
SUCCESS MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS INC. P.O. BOX 6120
harrisburg, PA 17112
1-717-652-1732

\section*{24 hour Toll Free Order Line from U.S. or Canada: 1-800-628-2828 (ext.698) \\ }

Money Back Guarunter. Print-(Commander is unconditionally guaranteed for' 30 days from shipping dure (less shipping). Therr is a \(\$ 10.00\) restorking for on all returns.

Speriffirutions aml pirice subject th changre without notire.
IBMA is a registered Irudrmark of International Basiness Marhines Carp.

\section*{Circle 40 on Reader Service card.}

Lowest U.S. Prices
Zuckerboards for Tandy and IBM. find a lower advertised price and we'll beat it by \(\$ 10.00\). No extra charge for credit card users.
Multifunction card for the 1000 and 1000A. Includes 512 K of memory. DMA, serial port, clock calendar, RAM disk, print spooler, and manual-\$174.95
Expanded memory card for the 1000 and 1000A. Includes 512 K of memory, DMA. and manual-\$109.95. Clock option for this board-\$28.95.
Expanded memory card for the 1000 EX . Includes 384 K , connector, DMA, and man-ual-\$119.95.
20 Meg hard card for the \(1000,1000 \mathrm{~A}, 1000 \mathrm{SX}\). Allows you to keep both floppies.Preformatted for plug and play-\$459.00.
Modem for the 1000. 1000A, 1000SX. IBM and compatibles. Internal 300/1200 Hayes compatible software and five year warranty-\$79.95.
Clock card for Tandy, IBM, and compatibles-\$39.95.
Serial/clock card for Tandy. IBM, and compatibles-\$89.95.
All Zuckerboards have a two or five year warranty

\section*{Other Items}

NEW!!! Slot addition card for Tandy, IBM, and compatibles. Adds three expansion slots to your computer- \(\$ 79.00\).
30 Megabyte internal hard drive with controller for 1000, 1000A, 1000SX, IBM, and compatibles-\$395.00.
2 Meg board for \(1000,1000 \mathrm{~A}, 1000 \mathrm{SX}\) with plus connector OK \(\$ 134.95\) \(512 \mathrm{~K} \quad \$ 183.95\)
1 Meg \$223.95 2 Meg \(\$ 323.95\) Serial \$49.95 Serial/clock \(\$ 59.95\)
Fujitsu 360K floppy \(\$ 84.95\) TEAC 360K floppy
Toshiba 3.5 inch 720K floppy with mounting kit for Tandy. IBM, and compatibles\$149.95.
64 K chips \(\$ 1.29 \quad 256 \mathrm{~K}\) chips \(\$ 349.00\)

Discount Computer Supplies. 132 W Washington St., Athens, OH 45701
1-800-537-3539 1-614-594-4180
Shipping: Boards \$3.00 Drives \$5.00 Chips \$2.50
We accept Visa, MasterCard and C.O.D.s if you send a check. Allow one week to clear. Volume discounts. Canadian and foreign orders welcome.

空
Discount Computer Supplies

\section*{132 W . Washington St. Athens, OH 45701}

1-800-537-3539 National
614-594-4180 In Ohio


Learning Technologies offers a kit that promises to have a novice playing games in minutes.

\section*{Your First Time}

The Ready To Go! Kit is the first product in Learning Technologies Inc.'s Go! Environment package for firsttime and infrequent users of personal computers. The kit's disk contains graphicsbased functions with handson training. A manual is unnecessary. Learning Technologies claims that, within three minutes of setup, even a novice can write letters. make and file notes, do calculations, play games, and more.
The Ready To Go! Kit also includes over \(\$ 400\) worth of supplies and premiums, as well as more than a dozen software samples. The kit costs \(\$ 49.95\). Contact Learning Technologies Inc., 4255 LBJ Freeway. Suite 131, Dallas, TX 75244, 800-238-4277: in Texas, 214-385-2351.
Circle 554 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Buttonware Utilities}

Jim Button's Baker's Dozen contains 14 utility programs, including a disk utility, mini-spreadsheet, file searcher, sideways printer, file comparison, memory-resident calendar, and keyboard ASCII table. Other programs sort text files, remove directories, set screen colors and border, take pictures of the screen and save them to disk, swap LPT1 and LPT2, and swap COM1 and COM2. You can run the utilities from a menu or as stand-alone programs.
Baker's Dozen sells for
\(\$ 59.95\). Contact Buttonware. Box 5786, Bellevue, WA 98006, 206-454-0479.
Circle 567 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Try to Remember}

Memory Lane is a hard-disk utility that finds and extracts information from any file created by any program. When you press a "hot" key from within your application, you activate Memory Lane. You can then search your hard disk for the information you want, view files, mark text you want to cut, and "paste" that text into your application file.
The program can handle 8,192 files and \(33,500,000\) bytes across four disks. Memory Lane is available for \(\$ 99\) from Group L Corp., 481 Carlisle Drive, Herndon, VA 22070, 703-471-0030.
Circle 563 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Communications Software}

Smartcom III, a standalone communications program, features DOS-level commands, a communications programming language, on-line editing, and dual communication-session capability. The beginner can use a menu, while the experienced user has commandlevel operations and Simple Communications Programming Environment (Scope) options. Scope lets you automate repetitive and unattended tasks.

Smartcom III is available for \(\$ 249\) from Hayes Micro-

NEW PRODUCTS


Millionaire II challenges you to make a million.
computer Products Inc., P.O. Box 105203, Atlanta, GA 30348, 404-449-8791.
Circle 571 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Making Millions}

Britannica Software, publishers of Blue Chip Software, has released Millionaire II, a new version of the stock-market simulation Millionaire. In a period of 90 simulated weeks, you try to earn \(\$ 1,000,000\) by studying the investment environment and trading stocks or options. You can also compete with another player. Millionaire II is available for \(\$ 59.95\).

Also, Blue Chip Software has introduced The American Investor, a simulation that uses historical stockmarket data to teach investment techniques. It sells for \(\$ 149.95\). Contact Britannica Software, 185 Berry St., San Francisco, CA 94107, 415-546-1866.
Circle 557 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Business Accounting}

The Bos Business Accounting package provides doubleentry accounting for small businesses. BBA is a menudriven program designed for people with little or no training in computers or accounting. It integrates generalledger, accounts-receivable. accounts-payable, sales-andinventory, and payroll functions in one package.
Among BBA's features are automatic posting of entries: on-screen display of vendors, customers, or inventory items: support for project or
departmental accounting; an on-line tutorial; security code and second-level code: support of up to 32,000 customers, vendors, inventory items, and employees (in 16 departments); data placement in different subdirectories to keep multiple books: and up to seven automatically calculated payroll deductions. BBA retails for \$395. Contact Aristo Computers Inc., 16811 El Camino Real, Suite 213, Houston, TX 77058, 800-327-4786: in Texas, 713-480-6288. Circle 561 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Magic Menu Update}

Magic Menu 2.5 is a menu creation and management system available in singleuser, multiuser, generic-network, and Novell-specific versions. You build the menu system with a separate menudriven editor. The menu-management task requires 17 K of memory. Average display time for hard-disk systems is less than half a second between menu screens.

Magic Menu can manage an unlimited number of menu screens in single- or two-column format. You can prepare separate menu systems to support removable media. For data protection, you can attach passwords to any entry on a menu screen and to the exit to DOS.

Format choices for menus include black and white or color, screen color combinations, date/time display. menu character size, use of messages and prompts, and

\section*{Emulate a TRS-80 on your PC with PC-FOUR! \\ Now you can now run your favorite TRS-80 Model 4 programs on your PC with PC-Four.} Not just BASIC but machine language programs as well! This is another Hypersoft FIRST! PC-Four is a new program that makes your PC or Compatible behave like a TRS-80 Model 4 complete with its operating system, Z80 microprocessor and 128 K of memory so you can run many of your favorite Model 4 programs such as ALLWRITE, BASCOM, PFS FILE, PROFILE, SUPERSCRIPSIT, VISICALC, Model 4 BASIC, and many more. Tested and recommended by Prosoft for running Allwrite on your PC.
PC-Four even works with assemblers such as MZAL and debugger/monitors such as TASMON so you can write, assemble, debug and run Z80 machine code programs on your PC. To use it you must transfer your old files to MSDOS disks first. For this we recommend PCXZ or Hypercross-see below for details.
Runs on PCs or compatibles with at least 384 K of memory. Put it on your lap-top, the first brief-case sized TRS-80! Also runs on the new IBM PS/2 Computers.
Prices: Order \#PC4 \(\$ 79.95\) alone, \#PC4H \(\$ 104.95\) with Hypercross SX3PCM4, \#PC4Z \(\$ 119.95\) with PCXZ. Send \(\$ 3\) for PC4/PCXZ demo disk-refundable on order. PC-Four is also available on \(3.5^{\prime \prime}\) disk format for portables and PS/2s.

Move TRS-80 files to your PC with PC Cross-Zap
PC Cross-Zap (PCXZ) is a utility that runs on your PC or PC-compatible. With it you can copy files to or from TRS-80 disks at will. Suitable for all types of files, BASIC, ASCII and Binary. Converts BASIC and text files automatically as you copy. You can also format a disk, copy disks, explore, read and write sector data, repair bad directories and much more. Long after your TRS-80 is gone you will still be able to read your old disks. Formats Supported: Model I mixed density: DOS + 3.4, DoubleDOS, LDOS (SOLE), MultiDOS, NEWDOS 80 V2, TRSDOS 2.7/8; Model IIIII Double Density: DOS + 3.5, LDOS \(5 . x\). Model III: DOS + 3.4, MultiDOS, NewDOS 80, TRSDOS 1.3; Model 4/4P: MultiDOS, DOS + 4, TRSDOS 6., LSDOS 6.3; Max-80: LDOS 5.1. PCXZ supports single or double sided, 35, 40 and 80 track formats. Requires: PC, XT, AT or compatible, Tandy 1000 (1000EX needs DMA), 1200, 3000. You must have at least one \(51 / 4^{\prime \prime} 360 \mathrm{~K}, 720 \mathrm{~K}\) or 1.2 M drive and 256 K memory. An original program from Hypersoft:
Order \# PCXZ
\(\$ 79.95\)

\section*{Also for your PC: XENOCOPY II and MatchPoint}

XenoCopy II runs on your PC and lets you read, write and format approx. 300 different non TRS-80 formats. Includes many CP/M formats, CoCo, P-System disks and others. Order \# Xeno
\$81.95 Matchpoint-PC is the hardware solution to reading and writing Apple and CP/M disks on your PC. A half-size card plugs in your PC and does the job software alone cannot. Reads Apple DOS, PRODOS, SOS, CP/M, and over 200 CP/M formats including hard sectored types like NorthStar, Requires installation.
Order \# MPPC
\(\$ 195.00\)

\section*{TRS-80 Model I/III/4/4P Programs.}

HyperCross 3.0-The Proven Standard in File Transfer.
Using HYPERCROSS 3 you can COPY files between TRS-80 disks and those from many CP/M and IBM-PC type computers on your own TRS-80 Model I, III, 4/4P or Max-80. If you have access to more than one kind of computer, or you are changing to a new machine then you need HYPERCROSS to transfer your text files, BASIC, FORTRAN PASCAL or C programs, Visicalc files, general ledger and accounting files, data bases and even binary files. You can FORMAT alien disks, read their directories, copy files to and from them, even copy directly from one alien disk to another. Formats supported: IBM-PC and MS-DOS including DOS 1.1, 2.0-3.3 Tandy 2000, single and double sided, 3.5 and 5 inch. CP/M from Aardvark to Zorba, including all popular TRS80 CP/M formats such as Holmes, Montezuma, and Omikron. TRS-80 Color Computer format also supported. HyperCross converts Basic files! HyperCross will, as you copy, automatically convert your tokenized Basic file to MSDOS or CP/M, putting in spaces, changing PRINT @, correcting syntax errors and flagging parts needing manual modification. Tried and Tested in 1000s of installations world wide, by Industry, Universities, Government Institutions and nice TRS80 owners everywhere. Prices include disk and 40 page manual. Upgrades from any version of HyperCross or SuperCross for old disk \(+\$ 5+\) price difference ( \(\$ 15 \mathrm{~min}\) ). HyperCross 2.0 CoCo reads CoCo format (no Basic convert).
Order SX2CCM1, SX2CCM3 or SX2CCM4
HyperCross 3.0 PC reads popular MSDOS 1.1-3.2 formats.
Order SX3PCM1, SX3PCM3 or SX3PCM4
\(\$ 49.95\)
HyperCross XT/3.0 reads 90 different CP/M and PC formats.
Order SX3XTM1, SX3XTM3 or SX3XTM4
\(\$ 89.95\)
HyperCross XT/3.0-Plus. Reads over 220 formats inc CoCo.
Order SX3XTM1 +, SX3XTM3 + or SX3XTM4 +
\(\$ 129.95\)
Specify TRS-80 Model I (needs doubler), III, 4/4P or MAX-80. Dual model versions e.g. Mod \(3 / 4\) on one disk add \(\$ 10\) extra.

\section*{Amazing HYPERZAP 3.2G Disk Magic!}

Do you want to back up your precious copy of Copycat 3, or SU. Do you want to fix or modify a disk-if so then you need HYPERZAP! Getting better and better for 4 years, HYPERZAP is more than just another disk copying program-it is the program for analyzing, copying, repairing, creating floppy disks of all kinds. It works with TRS-80 formats as well as many others such as CP/M, PC, CoCo etc. Designed to handle mixed density sectors on any track in any sequence. Many features for reading, writing, editing track and sector data. Hyperzap is the tool that lets you be in charge. Make your own self booting disks. Take your own CMD file and turn it into a dual booting Mod \(1 / 111 / / \mathrm{V}\) disk. Autopilot mode learns, saves and repeats procedures. Disk comes with fascinating examples. Use Hyperzap as a learning tool, find out how things are done!. HYPERZAP 3.2G-nothing else even comes close!
Order \# HZ32-one version runs on all Model I/III/4/4Ps.
(Order HZ32MX for Max-80)
\(\$ 49.95\)
Terms: We accept MasterCard, Visa, COD(Cash), Checks, POs (from Schools and Major Institutions). Add \(\$ 2\) for shipping, \(\$ 5\) for 2nd day air. If you ask, we will give you \(\$ 2\) credit for orders placed by phone. Please Note: our Technical and Shipping Depts will be closed Oct. 2nd-19th, orders placed during that time will be shipped as soon as possible atter the 19th.

\section*{HYPERSOFT}

PO Box 51155, Raleigh, NC 27609
VISA
Orders only: (919) 847-4779 8am-6pm EST Orders/Tech Support: (919) 846-1637 6pm-11pm EST Programming Computers for 25 Years Since 1962


Dbarcode uses Dbase III Plus to print Code 3 of 9, Code 2 of 5, and UPC version A.
automatic screen blanking or logoff. Magic Menu is \(\$ 99\) for the single-user version, \$199 for the multiuser version (for persons who use DBLDOS, Multilink, and the like), and \(\$ 500\) per file server for the network versions. Contact Deeresoft Inc., P.O. Box 1360, Melbourne, FL 32902, 305 -768-2477.
Circle 569 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Printing Bar Codes}

Dbarcode uses Dbase III Plus to print Code 3 of 9 , Code 2 of 5, and UPC version A. It can print bar codes with descriptions, or multiple columns of bar codes across a page. Dbarcode allows adjustment of bar and space widths, variable bar-code height, and vertical spacing.
You must have an IBM Graphics-compatible or Hew-lett-Packard Laserjet printer to use Dbarcode. The program requires 8 K of memory and retails for \$99. Contact Timekeeping Systems Inc., 12434 Cedar Road, Cleveland, \(\mathrm{OH} 44106,216\)-229. 2575.

Circle 559 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Screen Management}

Hi -Screen XL is a programming tool for developing a user interface. It is compatible with Basic, Pascal, C, Cobol, Fortran, Dbase, assembly language, and other programming languages.

Programmers can use HiScreen XL to create and manage windows, menus, screens, and data entry.
The package includes a screen editor, a toolbox of utilities, and several font screens. A memory-resident module manages screen display, cursor movement, data checking, and menu management. Applications developed with Hi-Screen XL must include this module. Suggested retail price is \(\$ 149\). Contact Softway Inc., 500 Sutter St., Suite 222, San Francisco, CA 94102, 415-397-4666.
Circle 562 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Look Before You Print}

EXP: The Scientific Word Processor lets you see technical symbols and formatting on the screen as it will appear in print. EXP is an assemblylanguage memory-resident program. Its features include a variety of fonts, automatic
positioning of mathematical expressions, keyboard macros, windows, proportional spacing, horizontal and vertical line drawing, a file-import utility, and automatic numbering of equations, exercises, and footnotes.

EXP prints on many 8 -, 9-, and 24 -pin dot-matrix printers. It sells for \(\$ 99.95\). Contact Brooks/Cole Publishing Co., 511 Forest Lodge Road, Pacific Grove, CA 93950, 408 -373-0728.
Circle 570 on Reader Service card.

\section*{If Your Dog Won't, This Will}

Fetch is a hard-disk mem-ory-resident file librarian with pattern-recognition abilities. When you create a file, Fetch prompts you for a 255 character description; this extends the limits of the DOS file name so that you can summarize the file for retrieval.

To search for a file, activate Fetch to check the file-de-

Circle 107 on Reader Service card.
MISOSYS SOFTWARE TO STRETCH YOUR TRS MODEL 4

\section*{PRO-WAM \({ }^{\text {™ }}\) Release 2 Window and Application Manager}

Our applications turn your 128K Model 4 into a sophisticated business or personal machine rivaling the best of them. Because easily installed PRO-WAM comes with many useful and powerful menu-driven time savers and work organizers. PRO-WAM is accessed with a single keystroke; its EXPORT/IMPORT functions allow you to move data across windows between programs.
- Address CARDS, LABELS, and new HEADINGS for display and export
- Improved BRINGUP tickler file; new PRINTING and sorting
- Improved CALENDAR flags BRINGUP items visually on screen
- Ten \(3 \times 5\) CARD files with FORMS and FIELDS using reverse video
- New virtual PHRASE access for export
- New TODO list manager with "who does it" PRO-WAM[M-51-025] . . . . \(\$ 74.95+\$ 5\) S\&H Upgrade your old PRO-NTO/PRO-WAM to release 2; return your master disk with \(\$ 24.95+\$ 5 \mathrm{~S} \& \mathrm{H}\)


MISOSYS has been supplying the TRS-80 community with professional quality software since 1978; that's over eight years of experience captured in a host of other software products ranging from language compilers and assemblers, fine crafted utilities, other applications software, and operating systems. We also publish a magazine, THE MISOSYS QUARTERLY, which is available on a subscription basis. Call or write us for a complete catalog of


\section*{LB -A flexible data manager}

Easily used by anyone for managing their data. It's menu driven for ease of use; absolutely no programming needed. Requires a Model 4 with 128 K or a hard drive. LB86, \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) an MS-DOS version is also available.
- Store up to 65534 records per data base
- Up to 1024 characters per record
- Up to 64 fields per record
- Nine field types for flexibility
- Select and sort on up to 8 fields
- Keep 5 different indexes for data access
- 10 input/update screens per data base
- 10 printout formats per data base
- Extensive on-line help always available

LB [L-50-510].
\(. \$ 74.95+\$ 5 S \& H\)

scription library. On an 8 megahertz (MHz) microcomputer, Fetch takes one minute to search 1,200 library entries. When it finds the correct file, Fetch displays the description, directory, and drive.

Fetch runs on the IBM PC/ XT, AT, 80386, and other MSDOS computers, including the Tandy 1000. It retails for \(\$ 54.95\). Contact Thought Dynamics, 1142 Manhattan Ave., Suite CP-310, Manhat\(\tan\) Beach, CA 90266, 213 -546-2958.
Circle 566 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Copilot Yeager}

Chuck Yeager's Advanced Flight Simulator, designed by the retired general and Ned Lerner, lets you test and fly formation with real and experimental aircraft at Mach speeds. Yeager leads you through three levels of onscreen instruction: basic flying skills, advanced maneuvers, and acrobatic
stunts. With the formationflying feature, you can follow Yeager through obstacle courses and 3-D terrain.

The program features a flight recorder for storing your stunt-flying patterns and a test-pilot option for checking out 14 aircraft, including three experimental planes. An airplane-racing option lets you choose a plane and take it over one of six courses.

Chuck Yeager's Advanced Flight Simulator is available for \$39.95 from Electronic Arts, 1820 Gateway Drive, San Mateo, CA 94404, 415. 571-7171.
Circle 565 on Reader Service card.

\section*{GEM Data Base}

Superbase Personal is a relational data base that works under the GEM operating system. It uses pull-down menus, point-to-click operation windowing. and a system that processes queries across multiple files. You can index
any field up to 999 indexes. and only disk storage limits the record and file capacity.

Superbase can coordinate graphics and visual images with record data to form a picture data base. Another feature lets you automatically create a Superbase file from an existing Dbase file. Superbase also offers three levels of password protection.

With GEM Desktop, Superbase Personal costs \$149.95: it is \(\$ 99.95\) without GEM. Contact Progressive Peripherals \& Software Inc., 464 Ka lamath St. Denver, CO 80204, 303-825-4144.
Circle 568 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Subroutines for Quick Basic}

Finally! Xgraf is an extended graphics kernel for compiled Basic designed for Microsoft's Quick Basic. You call Xgraf's library of assem-bly-language routines from within Basic programs. Basiclike calls replace and extend


Xgraf allows importing screens from other packages.

Basic's graphics functions. Xgraf's virtual screen allows quick manipulation of graphics, screen packing, zooming, file saving/loading, and importing screens from other packages.

Other features include bitmapped and vector-character routines, scaling, multidirectional printing, windowing, and \(8087 / 80287\) support. Xgraf retails for \$99. For more information, contact

We Sell For Less CALL FOR CURRENT DISCOUNTS

Tandy 1000 SX

- CALL FOR FREE QUOTATIONS.
- FREE CATALOG WITH ORDER.


Freight Included on orders over \(\$ 100\)

\footnotetext{
VISA AMIFRTON Discover
In Texas 409-598-3883 or 409-598-7432
20\% OFF Radio Shack Catalog Software \& Telephones Cashiers Check or Money Order. Prices subject to change without notice.
Freight Included on orders over \(\$ 100\)
}


Computers
209 Hurst Street Center, Texas 75935

Circle 358 on Reader Service card.

\section*{PC - SPRINT 1000}

\section*{SPEED FOR THE 1000/1000A!!}

PC-Sprint makes your Tandy 1000 or 1000A faster than an SX. Your computer is NOT obsolete! Uses NO expansion slot.
- Run your 1000 at 7.38 mhz .
- Run your 1000A at 9.54 mhz !
- 280\% speedup (Norton SI rating)
- Speeds up all software-you can see the difference
- "Slotless" plug-in installation
- External speed switch
- Change speed "on the fly" while software is running
- 1000A also includes software speed switching
\[
7.38 \mathrm{mhz}
\]

Includes: PC-Sprint circuit card, NEC V2O and/or
 8088-2 microprocessor, cables, instructions, warranty, tool, remote mount \(\underset{\substack{\text { certification } \\ \text { seal }}}{\text { switch, free BBS subscription. }}\)
Prices and specifications subject to change without notice.


\section*{LOWEST PRICES EVER!}

TIRS/IDOS (MIのdels \(\left.\left.1,3,4,4 p_{9} 4 d\right]\right):\)
Electric Webster Speller 55\% off \$ 39.99 w/Correcting Feature
"The Cadillac" of Spelling Checkers - 80 Micro, 3/82 El. Web. Hyphenation \(35 \%\) off \(\$ 32.49\) E.W. Grammar \& Style 35\% off \$ 32.49
"A fantastic ... Grammar Checker" - 80 Micro, 4/85 The Works! (All E.W. features) \$149.99
LeScript \(1.7 \quad\) 50\% off (reg 119.99) \$ 64.99
WHOLE WORKS!(EW w/Lescript) \$199.99
MS/DOS:
The Works! (All E.W. features)
Whoops Instant Speller/Thesaurus

LeScript \(1.7 \quad 50 \%\) off (reg. 199.99) \$ 99.99

\section*{Order Now, Toll-Free: 1-800-343-2432 in Calif. 415-528-7000}

Circle 84 on Reader Service card.
Visa, MasterCard, checks O.K. Add \$3 for C.O.D. Add \$5 for shipping \& handling. Add sales tax in Calif. Prices good until \(12 / 10 / 87\) while supplies last!

Cornucopia Software, Inc.
1625 Beverly Place, Berkeley, CA 94707


The HT Short provides Her-cules-compatible graphics.

Komputerwerk Inc., 851 Parkview Blvd., Pittsburgh, PA 15215, 412-782-0384.
Circle 556 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Monochrome \\ Graphics}

The HT Short, a high-resolution monochrome graphics adapter, provides Herculescompatible monochrome graphics, 1,056 by 352 bitmapped resolution, and 132 column spreadsheet display. It has no input/output (I/O) features.
The HT Short runs CGA software on monochrome monitors by converting colors to 16 shades of gray. You do not need preboot software or special drivers. The board includes driver support for applications such as Microsoft Windows, Lotus's 1-23. Symphony, Framework, and AutoCAD. It sells for \$224. Contact STB Systems Inc., 1651 N . Glenville, Suite 210, Richardson, TX 75081, 214-234-8750.
Circle 550 on Reader Service card.

\section*{TRSDOS}

\section*{Vision Enhancement}

The LVE (Low Vision Editor) package displays text, prompts, and input in a large graphics font. LVE supplies several sizes of print to compensate for varying degrees of vision impairment. The program features many display formats for reading text such as vertical paging, line rolling, horizontal or spiral scrolling, and word stepping. You can use manual stepping or adjustable-speed automation for all of these. You can store files up to 18 K . Documentation, instructions, and help files are on disk for display by LVE. The product includes a printed cue card and
learning exercises.
The LVE23 package uses an enlarged, double-width font: 32 characters per line and 16 lines per screen. Its memory-resident Window module works with most other programs to magnify any screen that you select. LVE and LVE23 cost \(\$ 20\) each; you can buy them as a combined package for \(\$ 25\). Contact Donald W. Ady, 56 Oak Ridge Ave., Summit, NJ 07901, 201-277-3365.
Circle 572 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Etc.}


Lumitech ES-140T can erase chips in 10 minutes.

\section*{EPROM Eraser}

The Lumitech ES-140T EPROM eraser uses customdesigned electronics, a highintensity UV-C tube, and specular reflectors to assure maximum ultraviolet output. It achieves a typical peak UV intensity of 10,000 microwatts per square centimeter, thus erasing chips in as few as 10 minutes. The ES-140T has a capacity of up to nine chips.

You can preset a programmable timer from 10 to 35 minutes in 5 -minute intervals. An alarm sounds at the end of the erasing cycle; the timer resets itself for the next cycle. It also features automatic shutoff. The ES-140T is available for \(\$ 99\) from Lumitech, Division of TXI Corp., 23312 Madero Road, Suite F, Mission Viejo, CA 92691, 714-951-1600.
Circle 573 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Software Newsletter}

Software Technology Report, a quarterly newsletter, features information about current software design, implementation, testing topics, and product reviews. It ad-
dresses designing and implementing machine-independent software modules and selecting programming languages. The newsletter also features product reviews, topics on testing, and software design information.
Subscription rates are \(\$ 29\) per year and \(\$ 44\) for foreign subscriptions. For a free sample issue, send a self-addressed, stamped envelope to Software Technology Report, Microcomputer Applications, P.O. Box E, Suisun City. CA 94585, 707-422-1465.
Circle 577 on Reader Service card.

\section*{Rating Educational Software}

The editors of Only the Best: The Discriminating Software

Guide for Preschool-Grade 12 used the conclusions of 30 evaluation services to determine which programs would earn mention in the guide. For each of the 146 highest rated programs. Only the Best lists appropriate grade levels, application tips, hardware requirements, conclusions of the evaluation services, information about the producers, magazine review citations, and availability of lab packs, network use, and site licenses.

Copies of Only the Best are \(\$ 21.95\) prepaid and \(\$ 23.95\) for billed orders. For more information, contact Education News Service, P.O. Box 1789 , Carmichael, CA 95609, 916 -483-6159.
Circle 575 on Reader Service card.

\section*{DIFFERENT TRACK}


Key Autoservice helps estimate auto repair jobs.

\section*{Automotive Management}

Key Autoservice is a control and accounting package for the auto-service and bodyshop industry. Its core is an estimate/work-order/invoice module that has a fill-in-theblanks format for data entry, automatic parts pricing and markup, direct recording of parts, and a line-insertion feature for extra component parts. Estimates, work orders, and invoices are printed on the same form.

The package also has gen-eral-ledger, accounts-receivable, accounts-payable, invent-ory-control. purchase-order, and system-reports modules. Key Autoservice's single-user version sells for \(\$ 1.995\); the multiuser version is \(\$ 2.695\).

For more information, contact Softkey Software Products Inc., 630 Mello Lane, Santa Cruz. CA 95062, 408 -462-5370.
Circle 578 on Reader Service card.

New Products listings are based on information supplied in manufacturers' press releases. 80 Micro has not tested or reviewed these products and cannot guarantee any claims.

CDA

\section*{TANDY 1000 Sx HARD DRIVE SYSTEM}

System includes:
- Tandy 1000 SX with 640 K \& 1360 Drive
- 20 Megabyte Hard Card
- VM-4 Monochrome Monitor
- Deskmate II Software
- Epson LX-800 180CPS Printer

Suggested List \$2049
- Printer Cable

Now Only \$1549
- Package of Computer Paper
- Box of 10 Maxell Diskettes

Save \$500

\section*{TANDY 1000 TX 20 MEG SYSTEM}

System includes:
- Tandy 1000TX with 640K of RAM \& 3.5 Drive and 5.25 Drive
- Hard Card 20 Megabyte
- CM-11 RGB Color Monitor
- Personal Deskmate 11

Suggested List \$2574
- Epson LX-800 180 CPS Printer
- Printer Cable

Now Only \$1995
- Package of Paper
- Extra Printer Ribbon
- Anti-static Dust Cover for Printer and Computer

\section*{Zuckerboards} by Zucker

Memory Expansion Board - 512 K of memory with DMA, an optional clock/calendar can be added ( 1000 )
Clock/Calendar Option - for either memory expansion board or serial hoard
\begin{tabular}{c} 
mory \\
\(\$ 45\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
No Slot Clock by SMT - Installs rasily onto the motherboard, does not use an expansion slot! (1000/1000)EX/1000)SX) \$49 MFG-1000 by PBJ 512 K with DMA, clock calendar, hattery backup, serial RS 232 port and RAM disk software ( \(10 \%\) )

\section*{UPGRADES}

\section*{by MicroMainFrame}

Micromainframe EX-RAM 384 - Complete with 2 Memory Plus Style expansion slots for adding Tandy Cards, upgrades your EX to \(640 \mathrm{~K}(1000 \mathrm{EX}) \quad\) ards, upgrades your
M.M. Expansion Boards ( \(1000 / 1000 \mathrm{sX}\) ) Serial Roard

559
Dual Serial Board
Serial Card w/Clock
Dual Serial w/Clock
EMS 2 Megabyte EMS EMS Megabyte EMS . includes EMS software, RAM disk, print spooler and features a
memory plus connector for adding memory memory plus connector for adding memory plus style upgrades ( 1000 1000SX) \(\$ 249\)

\section*{Memory Plus Style Expansion Options Memory Plus card. Serial Option Dual Serial Option Serial w/Clock Dual Serial w/Clock 855
85 \\ UPGRADES by Megabyte}

SX Chip Set - Upgrade your 1000sX from 384 K to 640 K , easy to install complete with instructions \(\quad \$ 39\)
Mega Hard Card 20 - Hard Card 20 with 65 ms access time - I year warranty preformatted!
\(\$ 449\)
Mega Hard Card 30 - Hard Card 30 with 65 ms access time 1 year warranty preformatted! (1000/100sX) \(\$ 599\)
Seagate 20 Megabyte Kit - Requires removal of drive B - with Modified Western instructions. (1000 noosX) \(\$ 399\)
Everex Modems - Internal Modems by Everex complete with I year warranty and communication software (1000/1000SX/3000) 1200 Baud Evercom II
2400 Baud Evercom II
We stock the entire line of Product please call for pricing!!!

\section*{ORDER TOLL FREE 800-526-5313}

NO-RISK 30 -DAY SATISFACTION GUARANTEE If you're not \(100 \%\) satisfied with any Hardware or Ac-cessories purchased from CDA Computer Sales, we will refund your purchase price \(100 \%\) no questions asked!
FREE TECHNICAL SUPPORT We support our customers with knowledgable technicians on all products we sell.
ORDER VIA TELEPHONE - Toll-Free 800-526-5313, in N.J. 201-728-8080
ORDER VIA MAIL. Write: CDA Computer Sales P.O. Box 648, West Milford, NJ 07480. Please include full name, address, phone number.

ORDER VIA COMPUSERVE'S ELECTRONIC MALL - 24 hours a day! GO CDA
FREIGHT - UPS ground shipping - add \(2 \%\) of total order ( \(\$ 3.50\) minimum): APO/FPO - add \(4 \%\) ( \(\$ 4.50\) minimum), Alaska, Hawaii. PR add \(6 \%\) ( \(\$ 6.50 \mathrm{~min}\).). Two-Day Delivery, Overnight Delivery and Foreign Orders -Please Call.
CUSTOMER SERVICE - 201-728-8082 9am-5pm EST.
EXPANDED HOLIDAY HOURS - Nov. \& Dec. - Mon.-Fri. 9am-12pm/ Sat. 10am-
\(6 \mathrm{pm} /\) Sun. 12pm-6pm.
Circle 133 on Reader Service card.

\title{
TANDY \& TRS-80 \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) SOFTWARE
}

\section*{SMALL BUSINESS ACCOUNTING with PAYROLL \\ \(\$ 99.95\)}

Based on the Dome Bookkeeping Record \#612, this program handles bookkeeping and payroll for a small business. Bookkeeper provides single entry ledgers with categories for income and expenses, computes monthly and yearly summaries. Fiscal year can start with any month. Payroll handles up to 99 employees with automatic computation of FIIC.A. and federal income tax. State tax and three optional deductions also included. Prints payroll and expense checks. Computes monthly, quarterly, and yearly summaries as well as Form 941 reports and W-2 forms. Simple and easy to learn ideal for first-time computer users.

\section*{MAILING LIST \$99.95}

Build and maintain mailing lists of up to 32,767 names. Up to five-line labels including title, first and last names, optional second line, address, city, state, zip code, optional fifth line, and telephone number. Sort or search for names by any field. Print labels in 1,2,3, or 4 adjustable columns or on envelopes. Print form letters with any substitutions. Includes 14 userdefined key groups for combining different lists into one file.

\section*{HOME BUDGET and CHECKBOOK ANALYST}
\$59.95
A complete checkbook program together with budgeting. income and expense analysis, comparisons, and projections. Computes current checking balance. Also handles non-check expenses, bank debits, and income. Monthly and year-to-date summaries, yearly projections based on data through a known month. Monthly expenses compared to pre-established budget.

\section*{TRS-80 \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) SOFTWARE}

TYPITALL Word Processor \(\$ 69.95\) TYPITALL with Spelling Checker \(\$ 99.95\)
Word Processor upwardly compatible with SCRIPSIT - it reads your old SCRIPSIT files and uses the same formatting and cursor movement commands - but it is a completely different word processor with many advanced features.

\section*{SYSTEM DIAGNOSTIC \$69.95}

Complete tests for every component of your TRS-80 Model 1.3. or 4 (separate versions necessary for each model).

SMART TERMINAL \$39.95
The intelligent communications program for TRS-80 1, 3, or 4.

\section*{HOWE SOFTWARE}

64 Windmill Road Armonk, New York 10504
(914) 273-3998

24-Hour TOLL-FREE Order Number: Outside California call: (800) 428-7825, ext. 169 Inside Calitornia call: (800) 428-7824, ext. 169

Terms: checks, Visa, Master Card, or C.O.D.
Shipping and handling: \(\$ 3.00\). Canada, Mexico, Hawaii: \(\$ 6.00\) Air mail overseas: \(\$ 17.00\). New York residents add sales tax. 30-day Money Back Guarantee!
-TRS-80 is a trademark of Tandy Corp.
(For Filing by April 15th, 1988)
TRS-80 Models I, II, III, 4/4P, 12 and 16

\section*{FEATURES:-}
1. Our 9th year in TAX
6. BASIC, Unprotected
Programming
2. Menu Driven Programs
7. Don't change paper ALL SEASON
3. "SAVE" on Disk
4. View on Screen before Printing
8. We Stand Behind
5. Correctable
our Programs!
9. Write for Details.

For the Tax Preparer, C.P.A., Lawyer and Individual. Hundreds of longtime Users. You buy ONLY the disks you need.
Programmed for easy use. Programs follow the Forms closely. Checkpoints along the way. Results on screen before printing; can be corrected. 70 TAX PROGRAMS include: Forms 1040, 1040A, 1120, 1120A, 1120S, 1065 AND 1041. Also ALL Schedules, and Forms 1116, 2555, 2106, 2119, \(2210,2441,3468,38003903,4136,4137,4255,4562,4684,4972,4797\), \(5695,5884,6251,6252,6765,8027,8283,8332\) and 8379. Also Tax Preparer HELPER disks.
There are 14 disks (@ \$24.75) for the Model I; 7 disks (@ \$49.50) for the Models III, 4/4P, and 3 disks (@ \$125) for the Models II, 12 and 16. Buy only the disks you'll need. MO buyers, add Sales Tax, please. Write for details.

\section*{Write:- \\ GOOTH TAX PROGRAMS}

931 S. Bemiston • St. Louis, MO 63105

now cost only 50 c per word!

See the coupon on page 110.

\section*{ORDER YOUR AD TODAY!}

\section*{Adventures in the House of DOS by Harry Bee}

An Introduction to MS/DOS, Talk-ToMe Tutorial runs on an audio cassette player. Talking Computers Inc., 6931 North 27th Road, Arlington, VA 22213, 703-241-8224. \$69.

It's possible for some innocent, knowing no better, to reformat a hard disk full of data before the end of side one of this three-cassette tutorial. The instruction begins that carelessly. And since this introductory tour of MS-DOS targets novice users, such a disaster may even be likely.
Maybe I'm slow, but I have trouble following the logic of moving from turning the computer on, answering the date and time prompts, and clearing the screen, through a painstaking inspection of every last key on the keyboard, to a hurried hard-disk partitioning and a formatting, all in the first 23 minutes. No matter. None of this is serious. DOS is an adventure!
Tour guide Doug Wakefield plays his part in the adventure perfectly. He's as charming and disarming as Mr. Rogers. But he could have used a better scriptor any script at all-and some rehearsal. The third time he said, "Well, uh, now it's time to really do something," his golly-whiz delivery was wearing thin. The fourth time he said "asterick" I was beside myself.
The character who held my interest was Wakefield's assistant and foil, a speech synthesizer called Mechanical Max. Max's job is to read all the DOS prompts, messages, keyboard input, and program output that appear on the screen-which gives him all the best lines. Max is a rock. Despite being told to hush every few minutes, being echoed repeatedly, and referred to in the third person as the one with the speech impediment, Max remains steadfast, loyal. and professional to the end.
Together Doug and Max lead you on a romp through the house that MS-DOS built. If their direction is haphazard and the pace uneven, it only adds to the homey image of two bumpkins lost in a huge mansion, not knowing where to look first.
Side two finishes the formatting begun on side one, and then Doug and Max try changing drives, copying and comparing files, and looking at directories. Near the end of it. Doug remembers to warn that such things as Format and Diskcopy can be hazardous to the data on your hard disk.

Advanced file handling begins on side
three with another format operation. Then it's off to make and change directories, and copy more files. The Prompt command makes a cameo appearance before you learn to Erase, Rename, and Type files.
When Doug and Max introduce Edlin on side four, you discover that the " I " command, for insert, is a "pneumonic," or maybe a "new monic." They show you how to write an Autoexec file using Prompt and two programs you probably don't have. I didn't. Doug talks about the Path command, but slyly avoids using it. Instead he writes another batch file that takes you, him, and Max into Wordperfect to see how the cursor moves up and down as well as right and left. I didn't have Wordperfect and couldn't join in.

> The tour guide . . plays his part perfectly. He's as charming and disarming as Mr. Rogers.

On side five, you type files a page at a time with More. You learn about shareware, print screens, and look at directories with Tree. Then it's off to "advanced" Basic to write a four-line gem. for the feel of it, and run a couple of programs that Doug apparently found bundled with his copy of DOS. They weren't included with mine, so I was again left out.

The final installment, side six, is a sprint through some 30 DOS commands. Since half of them were at least mentioned previously, it's part reprise, part peeking into dimly lit rooms. In the movie version, I picture Doug and Max. skittering down a corridor growing dark as night falls, throwing doors open in a frantic effort to find any escape from the House of DOS.

The information in An Introduction to MS/DOS is accurate, as far as it goes. Instruction on audio cassette is legitimate, as applications from Berlitz language courses to Joe Gerard's sales seminars prove, and the idea of an MS-DOS talkthrough seems to me especially appropriate. Even the casting of Mechanical Max as the computer might have been a stroke of genius in another setting. But the lack of a well-thought-out lesson plan, the off-the-cuff, unscripted and unrehearsed presentation, make this effort. however sincere, too easy to laugh at.

NEW from MICROLITE CORPORATION SWAP-6000 Memory Expansion

\author{
Your users deserve Superior Performance!
}

\author{
Many items to increase productivity with your TANDY 6000 and other UNIXXXENIX Computers, including:
}

\author{
- PBG 200/300 Graphics by Pacific Basin Graphics \\ - XROFF Desktop Publishing by Image Network \\ - TERM Communications by Century Software \\ - Laser Printers. . . Plotters Hard Disk Upgrades. . High Speed Modems. . . Graphics Terminals . . . and more! Write or call Today. for our full line brochure and more details on the new Swap-6000.
}


\section*{Department M}

1021 Sutherland Street
Pittsburgh, PA 15204
(412) 771-4901
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & lame \\
\hline & company \\
\hline & ddress \\
\hline & bity \\
\hline & trate \(\quad\) zp \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Telephone}



\section*{The Golden Retriever}

\author{
by G. Bruce Libengood
}

Zyindex runs on the Tandy 1000/1200/ \(3000(256 \mathrm{~K})\) and requires DOS 2.x and two floppy-disk drives, or one floppy drive with a hard disk or RAM disk. Zylab Corp., 233 E. Erie St., Chicago, IL 60611, 312-642-2201. \$145.

If you store numerous word-processing or data-base files on disk, you know it is easy to forget where you stored a particular chunk of information. and hard to find that information once you've lost track of it. Hence the need for a program like Zyindex, which maintains an index of disk files, searches the index for specified text, and retrieves the text for display or printout.

Zyindex is ideal for hard-disk users who handle large numbers of text documents and need a way to summon specific information quickly. Its search criteria are unusually versatile, allowing development of complex, custom search requests. Zyindex is less than ideal on floppy-disk-based systems, however, owing to trouble in handling large files.

Zylab has three versions of Zyindex: Standard. Professional, and Plus. This review covers only the Standard package.

\section*{In the Beginning. . .}

Zyindex's major program functions are divided into three modules: indexing. searching, and a general utility for listing and removing indexed file names. Each module is accessed through ready-to-run batch files. Program operations consist of installing index lists (which are automatically customized to handle files from one of more than 15 popular word processors), indexing selected text files, searching for text, displaying retrieved files, and the optional printing of entire or portions of retrieved text.

The installation procedure is required for each index list you create; you're limited to one index list per disk. The standard version permits only one resident hard-disk index, but you can create an unlimited number of floppy index-list disks if you have a dual-floppy system.

Zyindex cannot search text files unless you've indexed them. Text files to be indexed can't exceed 64,000 content words (about 200 typewritten pages).

You can choose menu or direct indexing methods. Menu indexing steps you through the procedure with screen menus: you select files to index from a screen at a time. With direct indexing you can specify the files you wish to index by wild card directly from the DOS prompt.
Zyindex's hard-disk operations are fluid and impressive. With menu index-
ing, you specify a subdirectory; then the program displays screens of unsorted file names to be indexed. Each screen displays a maximum of 64 file names for optional marking. A one-stroke, mark/ unmark feature for all the displayed file names is optional.
The time required to index each screen varies depending on your computer and the number and size of the files selected. The impatient will fault Zyindex here: At 8 megahertz (MHz), my machine took 42 minutes to index 93 word-processing files, and that was at hard-disk speed. That's just over two minutes per file. On the other hand, adding a group of brief outlines, messages, or personal letters to the index list can take little time-fewer than 20 seconds in some cases for the entire assignment.
But Zyindex's slow file indexing makes its outstanding search attributes possible. Indexing is normally a one-session process required for original (and completed) text files; however, if you update a file after indexing. you must reindex it.

\section*{Weaknesses with Floppies}

A dual-floppy-drive setup processed indexes for multiple small files at an acceptable pace. But on individual files approaching 35,000 words. Zyindex performed sluggishly. It spent 13 min utes processing a 42,000 -word catalog file and then choked, rendering my index list partially useless for searches.
It also balked at recognizing a freshly installed index list on a high-density ( 1.2 megabyte) floppy disk. Apparently, designers of Zyindex's standard version forgot about or intentionally restricted use of high-density disks. Fortunately, the standard version does permit searches with an unlimited number of 360 K index-list disks.
The user's guide reports that "you may index approximately 400 files, averaging 700 words in length, on one Index List Diskette." This could be deceiving to the unwary. What should count is the program's ability to store total indexes from accumulated text, rather than any particular number of files. With floppies, Zyindex falls short here, as my tests indicated. So thumbs down for Zyindex on floppydisk systems, unless you handle small text files only.
After files are indexed, Zyindex can go to work searching for and retrieving specific text strings. Zyindex's searches are impressively swift and remarkably effective. The program allows great flexibility in specifying search strings-it permits wild-card entries and the special connectors Or, And, Not, and Within/n (W/n).
The connectors let you design search inquiries to broaden or narrow search re-
quirements. A search request can contain up to 144 characters-a generous allowance.
Particularly useful is the W/n feature, which finds occurrences of two or more words or phrases in a text within a specified word range ( 1 to 30,000 ) of each other. Use of parentheses simultaneously with the special connectors, much as algebraic terms work, allows development of complex, extended search criteria. The user's guide clearly explains these powerful search enhancements.

\section*{Display and Print Text}

Once a search is complete, the screen shows the number of retrieved files containing the specified text. Press one key, and a list of those files appears; from this you can mark the name of a file you want to display. If the chosen file is resident on disk, its text is immediately displayed in the center of the screen. (Floppy-disk users are prompted with the name of the disk containing the specified file.)

On command, the program rapidly finds and displays subsequent highlighted occurrences of the searched-for string. There is even a single-keystroke exit command that brings up the starting text of the next retrieved file. Marking blocks of retrieved text is also possible at this point; these tagged portions can be saved in files or sent to the printer for later perusal.

These excellent features, unfortunately, are marred by poor screen design. The display appears cluttered with trivia, reducing the viewing area and hampering readability.

\section*{Summary}

Zyindex is a superior information retriever for the serious specialist who creates and handles numerous documents, transcripts, or data bases on hard disk. Moreover, the program could be a very effective research tool, depending on the type of documents indexed. For example, I was surprised that the advertising hype didn't mention that programmers could index their ASM files to find those old forgotten subroutines buried in their source-code files. Zyindex worked admirably at this chore as well as with brief excursions through data-base files.

Zyindex is competent at indexing small text files on floppy disks, but I don't recommend it for moderate- to large-scale text files on floppies.

Zyindex's hard-disk power rests with its search-connecting features, which are impressively fast and versatile. In fact, with enough ingenuity in specifying search criteria, you should be able to retrieve virtually any section of text, no matter how dimly you remember its original form.

\section*{Hicard}

Hicard fits the Tandy 1000/ \(1200 / 3000\) and requires MS-DOS 2.x. RYBS Electronics Inc., 5721 Arapahoe Ave., Suite A, Boulder, CO 80803, 303-444-6073. \$179 with no memory; \(\$ 249\) with 256K.

Until now, if you wanted to expand your computer's memory, you had three options: a multifunction board, an LIM EMS (Lotus/ Intel/Microsoft Expanded Memory Specification) board, or an EEMS (Enhanced Expanded Memory Specification) board. Hicard is a memory-expansion product that does its job a little differently from the others. While you can use it to expand your memory to 640 K . Hicard can also make use of address space above 640K. Depending on your system's configuration, you can have up to 704 K for application programs and up to another 192 K for RAM disks, spoolers, or memory-resident utilities. The older 1000s will need a DMA chip.
Hicard fits in a short slot; you can fill it with one or two rows of 256 K memory chips (for 256 K or 512 K of total memory). It comes with a disk of software, including a collection of public-domain utilities for dealing with terminate-and-stay-resident (TSR) utilities.
The manual that came with the version I tested consisted of a few pages of


Hicard fits in a short slot and can give you up to 704 K .
line to your Autoexec.BAT file. This program, which runs every time you boot up, spends an annoying 25 seconds testing and initializing memory.
You can substitute other device drivers for the one supplied, and it is possible to use the high memory for both a driver and TSR programs. The manual doesn't include instructions for this setup, but the developer will supply them on request.

What if you want a 256 K RAM disk and you have only 128 K of high memory? No problem. Hicard will combine the high memory with another 128 K from system memory. You can also install TSRs both in high memory and in the usual spot in system memory.

Hicard did everything it
text stapled together and was not a model of clarity. I was told that a new manual was "ready to go to the printer," but I did not receive a promised draft in time for this review.
A menu-driven installation program makes it easy to install the necessary software. It selects one of two programs depending on whether you intend to use the memory above 704 K for device drivers or TSR utilities. The package comes with two drivers: one for a RAM disk and one for a spooler.
If you plan to use the high memory for TSR programs, the installation program copies a different program and adds a
was supposed to do, except for one minor problem. When I set it up in the device-driver mode, it refused to extend my system memory to the 704 K level. This may be due to a quirk in MS-DOS 2.11. In any event, I solved the problem by running the program designed for TSRs.

The growing popularity of disk caches and RAM disks makes Hicard a worthwhile investment for Tandy owners.

The package puts usually unattainable memory space at your service, and does so at a price that gives you the pleasure of getting a bargain.
-David A. Williams

\section*{The Slippery Resource}

Pascal Wizard by Richard S. Wiener. John Wiley \& Sons, 605 Third Ave., New York, NY 10158-0012. \$19.95.
Pascal Wizard honestly bills itself as a "reference guide . . . for experienced programmers" and that's where its strengths lie. It's not a book for novices. In fact, it could cause more problems than it solves for readers who are just getting started with Pascal.
The book's first section presents an overview of the Pascal language. However, its illustrations and advice are, in some cases, misleading and, in others, downright erroneous. It wouldn't do, for instance, to follow the instructions and type three apostrophes ( \({ }^{\prime \prime \prime}\) ) to have one displayed in a string. It only takes two apostrophes to do that. The book also il-
lustrates defining a constant in terms of another constant, which might be legal in some Pascal dialects, but it's the exception rather than the rule.
Author Richard Wiener obviously is familiar with many forms of Pascal, and I imagine that some of his slips are due to his not taking sufficient care to distinguish between standard and extended features of the language. This sometimes leads the book to disagree with itself. For example, the overview on lexical structure says that an identifier can include the underscore character (a common, but by no means universal, extension), while later text and a syntax diagram in an appendix clearly state that only letters and digits are allowed under the standard definition.

In discussing Boolean literals, the book warns against trying to print out the current value of a Boolean variable. However, standard Pascal permits this; it's a handy debugging tool.

Readers already comfortable with the language should be able to sort things out, but these errors and inconsistencies make Pascal Wizard a slippery resource for the beginner.
There aren't many readable references that go beyond the basics of Pascal, so Pascal Wizard offers some good hints for handling pointer variables, con-formant-array parameters, and procedural parameters that are worth having. It also provides helpful comparisons of three major Pascal implementations for micros: Turbo Pascal, UCSD Pascal, and Microsoft Pascal. There's an interesting outline of the differences between Pascal and Modula-2; the book also provides the full source code for a couple of casestudy solutions.

If you know enough about Pascal to separate the wheat from the chaff, Pascal Wizard can be a handy reference.
-Thomas Krehbiel

\section*{More on Calendars}

If you choose option 3 in Calmaker (see "Calendars to Go," September 1987, p. 73) and then attempt to make another calendar before you finish the first, the program bombs. Because the variable \(P\) is used in the Fill portion of the program, it loses the pitch value. To retain the pitch value for a second run, change lines 180 and 1250 as follows:
180 P\$ + STR \(\$(\mathrm{P}): \mathrm{U} \$=\mathrm{CHR} \$(124)\)
1250 CLOSE:PRINT:P = VAL(P\$) :GOTO 250
I originally wrote Calmaker for use with Scripsit. The program includes the option of printing an activity calendar in 15 characters per inch, which requires the word processor to format and print 164 characters wide.
However, Scripsit limits screen printer width to 132 characters, so you need to extend these limits. When the printer buffer is extended, it runs into the text buffer, so you must move the text buffer up higher in memory. You must also move the storage location just before the text buffer.
The patches for Model III Scripsit 3.2 (see Figures 1-4) accomplish this. Apply it only to a copy of Scripsit 3.2.

\author{
Howard W. Mueller \\ Pocahontas, MO
}

PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD ( \(\mathrm{ADD}=6611\), FIND \(=85, \mathrm{CHG}=\mathrm{B5}\) ) PATCH SCR1PSIT/CMD ( \(\mathrm{ADD}=6740, \mathrm{~F} 1 \mathrm{ND}=85, \mathrm{CHG}=\mathrm{B5}\) ) PATCH SCR1PSIT \(/ \mathrm{C} M \mathrm{D}(\mathrm{ADD}=6942, \mathrm{FIND}=85, \mathrm{CHG}=\mathrm{B5})\)

Figure 1. Patch to change screenwidth limit from 132 to 180 .

PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD (ADD \(=769 \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{FIND}=84, \mathrm{CHG}=\mathrm{B} 4\) ) PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD (ADD=779D,FAND \(=84, \mathrm{CHG}=\mathrm{B4}\) )
Figure 2. Patch to change print buffer width limit from 132 to 180 .

PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD (ADD=5338,F1ND=B8,CHG=E8) PATCH SCRIPSIT \(/\) CMD ( \(A D D=54 D B, F 1 N D=B 8, C H=E 8\) )
PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD (ADD \(=55 F 7, F 1 N D=B 8, C H G=E 8\) ) PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD ( \(A D D=55 F 7, F 1 N D=B 8, C H G=E 8)\)
PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD (ADD \(=5 A 54, F 1 N D=B 8, C H G=E 8)\) PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD (ADD=5A54,F1ND=B8,CHGEE8)
PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD (ADD \(=5 A B C, F 1 N D=B 8, C H G=E 8\) )
 PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD (ADD \(=6417, \mathrm{FIND}=\mathrm{B8}, \mathrm{CHG}=\mathrm{EB}\) )
 PATCH SCRIPSIT \(/ C M D\) (ADD \(=671 \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{~F} 1 \mathrm{ND}=\mathrm{B8}, \mathrm{CHG}=\mathrm{E} 8\) ) PATCH SCKIPSIT (CMD (ADD \(=69 \mathrm{~F} 4, \mathrm{FIND=B8,CHG=E8)}\)
PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD (ADD \(=6 \mathrm{E} 65, \mathrm{FIND}=B 8, C H G=E 8\) )
 PATCH SCR1PSIT/CMD (ADD \(=746 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{F} 1 \mathrm{ND}=\mathrm{B8}, \mathrm{CBG}=E 8\) )

Figure 3. Patch to move text buffer up in memory from 7DB8 to 7DE8 hex.

PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD (ADD=5361,F1ND=57,CHG=E7) PATCH SCRIPSIT/CMD ( \(\mathrm{ADD}=5 \mathrm{C} 9 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{F} 1 \mathrm{ND}=\mathrm{B} 7, \mathrm{CHG}=\mathrm{E} 7\) )

Figure 4. Patch to move 1-byte storage up in memory from 7DB7 to 7DE7 hex.

\section*{Even Easier Input}

I amended two small problems with Roger A. Smith Jr.'s Formatter program in "Easy Input" (November 1984, p. 109), an excellent machine-language version of the familiar Basic routines. First, a test for the break key is missing. Second, the handling of the caps lock needs adjustment.
I added four lines to the program, modified two others to fix these problems, and tested them with TRSDOS 1.3.
Lines 2123, 2126, 3473, and 3476 in Figure 5 restore processing of the break key. It works with the Propack program I needed it for as well as in Basic the way you would expect. You get the usual "Break in. . ." message, and the pointers are set so you can execute a CONT if you want to continue. The CMD"B","ON" and CMD "B", "OFF" commands in TRSDOS 1.3 also turn the break key on and off.

Line 3470 calls the ROM keyboard scan routine, which tests for special keys. Pressing the break key loads the Accumulator with a 1. Line 3473 tests for this 1. A series of returns gives control back to the main lines after the Call in line 2120 that started the scan. Line

\title{
FILE TRANSFERS -YOUR WAY! \\ Move Your MOD I/3/4 files to \(51 / 4\) or \(31 / 2\) PC Diskettes with EMSI's SOFTWARE or SERVICE. Our SERVICE includes transfer to new Tandy 31/2 formats!
}

FILE TRANFERS: Want to use your TRS-80 FILES on a PC? EMSI gives you a Choice:
- You can use our SOFTWARE (Hypercross or PCXZap) and do it yourself, or
- You can use our SERVICE and we'll do it for you! For example, we'll transfer your Profile \(3 / 4\) files and reformat them for use with any PC data base.

BASIC CONVERSIONS: Want to run your Mod I / \(3 / 4\) BASIC programs on a PC? Your choice:
- You can use our SOFTWARE (Cnv3toPC.BAS or Cnv4toPC.BAS) and do it yourself, or
- You can use our SERVICE and we'll do all or part of it for you!

\section*{SOFTWARE DESCRIPTIONS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Hypercross & \begin{tabular}{l}
- Read/Write/Format 51/4 PC diskettes in your TRS-80. Mod I's need disk doubler. \\
Specify Mod TRS-80, type \& number of drives. \(\qquad\) \(\$ 49.95\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline PCXZap & Read/Write/Format TRS-80 diskettes in your PC. All DD TRS-80 formats. ............................... \(\$ 79.95\) \\
\hline Cnv3toPC.BAS & - \(41 / 2\) Stars, 80 MICRO. Automatically perform \(95 \%\) or more of the required syntax changes*, \\
\hline Cnv4toPC.BAS & \begin{tabular}{l}
flag conditions that need manual attention and explain what needs to be done. \\
They run on a PC and translate ASCII versions of BASIC programs transferred to the PC via \\
HYPERCROSS, PCXZap or our transfer service. Specify \(51 / 4\) or \(31 / 2\) PC disk format. \(\qquad\) \(\$ 99.95\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline PC BASIC RTN's & \begin{tabular}{l}
- Add clear to end line/screen, video scroll protect, simulate Mod I/3 graphics \\
\& Mod I/3/4 block chars. Free with Cnv3toPC \& Cnv4toPC. \(\qquad\) \(\$ 14.95\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline DISCOUNTS ON & We can save you 30\% or more on most PC software: QuickBasic V3.0, Norton 4.0, \\
\hline PC Packages & Q\&A, dBase III, etc., etc. ....................................................................................... Call for qu \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
*Basic programs containing machine language routines \& ROM calls are very difficult to convert. EMSI will not transfer or translate copyrighted BASIC programs.

\title{
EMSI 21.8 .85 .582 \\ PO Box 471, Chester, New Jersey 07930
}

EMSI direct order terms: VISA, Mastercard, MO check or COD. Add \(\$ 3.00\) shipping/handling, Add \(\$ 1.90\) for COD.
Foreign or first class, add first class postage (package wt. \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\).) NJ residents add \(6 \%\) sales tax.

2123 again tests the Accumulator for the break key. If it has been pressed, line 2126 jumps out of Formatter to the ROM break key processing routine at IDBE hexadecimal (hex).

Using Formatter I found that if I press the break key when I have caps lock on in one of my programs, shift-zero ( 0 ) won't unlock caps.
In the original program. Roger used bit zero in 4019 hex for mixed upper- and lowercase, and bit 5 for uppercase lock (which works because bit 5 is a non-zero value). It turns out that shift-zero only toggles bit zero at 4019 hex. Bit 5 never gets cleared, so you end up locked in uppercase.

I simply switched the definitions of bit
zero and bit 5 (see Figure 6). Change the 32 in line 3450 to 1 to make bit zero caps lock, and change the 1 in line 3630 to 32 to make bit 5 numerals only. Use a weight of 1 for caps lock and a weight of 32 for numerals only when you calculate the flag byte.
Because Formatter resets the caps lock on every scan, shift-zero still appears not to work. But it works after you leave Formatter, either in Basic or other programs.

Michael L. Scofield
Denver, CO

\section*{Nasty Bug}

I found a nasty bug in my DISASM program ("A Disassembler for all DOSes,"
\begin{tabular}{lll}
92123 & CP & I \\
02126 & JP & 2,IDBEH \\
03473 & CP & 1 \\
03476 & RET & 2
\end{tabular}\(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{l}
;BREAK? \\
\end{tabular}

Figure 5. Insertions for Formatter to process the break key.
\begin{tabular}{llll}
03450 & AND & 32 & ;BIT \(5-\) OLD LINE \\
03450 & AND & 1 & ;BIT \(0-\) NEW LINE \\
03630 & AND & 1 & ;BIT \(0-\) OLD LINE \\
03630 & AND & 32 & ;BIT \(5-\) NEW LINE
\end{tabular}

Figure 6. Changes to unlock the caps in Formatter.

August 1987, p. 86). This is only a problem on LDOS 5.3.
To fix it, in line 120 of the Datapoke listing on page 89 , change the 1 E value after 31 to FE , and change the -853 at the end of the line to -1077 . Also, change the 1 E in line 230 (sixth data element) to FE , and change the -725 at the end of the line to -949.
Or you can patch DISASM/CMD with the following patches.
For LDOS 5.3:
PATCH DISASM/CMD (D00, \(1 \mathrm{~F}=\mathrm{FE}\) )
PATCH DISASM/CMD (DOO.C8 \(=\) FE)
For TRSDOS 1.3:
PATCH DISASM/CMD (ADD \(=5669\), FIND \(=\) \(1 \mathrm{E} . \mathrm{CHG}=\mathrm{FE}\) )
PATCH DISASM/CMD (ADD \(=5712\). \(\mathrm{FIND}=\) \(1 \mathrm{E} . \mathrm{CHG}=\mathrm{FE}\) )

For TRSDOS/LS-DOS 6:
PATCH DISASM/CMD (DOO, \(1 \mathrm{~F}=\mathrm{FE}\) :
FOO, \(1 \mathrm{~F}=1 \mathrm{E}\) )
PATCH DISASM/CMD (DOO,C8 \(=\mathrm{FE}\) : FOO,C8 = 1E)

DISASM should now run fine.
David Goben
Mansfield Center, CT

Circle 232 on Reader Service card.


Continued from p. 114
Gosubs and the like that make it difficult to follow and debug. Instead of Basic, how about some Fortran?

Recently you provided some good assembly listings, but when I typed up the listing for a quick reboot (see "Quick Boot," by Dave Rowell, May 1987, p. 46). compiled it, and linked it, there was a computer hangup. I tried the Basic version as a test. No hangup, no action. I have problems with every program I try from your magazine.

\section*{Richard Crimi Chula Vista, CA}

As the author of "Guick Boot," I am dismayed to hear that you didn't get my program running. If you could provide me with more details (such as DOS version, memory-resident programs, and device drivers in Config.SYS), perhaps I could get the program to work for you.

Even better would be a copy of the programs that you typed on floppy disk. I could check your version against mine and return you a version that works on your machine.

By the way, I have been lobbying for coverage of other languages besides Basic.
-Dave Rowell

\section*{We Will Survive}

I was disappointed that in your tenth anniversary special (see "Where Are They Now?" August 1987, p. 52) you ignored pioneers Chuck Tesler, David Welsh, Dennis Brent, and myself, whose dedication and service have enabled our software products to flourish and survive through the years.

I also remind you that the first spelling checker for a microcomputer, Microproof, was published in 1980 by Cornucopia Software. An advertisement for it ran in the premier TRS-80 magazine, 80 Microcomputing, as it was then called. It boasted a 50,000 -word dictionary and 56 K , and it was eventually succeeded by Electric Webster.

Ten years from now, when you publish your next anniversary issue, please remember to include the pioneers who survived.

Philip Manfield
President, Cornucopia Software Inc.
Albany. CA

\section*{Long May You Run}

I work for a Fortune 500 company, and I use my Models III and 4P every day. I am still happy with their reliable service. They are not Edsels, as Mark Zimmerman suggests (see "Of Edsels and Ferraris." July 1987, p. 116). I think they are DC-3s. They might fly forever.

My company still uses over 200

80 Micro's BBS is open 24 hours a day. It offers programs you cau download, special-interest groups, and a classified section. You can reach the board at 603-924-6985; UART settings are 300/1,200 baud, 8 bit words, 1 stop bit, no parity.

TRSDOS computers at this location, and they will run until they can't be repaired anymore. Large data bases are the only things I run on my IBM PC. Perhaps this is why I can't get interested in your MSDOS coverage.

I am most thankful for Hardin Brothers' column and the makers of Hypercross, which lets my PC run on Model 4 software. I often buy products for my Models III and 4 from the advertisements in 80 Micro.

Please continue covering the TRSDOS machines. Many of us still depend on you.

Douglas Kelley
St. Louis, MO

\section*{We Can Be Heroes}

How about making 80 Micro a hero by publishing a program to extend the TRSDOS calendar to the year 2000? I would gladly buy the disk.

Ben DeRoy
Philadelphia, PA
Readers can download Mike Zarowitz's patch that extends TRSDOS 6.2's calendar to 1997 from the 80 Micro BBS (603-924-6985). It is under the file name Datefix.DOC.-Eds.

\section*{The Troubles of a 2000 Owner}

I have been an 80 Micro reader since 1979. Your Side Tracks column is quite good, but I feel you don't delve into the problems of the Tandy Model 2000 owner enough. I joined a new user group called the Orphans (see "Tandy 2000 Orphans," Input, August 1987, p. 116). It has much to say about the troubles experienced by 2000 owners, specifically the lack of support from Tandy.

The 2000, though not perfect, is a fine machine. In many ways it is superior to the "standard" and deserves enough support to allow the current users (who happen to be Tandy customers) to get at least a few more years of work before we are totally abandoned. The least Tandy could do is allow a third party to manage 2000 support.

Barry Mason
Los Angeles, CA

\section*{Mirror Image}

I have some words of caution about two Radio Shack manuals for the Model
III. Presently, the service manual for the III with catalog no. 26-1061/1062/1063 sells for \(\$ 24.95\). A few years ago, I bought The Technical Reference Manual (catalog no. 26-2109) for \$9.95, but it is no longer available.

With the exception of three pages of test and troubleshooting information in the Power Supply section, the entire contents of the original service manual were copied word for word and diagram for diagram for the new version, with only a few omissions. The parts that were copied contain little information about repair, troubleshooting, or testing. There are four pages of maintenance, alignment, and adjustment instructions for the disk drives, however.

I spoke to a Computer Center employee who hadn't seen reference to the fact that one was only a slightly revised version of the other. The employee thought they were two completely different books.

Robert B. Koehler Hopewell Junction, NY

Send your correspondence to Input, 80 Micro, 80 Elm St., Peterborough. NH 03458. We reserve the right to edit letters.


\section*{Good Friend}

Thank you for your special, nostalgic look at the history of Tandy computing. However, I take friendly issue with comments made by Eric Maloney in his Side Tracks column (see "Ode to the Model I," August 1987, p. 8) that the history of the TRS-80 is of no relevance to new MSDOS owners. Not true!

In 1979 I plunked down my life savings for a Model I that had a whopping 16 K RAM. At the time I was in the 10th grade. After upgrading to level II Basic and fighting the pesky cassette player, I sold my old friend to buy a Model III with 64K RAM. A year after adding disk drives, I sold the III to buy a snow-white Model 4 in 1983. I entered college to earn an Engineering Computer Science degree and christened the MS-DOS era in 1985 with a Tandy 1000 that included two drives and a high-resolution color monitor.

That same 1000 now includes a 20megabyte hard drive with 640 K and other goodies, and I used it to write this letter. Tandy influenced not only a thoroughly enjoyable hobby, but a career choice as well; I am now a systems analyst. Thanks, Tandy. What a great friend you've been.

\section*{David Whitney \\ Oklahoma City, OK}
(P.S. You left out Softside magazine from your list of defunct publications.)

Leaving off Softside is quite an embarrassment when you consider that it was published a few miles down the road from us. Sorry.
\(-E d s\).

\section*{Abandoned Ships}

I have been a Tandy supporter for several years, and I feel the same sense of abandonment by Tandy as Michael Joerms expressed in his letter (see "Give the People What They Want," Input, August 1987, p. 115).

I started with a Model 4 and loved it. I wanted more speed, so I updated to the Tandy 1000 and then to the 1000A HD. Although the 1000 is a good machine, moving it is difficult. To this day I can't understand why Tandy didn't make the 1000 in the same cabinet as the Model 4

or 4 P . I would like to find a machine built like the Model 4 that is also MS-DOS. I would sell my 1000 HD in a second.

Robert George
Flower Mound, TX

\section*{Like a Rock}

I have been an 80 Micro reader for the past 18 months. I consider it a versatile publication-one I would not consider giving up.

I switched to Tandy after owning an Osborne I for four years. If Model I-4 owners think they have problems, "they ain't seen nothin'." The only reason I stayed with Osborne was the user group.

What about Tandy? When my memory board went on sale for much less than I paid, Tandy returned \(\$ 104\) to me. Name another company that does that. When I had trouble with my third-party memory chips, Tandy tested my board and gave me a new one within hours. If the local Tandy people don't know an answer to a question, they know the number to call. There is more, but you get the idea.

Consider the alternatives. Epson's local store closed less than a year after it opened. Compaq? IBM? The local branch of a regional chain only talks full price. The branch store closed recently. Kaypro? Zenith? Sometimes a local store with good prices carries themsometimes not. I wanted an Amiga, but the local dealer didn't know about repairs. Software for the Amiga is expensive and scarce. My experience with Osborne and driving more than 100
miles for Xerox service showed me that a service contract doesn't mean much if they can't fix the machine.

Tandy provides me with solid hardware from a stable company at reasonable cost. I suggest to all the TRSDOS users who dislike MS-DOS articles in 80 Micro that these articles can ease the transition to a new machine.

Maybe they can do better than Tandy. I know this-they can do a lot worse!

\section*{Charles E. Hansen Midland, MI}

\section*{Mixed Review}

John McCormick's review of the Trackstar 128 K Apple-emulation board (see "The Apple Polisher," June 1987, p. 109) was generally good. However, I would like to point out some minor problems.

The only Diamond Computer Systems' product that Radio Shack currently offers is the Trackstar 128 K board. The Trackstar 128 K board replaced the original Trackstar board with additional memory and features.

The Trackstar 128 K emulation board (catalog no. 25-1028) is available from any Radio Shack store or dealer in the United States. The product might be stocked in Radio Shack Computer Centers. It is not an Express Order product.

The current retail price of the Trackstar 128 K board is \(\$ 399.95\). A 20 percent discount is available for all schools.

Radio Shack supports the Trackstar and the Trackstar 128 K emulation boards in the original Tandy 1000 and Tandy 1000 SX only. We don't support or recommend its use in the Tandy 1000 EX or 3000.

Fran McGehee Marketing Information Representative

Radio Shack
Fort Worth, TX

\section*{A Vote for Fortran}

I want to commend you for some excellent technical information, but I find the program listings in your magazine to be aggravating at best.

It seems that most of your writers think everyone programs in Basic. I refuse to learn the language because it allows for sloppiness. Basic is full of Continued on p. 113

\section*{Twice the speed, \\ or \\ twice the capacity. (without a new drive!)}


\section*{The Disk Driver}

Are you maximizing disk potential? The Disk Driver from Konan gives you quicker data access, faster running data bases, and expanded memory caching: a \(\mathbf{5 0 \%}\) reduction in current disk access time without a new drive.

Too much data and no place to put it? The Disk Driver increases current disk storage capacity -
by \(\mathbf{5 0 \%}\) to \(\mathbf{2 0 0 \%}\), without a new drive!

The Disk Driver features advanced error correction (up to an entire sector), reduced head movement (for longer disk life), and eliminates DOS file fragmentation. Not bad for the same old disk. Go ahead, unleash your potential!

Available for PC, XT, AT, Tandy 1000 and compatibles


\title{
Circle 9 on Reader Service card. \\ Introducing the Most Powerful Business Software Ever!
}

FOR YOUR IBM • APPLE • MAC • TRS-80 • KAYPRO • COMMODORE • MSDOS OR CP/M COMPUTER*


Each VERSABUSINESS module can be purchased and used independently, or can be linked in any combination to form a complete, coordinated business system.

\section*{VersaReceivables \({ }^{\text {TM }}\)}

VERSARECEIVABLES \({ }^{\text {T }}\) is a complete menu-driven accounts receivable, invoicing, and monthly statement-generating system. It keeps track of all information related to who owes you or your company money, and can provide automatic billing for past due accounts. VERSARECEIVABLES* prints all necessary statements, invoices, and summary reports and can be linked with VERSALEDGER II \({ }^{\text {Tu }}\) and VERSAINVENTORY \({ }^{\text {Tw }}\).

\section*{Versapayables \({ }^{\text {T* }}\)}
\(\$ 99.95\)
VERSAPAYABLES \({ }^{*}\) is designed to keep track of current and aged payables, keeping you in touch with all information regarding how much money your company owes, and to whom. VERSAPAYABLES" maintains a complete record on each vendor, prints checks, check registers, vouchers, transaction reports, aged payables reports, vendor reports, and more. With VERSAPAYABLES", you can even let your computer automatically select which vouchers are to be paid

\section*{VersaPayroll \({ }^{\text {mw }}\)}

\section*{\(\$ 99.95\)}

VERSAPAYROLI" is a powerful and sophisticated, but easy to use payroll system that keeps track of all government-required payroll information. Complete employee records are maintained, and all necessary payroll calculations are performed automatically, with totals displayed on screen for operator approval. A payroll can be run totally, automatically, or the operator can intervene to prevent a check from being printed, or to alter information on it- If desired, totals may be posted to the VERSALEDGER II" \({ }^{\text {w }}\) system.

\section*{VERSAINVENTORY \({ }^{\text {u }}\)}
\(\$ 99.95\)
VERSALNVENTORY* is a complete inventory control system that gives you instant access to data on any item. VERSALNVENTORY" keeps track of all information related to what items are in stock, out of stock, on backorder, etc., stores sales and pricing data, alerts you when an item falls below a preset reorder point, and allows you to enter and print invoices directly or to link with the VERSARECEIVABLES" system. VERSAINVENTORY"* prints all needed inventory listings, reports of items below reorder point, inventory value reports, period and year-to-date sales reports, price lists, inventory checklists, etc.

\section*{:CLMPUTRUNECS:}

\section*{VersaLedger in}
\(\$ 149.95\)
VERSALEDGER IT \({ }^{T w}\) is a complete accounting system that grows as your business grows. VERSALEDGER II \({ }^{\text {M }}\) can be used as a simple personal checkbook register, expanded to a small business bookkeeping system or developed into a large corporate general ledger system without any additional software.
- Versaledger II \({ }^{\text {Tr }}\) gives you almost unlimited storage capacity ( 300 to 10,000 entries ler month, depending on the system),
- stores all check and general ledger information forever,
- prints tractor-feed checks,
- handles multiple checkbooks and general ledgers,
- prints 17 customized accounting reports including check registers, balance sheets, income statements, transaction reports, account listings, etc.
VERSALEDGER IITM comes with a professionally-written 160 page manual designed for first-time users. The VERSALEDGER II \({ }^{\text {Tw }}\) manual will help you become quickly familiar with VERSALEDGER IT*, using complete sample data files supplied on diskette and more than 50 pages of sample printouts.

\section*{FOR TRS-80 MODEL OWNERS ONLY!}

TRS-80 owners only may now take \(50 \%\) off our listed price of any module(s) from our VersaBusiness Series. All sales are final (our normal 30-day money back guarantee does not apply to sale items).

To Order:
Write or call Toll Free
Other inquiries call 914-425-1535
add \(\$ 4.95\) for shipping in UPS areas
add \(\$ 44.95\) for shipping in UPS areas
add \(\$ 5.95\) for C.O.D. or non.UPS areas
add \(\$ 5.95\) for C.O.D. or non-XICO
add \(\$ 6.95\) to CANADA or MEXICO add proper postage elsewhere
DEALER INQUIRIES WELCOME
All prices and specifications subject to change / Delivery subject to availability.

1-800-331-0362 (Inside NY State)
1-800-431-2818 (Outside NY State)~~~~

